

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM S-3
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

DELAWARE
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF
INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

94-3136539
(I.R.S. EMPLOYER
IDENTIFICATION NO.)

3174 PORTER DRIVE
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA 94304
(415) 855-0555
(ADDRESS, INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE, OF
REGISTRANT'S PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

ROY A. WHITFIELD
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
3174 PORTER DRIVE
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA 94304
(415) 855-0555
(NAME, ADDRESS, INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE,
OF AGENT FOR SERVICE)

COPIES TO:

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PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
650 PAGE MILL ROAD
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA 94304

APPROXIMATE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF PROPOSED SALE TO THE PUBLIC:
As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box. []

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. []

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. []

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. []

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. []

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

TITLE OF EACH CLASS OF SECURITIES TO BE REGISTERED	AMOUNT TO BE REGISTERED(1)	PROPOSED MAXIMUM OFFERING PRICE PER SHARE(2)	PROPOSED MAXIMUM AGGREGATE OFFERING PRICE(2)	AMOUNT OF REGISTRATION FEE

Common Stock, \$.001 par value... 1,150,000 shares \$62.25 \$71,587,500 \$21,694

- (1) Includes 150,000 shares that the Underwriters have the option to purchase to cover over-allotments, if any.
- (2) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) based upon the average of the high and low prices of the Company's Common Stock on the Nasdaq National Market on July 8, 1997.

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(A) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8(A), MAY DETERMINE.

INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO COMPLETION OR AMENDMENT. A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE SOLD NOR MAY OFFERS TO BUY BE ACCEPTED PRIOR TO THE TIME THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT BECOMES EFFECTIVE. THIS PROSPECTUS SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY NOR SHALL THERE BE ANY SALE OF THESE SECURITIES IN ANY STATE IN WHICH SUCH OFFER, SOLICITATION OR SALE WOULD BE UNLAWFUL PRIOR TO REGISTRATION OR QUALIFICATION UNDER THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY SUCH STATE.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JULY 15, 1997

PROSPECTUS

1,000,000 SHARES

INCYTE

COMMON STOCK

All of the 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock offered hereby are being sold by the Company. The Company's Common Stock is quoted on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol INCY. On July 11, 1997, the last reported sale price for the Common Stock was \$68.00 per share. See "Price Range of Common Stock."

THE SHARES OFFERED HEREBY INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK.
SEE "RISK FACTORS" COMMENCING ON PAGE 6.

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION, NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

	PRICE TO PUBLIC	UNDERWRITING DISCOUNT(1)	PROCEEDS TO COMPANY(2)
Per Share.....	\$	\$	\$
Total(3).....	\$	\$	\$

- (1) See "Underwriting" for indemnification arrangements with the several Underwriters.
- (2) Before deducting expenses payable by the Company estimated at \$260,000.
- (3) The Company has granted to the Underwriters a 30-day option to purchase up to 150,000 additional shares of Common Stock solely to cover over-allotments, if any. If all such shares are purchased, the total Price to Public, Underwriting Discount and Proceeds to Company will be \$, \$ and \$, respectively. See "Underwriting."

The shares of Common Stock are offered by the several Underwriters subject to prior sale, receipt and acceptance by them and subject to the right of the Underwriters to reject any order in whole or in part and certain other conditions. It is expected that certificates for such shares will be available for delivery on or about , 1997, at the office of the agent of Hambrecht & Quist LLC in New York, New York.

HAMBRECHT & QUIST

ALEX. BROWN & SONS
INCORPORATED

VECTOR SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

, 1997

[GRAPHIC]

Incyte's products include an integrated platform of genomic databases, data management software tools and related reagents and services. Shown above are computer screen displays for selected database modules.

LifeSeq and LifeSeq FL are registered trademarks of the Company. LifeSeq Atlas, LifeSeq GeneAlbum, PathoSeq, ZooSeq, PhytoSeq, LifeTools and LifeTools 3D are trademarks of the Company. Trademarks of other corporations and organizations are also referred to in this Prospectus.

CERTAIN PERSONS PARTICIPATING IN THIS OFFERING MAY ENGAGE IN TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE, MAINTAIN, OR OTHERWISE AFFECT THE PRICE OF THE COMMON STOCK, INCLUDING BY ENTERING STABILIZING BIDS OR EFFECTING SYNDICATE COVERING TRANSACTIONS. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THESE ACTIVITIES, SEE "UNDERWRITING."

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, CERTAIN UNDERWRITERS AND SELLING GROUP MEMBERS (IF ANY) OR THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES MAY ENGAGE IN PASSIVE MARKET MAKING TRANSACTIONS IN THE COMMON STOCK ON THE NASDAQ STOCK MARKET IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 103 OF REGULATION M. SEE "UNDERWRITING."

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and the financial statements and notes thereto incorporated by reference in this Prospectus.

THE COMPANY

Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Incyte" or the "Company") is a leader in the design, development and marketing of genomic database products, genomic data management software tools and related reagents and services. The Company's genomic databases integrate bioinformatics software with proprietary and, when appropriate, publicly available genetic information to create information-based tools used by pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies in drug discovery and development. In building the databases, the Company utilizes high-throughput, computer-aided gene sequencing and analysis technologies to identify and characterize the expressed genes of the human genome, as well as certain animal, plant and microbial genomes. Incyte currently provides access to its genomic databases through collaborations with pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies worldwide. As of June 30, 1997, fifteen pharmaceutical or biotechnology companies and one agricultural company had entered into multi-year database collaboration agreements to obtain access to the Company's databases on a non-exclusive basis. Current database collaborators are:

Abbott Laboratories	Glaxo Wellcome plc	Novo Nordisk A/S
ARIAD Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Hoechst AG	Pfizer Inc
BASF AG	F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd.	Pharmacia & Upjohn, Inc.
Bristol-Myers Squibb Company	Johnson & Johnson	Schering AG
Eli Lilly and Company	Monsanto Company	Zeneca Ltd.
Genentech, Inc.		

Revenues from these collaborators generally include database access fees and, in some cases, additional fees for custom sequencing services, referred to as "satellite" database services. The Company's database agreements also provide for milestone payments and royalties to be received from database collaborators from the sale of products derived from proprietary information contained within one or more database modules. In addition, the Company has entered into an agreement with Novartis AG to furnish a customized enterprise-wide bioinformatics data management system based upon the Company's LifeTools suite of genomic software products.

The Company's genomic databases are designed to meet the need of the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries to utilize genomic information for the acceleration of the discovery and development of new diagnostic and therapeutic products. The construction of these databases has been made possible by technological advances enabling the production of large quantities of genetic information and by the development of sophisticated data management software tools. By searching the genomic databases, collaborators can integrate and analyze genetic information from multiple sources in order to discover genes that may represent the basis for new biological targets, therapeutic proteins, or gene therapy, antisense or diagnostic products.

Since early 1996, the Company has expanded its portfolio of database modules from the LifeSeq gene sequence and expression database to also include the LifeSeq FL database of full-length genes, the LifeSeq Atlas mapping database, the PathoSeq microbial genomic database, the LifeTools suite of bioinformatics software programs, the LifeTools 3D data mining and visualization software, the LifeSeq GeneAlbum archive of DNA clones, and a variety of custom database and sequencing services. The introduction of the ZooSeq animal genomic database in 1997 marked the Company's first initiative to expand beyond databases with applications in drug discovery to those with applications in preclinical and clinical development. Each database module consists of a relational database that runs on UNIX-based client/server networks and incorporates HTML graphical user interfaces enabling collaborators to use multiple search tools and browse various database modules. The databases are available using either Oracle or Sybase database architectures and operate on Sun Microsystems, Digital Equipment Corporation and Silicon Graphics workstations.

To date, the Company has focused predominantly on gene discovery, or the identification of new genes through the sequencing of partial gene fragments. Incyte has recently begun an initiative to obtain the full-length sequence of every human gene, or "gene closure." This multi-year effort could clarify information obtained with gene fragments as well as make available a set of DNA clones representing every gene. The Company believes that this effort will accelerate the ability of its collaborators to translate the information in the databases into products.

The Company was incorporated in Delaware in 1991. Unless the context requires otherwise, the terms "Incyte" and the "Company" mean Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries. The Company's executive offices are located at 3174 Porter Drive, Palo Alto, California 94304 and its telephone number is (415) 855-0555.

When used in this Prospectus, the words "expects," "anticipates," "estimates," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements, which include statements under the captions "Risk Factors," "Use of Proceeds," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and "Business" and elsewhere in this Prospectus as to the timing of availability of products under development, the ability to commercialize products developed under collaborations and alliances, the performance and utility of the Company's products and services, and the adequacy of capital resources, are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those risks discussed below as well as the extent of utilization of genomic information by the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries in both research and development, risks relating to the development of new database products and their use by potential collaborators of the Company, the impact of technological advances and competition, and the risks set forth below under "Risk Factors." The cautionary statements made in this Prospectus should be read as being applicable to all related forward-looking statements wherever they appear in this Prospectus.

THE OFFERING

Common Stock offered.....	1,000,000 shares
Common Stock to be outstanding after the offering.....	11,570,583 shares(1)
Use of proceeds.....	For capital expenditures, including data processing-related computer hardware, purchase of laboratory equipment, scientific instrumentation and expansion of facilities, strategic equity investments in joint ventures or businesses, acquisitions of businesses, technologies or products and working capital and other general corporate purposes. See "Use of Proceeds."
Nasdaq National Market symbol.....	INCY

RECENT FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's revenues, net income and earnings per share for the three months ended June 30, 1997 were \$21.2 million, \$1.9 million and \$0.17, respectively, as compared to revenues of \$8.4 million, net loss of \$1.6 million and a net loss per share of \$0.16, for the three months ended June 30, 1996. For the six months ended June 30, 1997, the Company's revenues, net income and earnings per share were \$39.1 million, \$2.9 million and \$0.26, respectively, as compared to revenues of \$14.7 million, a net loss of \$3.6 million and a net loss per share of \$0.36, for the six months ended June 30, 1996. The increase in revenues and net income resulted primarily from an increase in the number of database collaboration agreements, partially offset by continuing increases in costs and expenses.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION(2)
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,			THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	1994	1995	1996	1996	1997
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DATA:					
Revenues.....	\$ 1,512	\$12,212	\$41,785	\$ 6,274	\$17,859
Total costs and expenses.....	13,497	23,139	50,821	8,990	17,304
Net income (loss).....	\$(11,475)	\$(9,937)	\$(6,761)	\$(2,038)	\$ 981
Net income (loss) per share.....	\$ (1.63)	\$ (1.19)	\$ (0.67)	\$ (0.20)	\$ 0.09
Shares used in computation of net income (loss) per share.....	7,030	8,367	10,156	10,034	11,453

MARCH 31, 1997

ACTUAL	AS ADJUSTED(3)
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BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities.....	\$ 38,547	\$102,547
Working capital.....	16,951	80,951
Total assets.....	79,609	143,609
Accumulated deficit.....	(35,541)	(35,541)
Stockholders' equity.....	46,258	110,258

(1) Based upon the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of June 30, 1997. Does not include (i) 1,583,753 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of stock options outstanding as of June 30, 1997 at a weighted average exercise price of \$25.92 per share, (ii) 614,250 additional shares reserved for issuance and available for grant or sale under the Company's stock option plans as of June 30, 1997, and (iii) 200,000 shares reserved for issuance and available for sale under the Company's employee stock purchase plan as of June 30, 1997. See "Capitalization."

(2) Restated to reflect the combined results and financial position of Incyte and Genome Systems, Inc. See Note 6 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(3) Adjusted to give effect to the receipt of the estimated net proceeds from the sale of the 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock offered by the Company hereby at an assumed public offering price of \$68.00 per share. See "Use of Proceeds" and "Capitalization."

Except as otherwise noted, all information in this Prospectus assumes no exercise of the Underwriters' over-allotment option.

RISK FACTORS

The following risk factors should be considered carefully in addition to the other information contained or incorporated by reference in this Prospectus before purchasing the Common Stock offered hereby.

Limited Operating History; History of Operating Losses; Uncertainty of Continued Profitability or Revenues. The Company has had a limited operating history and is at an early stage of development. For the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, the Company had net losses of \$6.8 million, \$9.9 million and \$11.5 million, respectively, and as of March 31, 1997, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$35.5 million. The Company's increase in throughput of its gene sequencing and database efforts, together with the development of new products and expansion of its marketing, sales and customer service staff, will require a continued increase in expenditures in 1997 and beyond. While the Company has reported profits since the fourth quarter of 1996, there can be no assurance that the Company can maintain profitability. The Company's ability to achieve and maintain significant revenues will be dependent upon its ability to obtain additional database collaborators and retain existing collaborators. The Company's ability to maintain profitability will be dependent upon its ability to obtain such database collaborators, the level of expenditures necessary for the Company to maintain and support its services to its collaborators, and the extent to which it incurs research and development, investment, acquisition-related or other expenses related to the development and provision of its products and services to database collaborators. While the Company currently has sixteen database collaborations, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain any additional agreements for such products and services. Further, the Company's database collaboration agreements typically have a term of three years, which may be terminated earlier by a collaborator if the Company breaches the database collaboration agreement, which may include certain performance obligations, and fails to cure such breach within a specified period. One of the Company's database collaboration agreements expires at the end of 1997 and there can be no assurance that the agreement will be renewed, and, if renewed, under what terms. Further, beginning in August 1997, one database collaborator has the right on 30 days' written notice to terminate its database collaboration agreement. There can be no assurance that any of the Company's database collaboration agreements will be renewed upon expiration or not terminated earlier in accordance with its terms. The loss of revenues from any database collaborator could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

An element of the Company's commercialization strategy is the licensing to database collaborators of the Company's patent rights to individual partial genes or full-length cDNA sequences from the Company's proprietary sequence database for development as potential pharmaceutical, diagnostic or other products. Any potential product that is the subject of such a license would require several years of further development, clinical testing and regulatory approval prior to commercialization. Accordingly, the Company does not expect to receive any milestone or royalty payments from any such licenses for a substantial period of time, if at all. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Fluctuations in Operating Results. The Company's operating results may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter as a result of a variety of factors, including changes in the demand for the Company's products and services, the pricing of database access to database collaborators, the nature, pricing and timing of other products and services provided to the Company's collaborators, changes in the research and development budgets of the Company's collaborators and potential collaborators, capital expenditures, acquisition and licensing costs and other costs related to the expansion of Incyte's operations, and the introduction of competitive databases or services. In particular, the Company has a limited ability to control the timing of database installations, there is a lengthy sales cycle required for the Company's database products, the Company's revenue levels are difficult to forecast, the time required to complete custom orders can vary significantly and the Company's increasing levels of investment in external alliances could result in significant quarterly fluctuations in expenses due to the payment of milestones, license fees or research payments. The Company's investments in joint

ventures and businesses may require the Company to record losses or expenses related to its proportionate ownership interest in such entities, the acquisition of in-process technologies, or the impairment in the value of the securities underlying such investments. In addition, the need for continued investment in development of the Company's databases and related products and services and for extensive ongoing collaborator support capabilities results in significant fixed expenses. If revenue in a particular period does not meet expectations, the Company may not be able to adjust significantly its level of expenditures in such period, which would have an adverse effect on the Company's operating results. The Company believes that quarterly comparisons of its financial results will not necessarily be meaningful and should not be relied upon as an indication of future performance. Due to the foregoing and other unforeseen factors, it is likely that in some future quarter or quarters the Company's operating results may be below the expectations of public market analysts and investors. In such event, the price of the Company's Common Stock would likely be materially and adversely affected. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Competition and Technological Changes. There are a finite number of genes in the human genome, and competitors may seek to identify, sequence and determine in the shortest time possible the biological function of a large number of genes in order to obtain a proprietary position with respect to the largest number of new genes discovered. There are a number of companies, other institutions, and government-financed entities, including Human Genome Sciences, Inc. ("HGS"), the National Institutes of Health ("NIH"), the Department of Energy, Merck & Co., Inc. ("Merck") (in conjunction with Washington University) and The Institute for Genomic Research ("TIGR"), engaged in gene sequencing. Many of these companies, institutions and entities have greater financial and human resources than the Company. In addition, the Company is aware that HGS and at least one other company have developed genomic databases and are marketing their data to pharmaceutical companies. Merck and TIGR have each made the results of their sequencing efforts publicly available. The Company expects that additional competitors may attempt to establish gene sequence, gene expression or other genomic databases in the future.

In addition, competitors may discover and establish patent positions with respect to gene sequences in Company's databases. Such patent positions or the public availability of gene sequences comprising substantial portions of the human genome or on microbial or plant genes could decrease the potential value of the Company's databases to the Company's collaborators and adversely affect the Company's ability to realize royalties or other revenue from commercialization of products based upon such genetic information.

The gene sequencing machines that are utilized in the Company's high-throughput computer-aided gene sequencing operations are commercially available and are currently being utilized by several competitors. Moreover, some of the Company's competitors or potential competitors are in the process of developing, and may successfully develop, proprietary sequencing technologies that may be more advanced than the technology used by the Company. Specifically, the Company is aware that there are a number of companies pursuing alternative methods for generating gene expression information, including those developing microarray technologies. There can be no assurance that such advanced sequencing or gene expression technologies, if developed, will be commercially available for purchase or license by the Company on reasonable terms, or at all.

A number of companies have announced their intent to develop and market software to assist pharmaceutical companies and academic researchers in the management and analysis of their own genomic data, as well as the analysis of sequence data available in the public domain. Some of these entities have access to significantly greater resources than the Company and there can be no assurance that these products would not achieve greater market acceptance than the products offered by the Company.

The Company's databases also require extensive software support and incorporate features determined by database collaborators' needs. To the extent the Company experiences delays or difficulties in implementing its database software or collaborator-requested features, its ability to

service its collaborators may be adversely affected, which might have an adverse effect on the Company's business and operating results.

The genomics industry is characterized by extensive research efforts and rapid technological progress. To remain competitive, the Company will be required to continue to expand its databases and to enhance the functionality of its bioinformatics and database software. New developments are expected to continue and there can be no assurance that discoveries by others will not render the Company's services and potential products noncompetitive. See "Business -- Competition."

New and Uncertain Business. The Company's genomic database business and the use of its databases, software tools and related services to assist its collaborators and potentially improve the efficiency of the traditional drug discovery process represent a business for which there is no precedent. There can be no assurance that the Company's database collaborators or potential collaborators will determine the Company's databases, software tools and related services to be useful and cost-effective. The Company's strategy of using high-throughput sequencing to identify genes rapidly and obtain proprietary rights in as many genes as possible is unproven. In addition, the Company has limited experience in providing software-based relational database products or services. The Company's ability to sustain profitability depends on attracting additional collaborators and retaining existing collaborators for its database and sequencing products and services. The nature and price of the Company's database and sequencing products and services are such that there is a limited number of pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies that are potential collaborators for such products and services. Additional factors that may affect demand for the Company's products and services include the extent to which potential collaborators choose to conduct in-house gene sequencing and bioinformatics analysis, the emergence of competitors offering similar services at competitive prices, the ability of the Company to service satisfactorily its existing collaborators, the extent to which the gene and related information in the Company's database is made public by, or is the subject of, patents issued to others, and the emergence of technological innovations in gene sequencing, gene expression profiling or bioinformatics and relational database software that are more advanced than the technology used by and available to the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to attract additional collaborators on acceptable terms for its products and services or develop a sustainable profitable business.

Risks Associated with Strategic Investments. The Company intends to use a portion of the net proceeds from this offering to fund strategic equity investments in joint ventures or businesses that complement the business of the Company. These investments may require the Company to record losses and expenses related to its proportionate ownership interest in such entities, the acquisition of in-process technologies, or the impairment in the value of the securities underlying such investments. Such losses may exceed amounts anticipated, which could result in the Company's operating results being below the expectations of public market analysts and investors. In addition, the Company could be required to invest greater amounts than initially anticipated or to devote substantial management time to the management of research and development relationships and joint ventures. The occurrence of any of the foregoing could result in a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Risks Associated with Acquisitions. As part of its business strategy, the Company may from time to time acquire assets and businesses principally relating to or complementary to its operations, including for the purpose of acquiring specific technology. The Company acquired Genome Systems, Inc. ("Genome Systems") and Combion, Inc. ("Combion") in July 1996 and August 1996, respectively. Genome Systems, located in St. Louis, Missouri and Combion, located in Pasadena, California, are geographically disparate from the Company's Palo Alto, California headquarters, which may make the integration and management of their operations more difficult. These and any other acquisitions by the Company will be accompanied by the risks commonly encountered in acquisitions of companies. Such risks include, among other things, potential exposure to unknown liabilities of acquired companies or to acquisition costs and expenses exceeding amounts anticipated for such purposes, fluctuations in the

Company's quarterly and annual operating results due to the costs and expenses of acquiring and integrating new businesses or technologies, the difficulty and expense of assimilating the operations and personnel of the acquired businesses, the potential disruption of the Company's ongoing business and diversion of management time and attention, the inability to successfully integrate or to complete the development and application of acquired technology and the potential failure to achieve anticipated financial, operating and strategic benefits from such acquisitions, difficulties in establishing and maintaining uniform standards, controls, procedures and policies, the impairment of relationships with and possible loss of key employees and customers of acquired businesses as a result of changes in management and ownership, the incurrence of amortization expenses if an acquisition is accounted for as a purchase, and dilution to the stockholders of the Company if the consideration for the acquisition consists of equity securities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in overcoming these risks or any other problems encountered in connection with such acquisitions. If the Company is unsuccessful in doing so, its business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

Lengthy Sales Cycle. The ability of the Company to obtain new collaborators for its databases, software tools and related services depends in significant part upon prospective collaborators' perceptions that the Company's databases, software tools, and related services can help accelerate drug discovery efforts. The sales cycle is typically lengthy due to the education effort that is required, as well as the need to effectively sell the benefits of the Company's databases, software tools, and related services to a variety of constituencies within potential collaborator companies, including research and development personnel and top management. In addition, each database collaboration involves the negotiation of agreements containing terms that may be unique to each partner, such as the scope of any licenses granted and whether satellite database services or access to multiple database modules is desired. The Company may expend substantial funds and management effort with no assurance that a database collaboration will result.

Uncertainty of Protection of Patents and Proprietary Rights. The Company's database business and competitive position are dependent in part upon its ability to protect its proprietary database information and software technology. Despite the Company's efforts to protect its proprietary database information and software technology, unauthorized parties may attempt to obtain and use information that the Company regards as proprietary. Although the Company's database collaboration agreements require its collaborators to provide adequate security for the Company's databases and access thereto, policing unauthorized use of the Company's databases and software by the Company or its collaborators is difficult. The Company relies on patent, trade secret, and copyright law, and nondisclosure and other contractual arrangements to protect its proprietary information.

To date, the Company has been issued a number of patents with respect to the gene sequences in the Company's databases and has not been issued patents or registered copyrights for its related software. Patents cannot prevent others from developing, selling or licensing databases which include sequences which might be covered by the Company's patents and copyrights. The Company cannot prevent others from independently developing software which might be covered by any copyrights issued to the Company and trade secret laws do not prevent independent development. Thus, there can be no assurance that others will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information and techniques or otherwise gain access to the Company's proprietary information, that such information will not be disclosed or that the Company can effectively protect its rights to unpatented trade secrets.

The Company pursues a policy of having its employees, consultants and advisors execute proprietary information and invention agreements upon commencement of employment or consulting relationships with the Company, which agreements provide that all confidential information developed or made known to the individual during the course of the relationship shall be kept confidential except in specified circumstances. There can be no assurance, however, that these agreements will provide meaningful protection for the Company's trade secrets or other proprietary information in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure of such information.

The Company's current policy is to file patent applications on what it believes to be novel full-length cDNA sequences and partial sequences obtained through the Company's high-throughput computer-aided gene sequencing efforts. The Company has filed U.S. patent applications in which the Company has claimed certain partial gene sequences and has filed U.S. and European patent applications claiming full-length gene sequences associated with cells and tissues that are the subject of the Company's high-throughput gene sequencing program. To date the Company holds a number of issued U.S. patents on full-length genes, but no patent has issued under any of the Company's patent applications claiming partial gene sequences. The Company is aware that Merck (in conjunction with Washington University) and TIGR have made certain gene sequences publicly available, which may adversely affect the ability of the Company and others to obtain patents on such genes. There can be no assurance that such publication of sequence information will not adversely affect the Company's ability to obtain patent protection for certain sequences that have been made publicly available.

The Company is aware that certain of its patent applications cover genes which are also contained in patent applications filed by others with potentially competing patent claims. Some of these potential conflicts may be decided in interference proceedings before the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO"). Given the large number of applications filed by the Company, a large number of interference proceedings could be expensive and time consuming. In addition, it is impossible to predict how many, if any, of these competing patent claims will be resolved in the Company's favor.

The patentability of partial gene sequences in general is uncertain, involves complex legal and factual questions, and has recently been the subject of much controversy. As a result, there can be no assurance that patent applications filed by the Company on such partial gene sequences will result in patents being issued, or that any issued patents will provide protection against competitors. Even if patents are issued for partial gene sequences, there may be uncertainty as to the scope of the coverage, enforceability or commercial protection provided by any such patents. Certain court decisions suggest that disclosure of a partial sequence may not be sufficient to support the patentability of a full-length sequence and that patent claims to a partial sequence may not cover a full-length sequence inclusive of that partial sequence.

There has been substantial backlog of biotechnology patent applications and, in particular, applications which claim gene sequences at the USPTO. In 1996, the USPTO issued guidelines limiting the number of gene sequences that can be contained within a single patent application. Many of the Company's patent applications containing multiple partial sequences contain more sequences than the maximum number allowed under the new guidelines. The Company is reviewing its options and it is possible that due to the resources needed to comply with the guidelines, the Company may decide to abandon seeking patent protection for some of its partial gene sequences.

In view of the delay in obtaining allowance of patent applications, and the secrecy of patent applications, the Company does not know if other applications that would have priority over the Company's applications have been filed. Furthermore, changes in U.S. patent laws resulting from the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade ("GATT") became effective in June 1995. Most notably, GATT resulted in U.S. law being amended to change the term of patent protection from seventeen years from patent issuance to twenty years from the earliest effective filing date of the application. Because the average time from filing to issuance of biotechnology applications is at least one year and may be more than three years depending on the subject matter, a twenty-year patent term from the date of filing may result in a substantially shortened term of patent protection, which may adversely affect the Company's period of exclusivity under any patents that may issue to the Company. Pending applications claiming large numbers of gene sequences may, in some situations, need to be refiled while claiming priority to the earliest filing date and, in such situations, the patent term will be measured from the date of the earliest priority application, thereby reducing the patent term and having a potentially adverse effect on the Company's period of exclusivity.

Biotechnology patent law outside the United States is even more uncertain and is currently undergoing review and revision in many countries. Further, the laws of certain foreign countries may

not protect the Company's intellectual property rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States. The Company may participate in opposition proceedings to determine the validity of its or its competitors non-U.S. patents, which could result in substantial costs to and diversion of effort by the Company.

As the biotechnology industry expands, more patents are issued and other companies engage in the business of discovering genes through the use of high speed sequencers and in other genomic-related businesses, the risk increases that the Company's potential products may be subject to claims that they infringe the patents of others. Further, the Company is aware of several issued patents in the field of microarray or gridding technology, which can be utilized in the generation of gene expression information. Certain of these patents are the subject of litigation. Therefore, the Company's operations may require it to obtain licenses under any such patents or proprietary rights, and no assurance can be given that such licenses would be made available on terms acceptable to the Company. Litigation may be necessary to defend against or assert claims of infringement, to enforce patents issued to the Company, to protect trade secrets or know-how owned by the Company, or to determine the scope and validity of the proprietary rights of others. The Company is aware that certain of its patent applications cover genes which are also contained in patent applications filed by others with potentially competing patent claims. Interference proceedings may be necessary to establish which party was the first to invent or the first to obtain a particular gene sequence for the purpose of patent protection. Such litigation or proceedings could result in substantial costs to and diversion of effort by the Company and may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, there can be no assurance that these efforts by the Company will be successful.

As is typical in the genomics and software industries the Company has from time to time received notices from third parties alleging infringement claims. The Company believes that it is not infringing the patent rights of any such third party, and in circumstances in which the Company has determined a response to such a claim to be appropriate, the Company has so notified the claimant. To date, no third party has taken any action with respect to an alleged claim against the Company. There can be no assurance that action will not be taken against the Company in the future, either with respect to previously asserted or new claims or that if any action is taken, what the outcome of such action will be. See "Business -- Patents and Proprietary Technology."

Future Capital Needs; Uncertainty of Additional Funding. The Company believes that the net proceeds from this offering, together with its existing cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, should be adequate to satisfy the Company's projected working capital, capital expenditure and other cash requirements at least through 1998. However, the Company can offer no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain additional database collaborators or retain existing collaborators for the Company's databases or that such database products and services will produce revenues, which together with the Company's cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities, will be adequate to fund the Company's cash requirements. The Company's cash requirements depend on numerous factors, including the ability of the Company to attract collaborators to its databases and genomic products and services; the Company's research and development activities, including expenditures in connection with alliances, license agreements and acquisitions of and investments in complementary technologies and businesses; competing technological and market developments; the cost of filing, prosecuting, defending, and enforcing patent claims and other intellectual property rights; the purchase of additional capital equipment, including capital equipment necessary to ensure that the Company's sequencing operation remains competitive; and the costs associated with the integration of new operations assumed through mergers and acquisitions. In particular, the Company expects its cash requirements to increase in the remainder of 1997 and in 1998 as it increases its investment in data processing-related computer hardware in order to support its existing and new database products; continues to seek access to technologies through investments, alliances, license agreements, and/or acquisitions; and addresses its needs for larger facilities and/or improvements in existing facilities. There can be no assurance that changes in the Company's research and development plans or other

changes affecting the Company's operating expenses will not result in changes in the timing and amount of expenditures of the Company's capital resources. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of such securities could result in dilution to the Company's existing stockholders. There can be no assurance that additional funding, if necessary, will be available on favorable terms, if at all. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be required to curtail operations significantly or to obtain funds through entering into collaborative arrangements that may require the Company to relinquish rights to certain of its technologies, product candidates, products or potential markets. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Management of Growth. The Company has recently experienced, and expects to continue to experience significant growth in the number of its employees and the scope of its operations. This growth has placed, and may continue to place, a significant strain on the Company's management and operations. The Company's ability to manage effectively such growth will depend upon its ability to broaden its management team and its ability to attract, hire and retain skilled employees. The Company's success will also depend on the ability of its officers and key employees to continue to implement and improve its operational, management information and financial control systems and to expand, train and manage its employee base. In addition, the Company must continue to take steps to provide customer support resources as the number of overall database collaborators and the number of requests from collaborators increases. Further, the Company's database collaborators typically have worldwide operations and may require support at multiple U.S. and foreign sites. Providing this support will require the Company to manage international customer support services from its Palo Alto, California headquarters or to open non-U.S. offices, either of which could result in additional burdens on the Company's systems and resources. The Company's inability to manage growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Dependence on Key Employees. The Company is highly dependent on the principal members of its scientific and management staff, including Roy A. Whitfield, its Chief Executive Officer, and Randal W. Scott, its President and Chief Scientific Officer, the loss of whose services would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business. The Company has not entered into any employment agreements with any of such persons and does not maintain any key person life insurance policy on the life of any employee. The Company's future success also will depend in part on the continued service of its key scientific, software, bioinformatics and management personnel and its ability to identify, hire and retain additional personnel, including personnel in the customer service and marketing areas. There is intense competition for such qualified personnel in the areas of the Company's activities, especially with respect to experienced bioinformatics and software personnel, and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to continue to attract and retain such personnel necessary for the development of the Company's business. Failure to attract and retain key personnel could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. See "Business -- Human Resources" and "Management."

Dependence on Others. The Company currently uses a single supplier to provide its gene sequencing machines and a single supplier to provide certain reagents required in connection with the gene sequencing process. While other gene sequencing machines are available, the Company does not believe that they are as efficient as the machines currently used by the Company. In addition, while the Company is evaluating certain second generation gene sequencing machines, there can be no assurance that these second generation sequencing machines will ever become commercially available, available at acceptable costs, or prove to be more effective than current machines. Should the Company be unable to obtain additional machines or an adequate supply of reagents or other materials at commercially reasonable rates, its ability to continue to identify genes through gene sequencing would be adversely affected. In addition, although the Company obtains tissue samples from which mRNA may be isolated from a number of sources, the loss of access to some of these sources, increased fees for access to these sources or increased restrictions on use of the information generated could

adversely affect the Company's business. See "Business -- Products," "-- Database Production" and "-- Development Programs."

The Company's strategy for the development of its database and sequencing business and the commercialization of its portfolio of partial and full-length gene sequences may require the Company to enter into various research and development relationships with corporate and academic collaborators and others. The success of these relationships is dependent upon the performance of outside parties of their responsibilities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to establish collaborative arrangements or license agreements that the Company deems necessary or acceptable to develop its database and sequencing business or, in the future, to commercialize its portfolio of partial and full-length gene sequences or that such collaborative arrangements or license agreements will be successful. In addition, there can be no assurance that the collaborators will not be pursuing alternative technologies or developing alternative products either on their own or in collaboration with others, including the Company's competitors.

The Company has relied on scientific, technical, pathology, commercial and other data supplied and disclosed by others, including its academic collaborators and sources of tissue samples, and may rely on such data in the construction of its database. There can be no assurance that such data contains no errors or omissions, the knowledge of which would adversely change the prospects for the Company's business. See "Business -- Database Production."

Hazardous Materials; Environmental Matters. The Company's research and development involves the controlled use of hazardous and radioactive materials and biological waste. The Company is subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of such materials and certain waste products. Although the Company believes that its safety procedures for handling and disposing of such materials comply with the standards prescribed by such laws and regulations, the risk of accidental contamination or injury from these materials cannot be completely eliminated. In the event of such an accident, the Company could be held liable for any damages that result and any such liability could exceed the resources of the Company. Although the Company believes that it is in compliance in all material respects with applicable environmental laws and regulations and currently does not expect to make material additional capital expenditures for environmental control facilities in the near-term, there can be no assurance that the Company will not be required to incur significant costs to comply with environmental laws and regulations in the future, or that the operations, business or assets of the Company will not be materially or adversely affected by current or future environmental laws or regulations. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

Reliance on Pharmaceutical Industry; Uncertainty of Health Care Reform and Related Matters. The Company expects that all of its revenues in the foreseeable future will be derived from products and services provided to the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries. Accordingly, the Company's success in the foreseeable future is directly dependent upon the success of the companies within those industries and their continued demand for the Company's products and services. The Company's operations may in the future be subject to substantial period-to-period fluctuations as a consequence of reductions and delays in research and development expenditures by companies in such industries resulting from factors such as changes in economic conditions, pricing pressures, market-driven pressures on companies to consolidate and reduce costs, and other factors affecting research and development spending. In addition, the levels of revenues and profitability of pharmaceutical companies may be affected by the continuing efforts of governmental and third party payors to contain or reduce the costs of health care through various means. The Company cannot predict the effect health care reforms may have on its business, and no assurance can be given that any such reforms will not have a material effect on the Company. Further, to the extent that such proposals or reforms have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition or profitability of pharmaceutical companies that are prospective collaborators or licensees for the Company's databases or the Company's potentially novel genes that may lead to therapeutic or diagnostic products, the Company's ability to commercialize such products may be adversely affected. There can be no assurance that the

occurrence of any of the foregoing factors will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risk of Business Interruption. The Company conducts all of its sequencing and other activities at its facilities in Palo Alto, California, a seismically active area. Although the Company maintains business interruption insurance, the Company does not currently have, nor does it plan to obtain, earthquake insurance. A major catastrophe (such as an earthquake or other natural disaster) could result in a prolonged interruption of the Company's business.

Possible Volatility of Stock Price. The market price of the shares of Common Stock, like that of the common stock of many other life sciences and technology companies, is likely to be highly volatile, and the market has from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that are unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. The Common Stock may be particularly subject to such fluctuations due to its relatively limited trading volume. The market price of the Common Stock could be subject to significant fluctuations in response to variations in the Company's anticipated or actual operating results, sales of substantial amounts of Common Stock, announcements concerning the Company or its competitors, including technological innovations or new commercial products or services, developments in patent or other proprietary rights of the Company or its competitors, including litigation, conditions in the life sciences, pharmaceuticals or genomics industries, governmental regulation, health care legislation, changes in estimates of the Company's performance by securities analysts, failure to meet securities analysts' expectations, market conditions for life sciences or technology stocks in general, and other events or factors.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds to the Company from the sale of the 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock offered by the Company hereby at an assumed public offering price of \$68.00 per share are estimated to be \$64,000,000 (\$73,639,000 if the Underwriters' over-allotment option is exercised in full).

Of the net proceeds of this offering, the Company currently anticipates that approximately \$35 million of the net proceeds will be used for capital expenditures, including data processing-related computer hardware, laboratory equipment, scientific instrumentation and expansion of the Company's facilities. In addition, the Company expects to utilize a significant portion of the net proceeds to make strategic equity investments in joint ventures or businesses, or for the acquisition of businesses, technologies and products that complement the Company's business. Although the Company is continually in discussions with respect to strategic investments and acquisitions, as of the date of this Prospectus, no commitments have been made and no definitive agreements have been reached. See "Risk Factors -- Risks Associated with Strategic Investments" and "-- Risks Associated with Acquisitions." The balance of the net proceeds will be utilized for working capital and general corporate purposes, including research and development expenses to expand the Company's high-throughput gene sequencing program and software development in connection with the Company's databases. Pending such uses, the Company intends to invest the net proceeds in short-term, investment grade, interest-bearing obligations.

The cost, timing and amount of funds required for such uses by the Company cannot be determined precisely at this time and will be based on competitive developments, the Company's research and development activities, technological advances, payments under database collaboration agreements with the Company and the availability of alternate methods of financing. The Board of Directors has broad discretion in determining how the proceeds of this offering will be applied. Based upon its current plans, the Company believes the proceeds of this offering, together with its existing resources and anticipated cash flow from operations, will be adequate to satisfy its capital needs at least through 1998. See "Risk Factors -- Future Capital Needs; Uncertainty of Additional Funding" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Liquidity and Capital Resources."

PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

The Common Stock was traded on the American Stock Exchange from the Company's initial public offering on November 4, 1993 until January 15, 1996. Since January 16, 1996, the Common Stock has been traded on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol INCY. The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the high and low sales prices for the Common Stock on the applicable market.

1995	HIGH -----	LOW -----
1st Quarter.....	\$19.50	\$12.88
2nd Quarter.....	17.25	14.25
3rd Quarter.....	24.38	16.00
4th Quarter.....	25.13	16.50
 1996		
1st Quarter.....	39.38	24.63
2nd Quarter.....	39.88	23.13
3rd Quarter.....	49.75	32.50
4th Quarter.....	52.88	35.50
 1997		
1st Quarter.....	74.50	48.13
2nd Quarter.....	71.75	41.50
3rd Quarter (through July 11, 1997).....	70.50	61.25

On July 11, 1997, the last reported sale price for the Common Stock on the Nasdaq National Market was \$68.00. As of June 30, 1997, there were approximately 170 holders of record of the Common Stock.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has never declared or paid dividends on its capital stock and does not anticipate paying any dividends in the foreseeable future. The Company currently intends to retain its earnings, if any, for the development of its business.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth the capitalization of the Company at March 31, 1997 (i) on an actual basis and (ii) as adjusted to give effect to the sale of 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock offered hereby at an assumed public offering price of \$68.00 per share and the receipt of the estimated net proceeds therefrom. This table should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and the Notes thereto included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

	MARCH 31, 1997	
	ACTUAL	AS ADJUSTED
	(IN THOUSANDS)	
Noncurrent portion of capital lease obligations and notes payable.....	\$ 28	\$ 28
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding.....	--	--
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized(1); 10,474,715 shares issued and outstanding, actual; 11,474,715 shares issued and outstanding, as adjusted(2).....	10	11
Additional paid-in capital.....	81,923	145,922
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities.....	(134)	(134)
Accumulated deficit.....	(35,541)	(35,541)
Total stockholders' equity.....	46,258	110,258
Total capitalization.....	\$ 46,286	\$ 110,286

(1) On July 2, 1997, the Company filed an amendment to its Certificate of Incorporation to increase the number of shares of Common Stock authorized to 75,000,000.

(2) Excludes (i) 1,583,753 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of stock options outstanding as of June 30, 1997 at a weighted average exercise price of \$25.92 per share, which were granted pursuant to the Company's stock option plans, (ii) 614,250 additional shares reserved for issuance and available for grant or sale under the Company's stock option plans as of June 30, 1997, and (iii) 200,000 shares reserved for issuance and available for sale under the Company's employee stock purchase plan as of June 30, 1997.

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The statement of operations data for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996, and the balance sheet data at December 31, 1995 and 1996 are derived from the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, which are included elsewhere in this Prospectus and are qualified by reference to such Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes related thereto. The statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 1992 and 1993 and the balance sheet data at December 31, 1992, 1993 and 1994 have been derived from audited financial statements of the Company audited by Ernst & Young LLP that are not included or incorporated by reference herein. The statement of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 1996 and 1997 and balance sheet data at March 31, 1997 are derived from unaudited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Prospectus. The unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which the Company considers necessary for a fair statement of the information set forth therein. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 1997 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any future period. The data set forth below should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,					THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1996	1997
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)						
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DATA:(1)							
Revenues.....	\$ 1,701	\$ 672	\$ 1,512	\$ 12,212	\$41,785	\$ 6,274	\$17,859
Costs and expenses:							
Research and development.....	3,194	4,764	11,169	19,212	40,864	7,745	14,730
Selling, general and administrative....	666	737	2,328	3,927	6,792	1,245	2,574
Charge for purchase of in-process research and development.....	--	--	--	--	3,165	--	--
Total costs and expenses.....	3,860	5,501	13,497	23,139	50,821	8,990	17,304
Income (loss) from operations.....	(2,159)	(4,829)	(11,985)	(10,927)	(9,036)	(2,716)	555
Interest and other income, net.....	33	60	510	990	2,275	678	478
Income (loss) before income taxes.....	(2,126)	(4,769)	(11,475)	(9,937)	(6,761)	(2,038)	1,033
Provision for income taxes.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	(52)
Net income (loss).....	\$(2,126)	\$(4,769)	\$(11,475)	\$(9,937)	\$(6,761)	\$(2,038)	\$ 981
Net income (loss) per share.....	\$ (0.98)	\$ (2.01)	\$ (1.63)	\$ (1.19)	\$ (0.67)	\$ (0.20)	\$ 0.09
Shares used in computation of net income (loss) per share.....	2,178	2,369	7,030	8,367	10,156	10,034	11,453

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,					MARCH 31,
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
	(IN THOUSANDS)					
BALANCE SHEET DATA:(1)						
Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities.....	\$ 5,480	\$15,540	\$ 25,257	\$ 41,181	\$ 38,250	\$ 38,547
Working capital.....	4,903	14,865	20,866	38,983	22,047	16,951
Total assets.....	6,832	17,807	29,350	58,782	66,876	79,609
Capital lease obligations, less current portion.....	372	517	148	147	37	28
Accumulated deficit.....	(3,580)	(8,349)	(19,824)	(29,761)	(36,522)	(35,541)
Stockholders' equity.....	5,861	16,451	24,344	47,503	45,247	46,258

(1) Restated to reflect the combined results and financial position of Incyte and Genome Systems. See Note 6 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with "Selected Consolidated Financial Data" and the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included elsewhere in this Prospectus. When used in this discussion, the word "expects" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements, which include statements as to expected expenditure levels and the adequacy of capital resources, are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those risks discussed below as well as the ability of the Company to obtain and retain database collaborators, competition from other entities, and the cost of accessing technologies developed by other companies, and the risks set forth under "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Prospectus.

OVERVIEW

The Company designs, develops and markets genomic database products, genomic data management software and related reagents and services. The Company's database products and services integrate bioinformatics software with proprietary and, when appropriate, publicly available genetic information to create information-based tools marketed to the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries on a non-exclusive basis for use in drug discovery and development. In building its genomic databases, the Company utilizes high-throughput, computer-aided gene sequencing and analysis technologies to identify and characterize the expressed genes of the human genome as well as certain animal, plant and microbial genomes.

Revenues recognized by the Company are predominantly related to database collaboration agreements and consist primarily of non-exclusive database access fees. Revenues also include the sales of genomic screening products and services and fees for custom or "satellite" database services. The Company's database collaboration agreements also provide for future milestone payments and royalties from the sale of products derived from proprietary information obtained through the databases. There can be no assurance that any database collaborators will ever generate products from information contained within the databases and thus that the Company will ever receive milestone payments or royalties. In addition, there can be no assurance that any of the Company's database agreements will be renewed upon expiration, typically after a term of three years, or will not be terminated earlier if the Company breaches the database agreement. See "Risk Factors -- Limited Operating History; History of Operating Losses; Uncertainty of Continued Profitability or Revenues."

The Company's operating results may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter as a result of a variety of factors, including changes in the demand for the Company's products and services, the pricing of database access to database collaborators, the nature, pricing and timing of other products and services provided to the Company's collaborators, changes in the research and development budgets of the Company's collaborators and potential collaborators, capital expenditures, acquisition and licensing costs and other costs related to the expansion of Incyte's operations, and the introduction of competitive databases or services. See "Risk Factors -- Fluctuations in Operating Results."

In July 1996, the Company issued Common Stock in exchange for all of the outstanding shares of Genome Systems, a genomics service company located in St. Louis, Missouri. The transaction has been accounted for as a pooling of interests, and the consolidated financial statements discussed herein and all historical financial information have been restated to reflect the combined operations of both companies. In August 1996, the Company acquired for stock Combion, a microarray technology company located in Pasadena, California. The acquisition of Combion has been accounted for as a purchase, and the consolidated financial statements discussed herein include the results of Combion from the date of acquisition, August 15, 1996, forward. See Note 6 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

RECENT FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's revenues, net income and earnings per share for the three months ended June 30, 1997 were \$21.2 million, \$1.9 million and \$0.17, respectively, as compared to revenues of \$8.4 million, a net loss of \$1.6 million and a net loss per share of \$0.16 for the three months ended June 30, 1996. For the six months ended June 30, 1997, the Company's revenues, net income and earnings per share were \$39.1 million, \$2.9 million and \$0.26, respectively, as compared to revenues of \$14.7 million, a net loss of \$3.6 million and a net loss per share of \$0.36 for the six months ended June 30, 1996. The increase in revenues and net income resulted primarily from an increase in the number of database collaboration agreements, partially offset by continuing increases in costs and expenses.

COMPARISON OF THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1997 AND 1996

Revenues. Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 1997 increased to \$17.9 million, compared to \$6.3 million for the corresponding period in 1996. Revenues resulted primarily from database access fees and, to a much lesser extent, from genomic screening products and services and custom satellite database services. The increase in revenues from the corresponding quarter of 1996 was primarily due to an increase in the number of database collaboration agreements. The Company recognizes revenue from these agreements ratably over the terms of the agreements commencing upon installation. Revenue is deferred for fees received before earned. Revenues for reagents and genomic screening products are recognized when shipped and revenues for genomic screening services are recognized upon completion.

Costs and Expenses. Total costs and expenses for the three months ended March 31, 1997 increased to \$17.3 million, compared to \$9.0 million for the corresponding period in 1996. Research and development expenses accounted for 84% of the increase and selling, general and administrative expenses represented 16% of the increase from period to period. Total costs and expenses are expected to increase in the foreseeable future due to continued investment in new product development and data production, obligations under existing and future research and development alliances, and increased investment in marketing, sales and customer services. The magnitude of the Company's operating expenses will largely be a function of the Company's ability to secure new collaborators for its database products and services. However, if the Company does not obtain additional collaborators in a timely manner or if the Company's database collaborators do not renew their collaboration agreement at the end of their applicable terms, the Company may not be able to adjust significantly its level of expenditures in any period, which would have an adverse effect on the Company's operating results.

Research and development expenses increased to \$14.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 1997, compared to \$7.7 million for the corresponding period in 1996. The increase from 1996 to 1997 was primarily attributable to the increase in the production of gene sequence and mapping information, increased bioinformatics and database development efforts, costs related to intellectual property protection and expenses related to continuing operations at Combion and expanding operations at Genome Systems. The Company expects research and development spending to increase over the next few years as the Company continues to broaden its gene sequence production operations, pursue the development of new database products and services, invest in new technologies and invest in the continued protection of its intellectual property.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 1997, compared to \$1.2 million for the corresponding period in 1996. The increase is due primarily to growth in marketing, sales and customer services and additional administrative personnel required to support growth of the Company. The Company expects that selling, general and administrative expenses will increase throughout 1997 due to continued growth in marketing, sales and customer support, as well as expanding operations.

Interest and Other Income, Net. Interest and other income, net decreased to \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 1997 compared to \$0.7 million for the same period in 1996. The decrease is due primarily to reduced interest income from lower average cash and investment balances.

Provision for Income Taxes. The estimated effective annual income tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 1997 is 5%, which represents the provision for federal and state alternative minimum taxes after utilization of net operating loss carryforwards. No provisions have been recorded prior to this quarter as the Company has historically incurred annual net operating losses. See Note 5 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

COMPARISON OF YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1996, 1995 AND 1994

Since inception, the Company has incurred annual operating losses and, as of December 31, 1996, had an accumulated deficit of \$36.5 million. The Company incurred a net loss for the year ended December 31, 1996 of \$6.8 million, compared to a loss of \$9.9 million and \$11.5 million for 1995 and 1994, respectively. On a per share basis, the losses for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 were \$0.67, \$1.19 and \$1.63, respectively. The sequential decrease in net loss per share is due in part to the decrease in net loss and in part due to the increase in the number of shares used to calculate net loss per share from year to year. In November 1995, the Company completed a follow-on public offering of 1.8 million shares and in 1996 the Company issued a total of 277,244 shares in connection with its business combinations with Genome Systems and Combion.

Revenues. Total revenues were \$41.8 million in 1996, compared to \$12.2 million in 1995 and \$1.5 million in 1994. The increases in revenues were primarily due to an increase in the number of database collaboration agreements. In accordance with its revenue recognition policy, the Company recognized revenue from ten of twelve database agreements in 1996, compared to five of six in 1995.

Costs and Expenses. Total costs and expenses increased to \$50.8 million in 1996, compared to \$23.1 million in 1995 and \$13.5 million in 1994. Total costs and expenses for 1996 include a one-time charge of \$3.2 million for the purchase of in-process research and development related to the acquisition of Combion.

Research and development expenses increased to \$40.9 million in 1996, compared to \$19.2 million in 1995 and \$11.2 million in 1994. Increases in expenses from 1995 to 1996 were primarily due to increases in sequencing production levels, new product development, and increased investment in new technologies through alliances. Increases in expenses from 1994 to 1995 were predominantly associated with expanded sequencing production, software and database development, sequencing technology assessment, and intellectual property protection.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$6.8 million in 1996, compared to \$3.9 million in 1995 and \$2.3 million in 1994. The increase from 1995 to 1996 was due primarily to growth in marketing, sales, and customer services as well as growth in general management and corporate services. The increase from 1994 to 1995 was due primarily to the recruitment of new database collaborators, particularly with respect to increased marketing and business development expenses, and the continued expansion of the Company's sequencing production and data analysis capabilities.

Interest and Other Income, Net. Interest and other income, net, increased to \$2.3 million in 1996 from \$1.0 million in 1995 and \$0.5 million in 1994. The increase from 1995 to 1996 was primarily due to larger average investment balances resulting from the full-year impact of the Company's follow-on public stock offering completed in late 1995 and increased payments from database collaborators. The increase from 1994 to 1995 was primarily due to larger cash balances held by the Company as a result of the full-year impact of equity investments by Pfizer Inc and Pharmacia & Upjohn, Inc. in July and December 1994.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of March 31, 1997, the Company had \$38.5 million in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, compared to \$38.3 million as of December 31, 1996 and \$41.2 million as of December 31, 1995. During the three month period ended March 31, 1997 and the year ended December 31, 1996, cash provided by operations was largely offset or exceeded by investments in capital equipment, consisting primarily of data processing-related computer hardware and laboratory equipment, as well as expenditures for research and development relationships and facilities improvements. The Company has classified all of its marketable securities as short-term, as the Company may not hold its marketable securities until maturity in order to take advantage of favorable market conditions. Available cash is invested in accordance with the Company's investment policy's primary objectives of liquidity, safety of principal and diversity of investments.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$7.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 1997, resulting primarily from deferred revenue and depreciation and amortization, partially offset by accounts receivable due to the timing of signing of collaboration agreements. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$16.6 million in 1996, compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$8.8 million in 1995 and \$6.1 million in 1994. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities in 1996 compared to 1995 resulted from increases in deferred revenue and accounts payable and decreases in the net loss and accounts receivable. The increase in cash used in operating activities in 1995 compared to 1994 was due to an increase in accounts receivable, offset in part by an increase in deferred revenues. Net cash generated by operating activities may fluctuate significantly from period to period due to the timing of large prepayments by database collaborators.

The Company's investing activities, other than purchases, sales and maturities of short-term investments, totaled \$7.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 1997, \$20.8 million in 1996, \$8.0 million in 1995 and \$3.0 million in 1994. Investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 1997 and the year ended December 31, 1996 consisted of capital expenditures and strategic equity investments. Investing activities in 1995 and 1994 consisted of capital expenditures. Capital expenditures in the three months ended March 31, 1997 and in 1996 consisted primarily of investments in data processing-related computer hardware and laboratory equipment, as well as leasehold improvements related to the expansion of the Company's facilities. Capital expenditures in 1995 were primarily due to leasehold improvements in the Company's new facilities and the purchases of new gene sequencing equipment and workstations required in conjunction with the Company's expanded production and software capabilities. The Company expects to continue to make capital expenditures and strategic equity investments, if deemed appropriate in connection with collaborations to develop or acquire access to technologies. See "Risk Factors -- Risks Associated with Strategic Investments."

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$58,000 for the three months ended March 31, 1997, \$1.5 million in 1996, \$32.8 million in 1995 and \$18.8 million in 1994. During the three months ended March 31, 1997 and during 1996, net cash provided by financing activities was due to issuances of Common Stock upon exercise of stock options and warrants. Net cash provided by financing activities in 1995 was primarily due to the net proceeds of the November 1995 public offering. Net cash provided by financing activities in 1994 reflected primarily the \$19.4 million in net proceeds from the sales of Common Stock, the majority of which was received from Pfizer Inc and Pharmacia & Upjohn, Inc., partially offset by principal payments on capital lease obligations.

The Company expects its cash requirements to increase in the remainder of 1997 and in 1998 as it increases its investment in data-processing-related computer hardware in order to support its existing and new database products, continues to seek access to technologies through investments, research and development relationships, license agreements and/or acquisitions, and addresses its needs for larger facilities and/or improvements in existing facilities. The Company expects to continue to fund future operations with revenues from genomic database products and services in addition to using the net proceeds from this offering, its current cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. The Company expects these resources will satisfy the Company's projected working capital, capital

expenditure and other cash requirements at least through 1998. However, the Company can offer no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain additional collaborators or retain existing collaborators for the Company's databases or that such database products and services will produce revenues, which together with the Company's cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, will be adequate to fund the Company's cash requirements. The Company's cash requirements depend on numerous factors, including the ability of the Company to attract and retain collaborators for its databases and genomic products and services; the Company's research and development activities, including expenditures in connection with alliances, license agreements and acquisitions of and investments in complementary technologies and businesses; competing technological and market developments; the cost of filing, prosecuting, defending, and enforcing patent claims and other intellectual property rights; the purchase of additional capital equipment, including capital equipment necessary to ensure that the Company's sequencing operation remains competitive; and the costs associated with the integration of new operations assumed through mergers and acquisitions. There can be no assurance that additional funding, if necessary, will be available on favorable terms, if at all. See "Risk Factors -- Future Capital Needs; Uncertainty of Additional Funding."

OVERVIEW

Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Incyte" or the "Company") is a leader in the design, development and marketing of genomic database products, genomic data management software tools and related reagents and services. The Company's genomic databases integrate bioinformatics software with proprietary and, when appropriate, publicly available genetic information to create information-based tools used by pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies in drug discovery and development. In building the databases, the Company utilizes high-throughput, computer-aided gene sequencing and analysis technologies to identify and characterize the expressed genes of the human genome, as well as certain animal, plant and microbial genomes. Incyte currently provides access to its genomic databases through collaborations with pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies worldwide. As of June 30, 1997, fifteen pharmaceutical or biotechnology companies and one agricultural company had entered into multi-year database collaboration agreements to obtain access to the Company's databases on a non-exclusive basis. Revenues from these collaborators generally include database access fees and, in some cases, additional fees for custom sequencing services, referred to as "satellite" database services. The Company's database agreements also provide for milestone payments and royalties to be received from database collaborators from the sale of products derived from proprietary information contained within one or more database modules. In addition, the Company has entered into an agreement with Novartis AG ("Novartis") to furnish a customized enterprise-wide bioinformatics data management system based upon the Company's LifeTools suite of genomic software products.

The Company's genomic databases are designed to meet the need of the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries to utilize genomic information for the acceleration of the discovery and development of new diagnostic and therapeutic products. The construction of these databases has been made possible by technological advances enabling the production of large quantities of genetic information and by the development of sophisticated data management software tools. By searching the genomic databases, collaborators can integrate and analyze genetic information from multiple sources in order to discover genes that may represent the basis for new biological targets, therapeutic proteins, or gene therapy, antisense or diagnostic products.

Since early 1996, the Company has expanded its portfolio of database modules from the LifeSeq gene sequence and expression database to also include the LifeSeq FL database of full-length genes, the LifeSeq Atlas mapping database, the PathoSeq microbial genomic database, the LifeTools suite of bioinformatics software programs, the LifeTools 3D data mining and visualization software, the LifeSeq GeneAlbum archive of DNA clones, and a variety of custom database and sequencing services. The introduction of the ZooSeq animal genomic database in 1997 marked the Company's first initiative to expand beyond databases with applications in drug discovery to those with applications in preclinical and clinical development. Each database module consists of a relational database that runs on UNIX-based client/server networks and incorporates HyperText Markup Language ("HTML") graphical user interfaces enabling collaborators to use multiple search tools and browse various database modules. The databases are available using either Oracle or Sybase database architectures and operate on Sun Microsystems, Digital Equipment Corporation and Silicon Graphics workstations.

To date, the Company has focused predominantly on gene discovery, or the identification of new genes through the sequencing of partial gene fragments. Incyte has recently begun an initiative to obtain the full-length sequence of every human gene, or "gene closure." This multi-year effort could clarify information obtained with gene fragments as well as make available a set of DNA clones representing every gene. The Company believes that this effort will accelerate the ability of its collaborators to translate the information in the databases into products.

BUSINESS STRATEGY

Incyte's strategy is to position its databases as an essential technology platform to assist research and development efforts within the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries. By providing non-

exclusive access to the Company's databases, Incyte seeks to gain industry-wide adoption of its databases for the discovery and development of a broad range of potential therapeutic and diagnostic products. Incyte's ability to offer the same dataset to multiple end-users provides significant operating leverage while allowing the Company to broadly distribute its tools. As a result, Incyte has been able to expand rapidly the data content of its human genomic databases, as well as to begin to build additional genomic databases focused on medically relevant microbes, preclinical animal models and plants. Incyte believes that its products and services can assist pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies in accelerating the drug discovery and development process, resulting in time and cost savings. This strategy is being implemented through the following initiatives:

- Generate Revenues through Database Collaboration Agreements. The Company provides database collaborators with non-exclusive access to one or more of the Company's databases, as well as additional services such as DNA cloning and customized satellite databases. The fees and periods of access are negotiated with each collaborator with the initial term typically being for a period of three years.
- Generate Royalty Income. The Company's database collaboration agreements provide for milestone payments and royalties from the development and sale of products derived from proprietary information obtained from LifeSeq and other databases. This strategy allows the Company to avoid the financial risk associated with drug development, while retaining future revenue-earning capability from the portfolio of products developed by its database collaborators with information from Incyte's databases. The Company believes that as its collaborator base expands, the likelihood of collaborators discovering drugs based in part on usage of the LifeSeq database and related products may increase.
- Expand Database Product Line. Incyte intends to continue to expand the information content of its existing databases, as well as to create new databases. New databases are generated primarily in response to the needs of the Company's database collaborators, with whom the Company conducts quarterly research meetings to exchange ideas on how best to obtain and use genomic information. In particular, the Company plans to expand its product line to include information from a diversity of organisms. Frequently it is easier to assess gene function in lower organisms, such as yeast, microbes or animals, than it is in humans. Given the significant sequence similarities, or homologies, between genes of plants, animals and humans, the functions of human genes may then be inferred. Incyte believes that such initiatives in comparative genomics will be critical to maximizing the utility of genomic information.
- Provide New Products to Address Preclinical and Clinical Phases of Drug Development. The Company is expanding its product portfolio to address the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries' needs, not only with respect to drug discovery, but also with respect to preclinical and clinical development. Incyte believes that future products, developed by leveraging the Company's current technologies, will assist its collaborators in assessing the pharmacology and toxicology of potential new drugs, identifying the genetic factors that determine drug efficacy and toxicity, and stratifying drug responders and non-responders based upon their genetic profiles.
- Develop Enterprise-Wide Information Management Product. The Company is developing an enterprise-wide genomic information management system capable of updating, reprocessing and integrating genetic data from multiple sources and from different organisms. Such a system will be designed to integrate Incyte proprietary, collaborator-specific and public domain data, as well as to compare information from humans, animals, microbes, fungi and plants. The system will incorporate the architecture necessary to integrate Incyte's software tools with three-dimensional visualization tools, data mining programs, project management capabilities, multicasting technology and any additional technologies developed to more efficiently manage and analyze genomic data. These tools and technologies are being developed independently by Incyte as well as cooperatively with third parties.

BACKGROUND

Genes are found in all living cells and are comprised of DNA, which in turn is comprised of nucleotide base pairs, or bases. Genes provide the necessary information to code for the synthesis of proteins which conduct all functions within the cell. Many human diseases are associated with inadequate or inappropriate presence, production or performance of proteins. As such, pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies often seek to develop drugs that will bind to a targeted protein involved in disease in order to regulate, inhibit or stimulate its biological activity. Other proteins, known as therapeutic proteins, have direct biological activity capable of treating disease. Insulin and human growth hormone are examples of therapeutic proteins. Understanding the role genes play in disease, and the protein targets or therapeutic proteins which they encode, has thus become a significant area of interest and research within the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries.

One frequently employed method for determining gene function involves the grouping of genes into "related" families based on similarities in sequence. DNA sequencing is a process that identifies the order in which the bases in DNA are arranged in a particular section of DNA, or DNA fragment. Once a gene's sequence is known, its function may be inferred by comparing its sequence with the sequences of other human genes of known function, as genes with similar, or homologous, sequences may have related functions. For example, if an unknown gene shares sequence homology with a known tumor suppressor gene, the unknown gene could similarly play a role in cancer. Comparing gene sequences across species has also become a useful tool for understanding gene function, as frequently it is easier to assess gene function in lower organisms than it is in humans.

Another method used to determine gene function focuses on the analysis of gene activity within a cell. When a gene is active, its DNA is copied into messenger RNA or "mRNA." The population of mRNA within a cell can be isolated and converted into copy DNA or "cDNA," thereby creating a cDNA library that represents the population of mRNAs present in a cell type at a particular time. In a process called "gene expression profiling," high-throughput cDNA sequencing and computer analysis can be used to identify which genes are active or inactive and, if active, at what levels. Expression profiles provide a more detailed picture of cellular genetics than conventional laboratory techniques by indicating which genes, both known and novel, are specifically correlated to discrete biological events in normal and disease-state cells.

Due to improvements in sequencing technology, genomic information from both public and private sources is increasing at a dramatic rate. As a result, bioinformatics, or the use of computers and sophisticated algorithms to store, analyze and interpret large volumes of biological data, is essential in order to capture value from this growing pool of data. To date, the main focus of bioinformatic and genomic tools has been drug discovery. The Company believes these tools, as well as tools under development, will also assist researchers with the preclinical and clinical development process. For example, with the help of new technology and bioinformatic analyses, scientists may be able to correlate genetic and physiologic response in preclinical animal models, examine gene expression profiles in drug-treated animals to assess the pharmacological activity and toxicity of new drugs, and stratify clinical trial patients according to their genetic profiles.

PRODUCTS

Incyte's products include an integrated platform of genomic databases, data management software tools, and related reagents and services.

[CHART]

Genomic Databases. The Company provides its database collaborators with non-exclusive database access. Database collaborators receive periodic data updates, typically monthly, as well as software upgrades and additional search and analysis tools when they become available. The fees and the period of access are negotiated with each database collaborator, with the initial term typically lasting for a period of three years. Fees generally consist of database access fees, non-exclusive or exclusive license fees and option fees corresponding to patent rights on proprietary sequences. Incyte may also receive milestone and royalty payments from database collaborators from the sale of products derived from the Company's technology and database information. Additional fees may be received for custom sequencing and database services and the supply of DNA clones. Where appropriate, collaborators can browse not only Incyte-generated data, but also public domain information provided through HTML links to the World Wide Web. Incyte currently offers the following database modules:

- LifeSeq Database. The LifeSeq gene sequence and expression database consists of a proprietary sequence database module linked to a proprietary gene expression database module. Researchers can easily move from one module to another through HTML-based graphical interfaces. The sequence database contains Incyte's computer-edited gene sequence files and is used by collaborators to identify related or homologous genes. For example, a collaborator may wish to identify new genes homologous to a gene identified through the collaborator's own research and believed to be linked to a disease. Additionally, a collaborator may wish to discover a potentially related family of genes homologous to an interesting gene uncovered while searching another Incyte database module. The expression database contains biological information about each sequence in the Company's sequence database, including tissue source, homologies, and annotations regarding characteristics of the gene sequence. Most importantly, the expression database contains a gene expression profile for every tissue in the database combined with proprietary bioinformatics software to allow collaborators to browse data and compare differences in gene expression across cells, tissues, and different disease states. Thus, the expression database can be used to assist researchers in correlating the presence of specific genes to discrete biological events in normal and disease-state cells. Incyte continually adds additional sequences and expression data from normal and diseased tissues to the LifeSeq database.

- LifeSeq FL Database. This database contains the full-length gene sequences for DNA fragments of medically interesting genes found in the LifeSeq gene sequence and expression database. Incyte scientists and the Company's collaborators select genes for inclusion in this database based on a number of factors, including their sequence homologies to known therapeutically important gene families, unusual tissue or disease-related expression patterns and chromosomal location. A variety of methods, including a proprietary, high-throughput cloning technology, is used to obtain the full-length sequence once a DNA fragment for a medically interesting gene is identified.
- LifeSeq Atlas Database. This database contains the chromosomal locations for certain of the genes and gene fragments identified in the Company's LifeSeq gene sequence and expression database that the Company believes may be of utility to its database collaborators. In particular, this database may be useful for companies engaged in positional cloning, a technique used to identify genes believed to be responsible for genetic disorders, which relies heavily on comparative analysis of the chromosomes of members of families afflicted by a disease.
- PathoSeq Database. With drug-resistant strains of bacteria and other microorganisms posing an increasing threat to world health, pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies are searching for genes unique to these pathogens that will aid in the development of new drugs for combating infectious disease. The PathoSeq database currently contains proprietary and public domain genomic data for over one dozen medically relevant bacterial and fungal microorganisms. PathoSeq's software and bioinformatic tools edit all sequence data to remove artifacts and contamination, assemble all sequences, display the relative position of the DNA coding regions, and identify genes either common among multiple microorganisms or unique to one microbial genome. The Company believes PathoSeq can help researchers understand the biology of microorganisms, study the mechanisms of drug resistance, identify genes that may make effective drug targets, and, ultimately, develop new therapeutics to treat and prevent infectious disease.
- ZooSeq Database. The ZooSeq database, introduced in June 1997, was developed to aid pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies in designing and evaluating preclinical drug studies in animals, a crucial step in the drug development process. ZooSeq will focus on genomic information from animals commonly used in preclinical drug pharmacology and toxicology studies. The database currently contains gene sequence and expression data for the Sprague-Dawley rat, the most common animal used in drug toxicology studies. The Company plans to expand this database in 1998 to include mice and other research animals. ZooSeq is designed to allow scientists to compare gene sequence, expression patterns and function across species. By correlating a drug's effects on a rat with the animal's genetic makeup, and then cross-referencing this data with Incyte's LifeSeq database, a researcher may better predict the drug's efficacy, and side effects before moving to human clinical trials.

Other databases in development by the Company include the PhytoSeq database, a database of plant sequences designed for agricultural and agrochemical companies interested in identifying genes responsible for desirable crop and disease resistance characteristics, and the LifeChip™ databases, a series of disease or application-specific database modules being constructed in conjunction with Affymetrix, Inc.

Satellite Database Services. To construct satellite databases, Incyte generates sequence data and gene expression profiles using genetic material from tissues or cells selected by the database collaborators. Such databases are provided exclusively for a negotiated time period in a format compatible with the Company's non-exclusive database modules. These tissues and cells can be provided by the database collaborators from their own tissue banks or internal research programs or from other sources.

Software. LifeTools, a suite of specialized bioinformatic software programs, consists of high-throughput sequence analysis and data management tools for handling complex genomic information from multiple sources. LifeTools Blocks reads and edits raw sequence data, including data imported from public databases, and annotates and clusters sequence fragments based on sequence similarity. LifeTools SeqServer is a fast, scalable database search engine with intranet-based graphical tools for interactive queries and analyses. LifeTools Relational, a relational database management system, stores and distributes sequence cluster, homology, tissue expression information and biological data. LifeTools 3D provides sophisticated three-dimensional visualization and analysis tools. Incyte's database management architecture is based on open system standards, providing interconnectivity between disparate systems and applications, and enterprise-wide access to data and functions.

Incyte intends to continue to aggressively develop new bioinformatic software programs internally, as well as with third party software developers and development groups. Some of the bioinformatic software tools under development include project management tools and multicasting or "push" software. The Company is working with TIBCO Software, Inc. ("TIBCO") to develop push software that will allow individual scientists to receive customized database information broadcast to their desktops over the Internet and private networks.

The Company also is developing an enterprise-wide genomic information management system capable of updating, reprocessing and integrating genetic data from multiple sources and from different organisms. Such a system will be designed to integrate Incyte proprietary, collaborator-specific and public domain data, as well as to compare information from humans, animals, microbes, fungi and plants. The system will incorporate the architecture necessary to integrate Incyte's software tools with three-dimensional visualization tools, data mining programs, project management capabilities, multicasting technology and any additional technologies developed to more efficiently manage and analyze genomic data. These tools and technologies are being developed independently by Incyte as well as cooperatively with third parties.

DNA Clone and Other Services. Incyte offers a variety of DNA clone and other services designed to assist its collaborators in using information from its databases in internal lab-based experiments. The DNA fragments from which the information in Incyte's databases is derived represent valuable resources for researchers, enabling them to perform bench-style experiments to supplement the information obtained from searching Incyte's databases. Incyte retains a copy of all isolated clones corresponding to the sequences in the database. The Company's collaborators may request from the Company clones corresponding to a sequence of interest on a one-by-one basis or through LifeSeq GeneAlbum, a subscription-based service that provides database collaborators with large numbers of DNA clones. Genome Systems produces a broad line of genomic research products, such as DNA clones and insert libraries, and offers technical support services, including high-throughput DNA screening, custom robotic services, contract DNA preparation, and fluorescent in-situ hybridization, to assist researchers in the identification and isolation of novel genes.

THE LIFESEQ DATABASE DATA FLOW

[DIAGRAM]

The Company engages in the high-throughput automated sequencing of genes derived from tissue samples followed by the computer-aided analysis of each gene sequence to identify homologies to genes of known function in order to predict the biological function of newly identified sequences. The derivation of information in the Company's databases involves the following steps:

Tissue Access. Incyte obtains tissue samples representing most major organs in the human body from various academic and commercial sources. Where possible, in addition to the tissue sample, the Company obtains information as to the medical history and pathology of the tissue. The genetic material is isolated from the tissue and prepared for analysis. The results of this analysis as well as the corresponding pathology and medical history information are incorporated into the database.

High-Throughput cDNA Sequencing. The Company utilizes specialized teams in an integrated approach to its high-throughput sequencing and analysis effort. Gene sequencing is performed using multiple work shifts to increase daily throughput. The Company is currently sequencing approximately 60,000 DNA sequences per week. One team develops and prepares cDNA libraries from biological sources of interest. A second team prepares the cDNAs using robotic workstations to perform key steps that result in purified cDNAs for sequencing (called cDNA templates). A third team operates automated DNA sequencers that typically sequence from 200 to 800 base pairs from each cDNA template. These base pairs represent a portion of the entire cDNA sequence. The Company believes that partial gene sequences are often sufficient to identify the expressed gene and allow for more rapid gene discovery.

Bioinformatics. Sequence information generated from Incyte's high-throughput sequencing operations is uploaded to a network of servers. Incyte's proprietary bioinformatic software then assembles and edits the sequence information. The sequence of each cDNA is compared via automated, computerized algorithms to the sequences of known genes in the Company's databases and public domain databases to identify whether the cDNA codes for a known protein or is homologous to a known gene. Each sequence is annotated as to its cell or tissue source, its relative abundance and whether it is homologous to a known gene with known function or previously unidentified. The bioinformatics staff monitors this computerized analysis and may perform additional analyses on sequence information. The finished data are then added to Incyte's proprietary sequence databases.

CUSTOMERS

The Company has entered into database collaboration agreements with sixteen companies as of June 30, 1997. Each collaborator has agreed to pay, during an average term of three years, annual fees to receive non-exclusive access to the Company's databases. For the three months ended March 31, 1997, the Company recognized revenue from 14 of these companies, two of which each contributed 10% or more of total revenues. In 1996, the Company recognized revenue from ten of these companies, three of which each contributed in excess of 10% of total revenues. Current database collaborators are:

Abbott Laboratories	F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd.
ARIAD Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Johnson & Johnson
BASF AG	Monsanto Company
Bristol-Myers Squibb Company	Novo Nordisk A/S
Eli Lilly and Company	Pfizer Inc
Genentech, Inc.	Pharmacia & Upjohn, Inc.
Glaxo Wellcome plc	Schering AG
Hoechst AG	Zeneca Ltd.

In addition, the Company has an agreement with Novartis pursuant to which the Company is developing an enterprise-wide bioinformatics software and data management system that will be based on the Company's LifeTools product line and include custom features designed specifically for Novartis.

Certain of the Company's database collaboration agreements contain minimum annual update requirements which if not met could result in Incyte's breach of the respective agreement. One of the Company's database agreements expires at the end of 1997 and there can be no assurance that the agreement will be renewed, and if renewed, under what terms. Further, beginning in August 1997 one database collaborator has the right on 30 days' written notice to terminate its database collaboration agreement. There can be no assurance that any of the Company's database collaboration agreements will be renewed upon expiration or will not be terminated earlier in accordance with its terms. The loss of revenues from any database collaborator could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. See "Risk Factors -- Limited Operating History; History of Operating Losses; Uncertainty of Continued Profitability or Revenues," "-- New and Uncertain Business," and "-- Competition and Technological Changes."

DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

Since its inception, the Company has made substantial investments in research and technology development. During the three months ended March 31, 1997 and the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, the Company spent approximately \$14.7 million, \$40.9 million, \$19.2 million, and \$11.2 million, respectively, on research and development activities. This investment in research and development includes an active program to enter into relationships with other technology-driven companies and, when appropriate, acquire licenses to technologies for evaluation or use in the production and analysis process. The Company has entered into a number of research and develop-

ment relationships with companies and research institutions. The Company's commitments under any one of these agreements do not represent a significant expenditure in relation to the Company's total research and development expense.

The Company is currently evaluating new technologies relating to tissue processing, DNA amplification, microarray production, and advanced automated sequencing and expression profiling to expand the productivity, efficiency and quality of its database products. Technologies in which the Company has made investments to increase and enhance the content of such products include mass spectrometry for high-throughput expression profiling and microarray technology to monitor the activity of many specific genes simultaneously in multiple tissue samples.

To enhance the functionality of the Company's products, Incyte is developing an enterprise-wide database management architecture, together with improvements to its bioinformatics capabilities and additional data analysis tools. The Company's development efforts with respect to this architecture are focused on creating a genomic information management system in a format compatible with Incyte's existing proprietary database software that will enable collaborators to integrate their proprietary data with Incyte's and public domain information. The system will incorporate the architecture necessary to integrate Incyte's software tools with three-dimensional visualization tools, data mining programs, project management capabilities, multicasting technology and any additional technologies developed to more efficiently manage and analyze genomic data.

The following table represents certain of the Company's recent research and development relationships:

COMPANY	DESCRIPTION
Affymetrix	Development of gene expression databases and services using Affymetrix's GeneChip™ DNA probe array technology
Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique	Development of new bioinformatics algorithms
GeneTrace	Development of mass spectrometry DNA analysis applications
Molecular Dynamics	Evaluation of capillary gel electrophoresis technology in high-throughput DNA sequencing
NetGenics	Application of Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) and project management tools
OncorMed	Development of tissue databank and performance of functional studies of selected genes
Molecular Simulations	Integration of LifeSeq with Molecular Simulations' WebLab™ Gene Explorer
Silicon Graphics	Application of Silicon Graphics' MineSet™ 3D visualization software
TIBCO	Application of TIBCO's patented "push" software and multicasting technology

PATENTS AND PROPRIETARY TECHNOLOGY

The Company's database business and competitive position is dependent upon its ability to protect its proprietary database information and software technology. The Company relies on patent, trade secret and copyright law, and nondisclosure and other contractual arrangements to protect its proprietary information.

The Company's ability to license proprietary genes may be dependent upon its ability to obtain patents, protect trade secrets and operate without infringing upon the proprietary rights of others.

Other pharmaceutical, biotechnology and biopharmaceutical companies, as well as academic and other institutions have filed applications for, may have been issued patents or may obtain additional patents and proprietary rights relating to products or processes competitive with those of the Company. Patent applications filed by competitors, may claim some of the same gene sequences or partial gene sequences as those claimed in patent applications filed by the Company. The Company is aware that Merck (in conjunction with Washington University) and TIGR have made certain gene sequences publicly available, which may adversely affect the ability of the Company and others to obtain patents on such genes. There can be no assurance that such publication of sequence information will not adversely affect the Company's ability to obtain patent protection for sequences that have been made publicly available.

The Company's current policy is to file patent applications on what it believes to be novel full-length cDNA sequences and partial sequences obtained through the Company's high-throughput computer-aided gene sequencing efforts. The Company has filed U.S. patent applications in which the Company has claimed certain partial gene sequences and has filed U.S. and European patent applications claiming full-length gene sequences associated with cells and tissues that are the subject of the Company's high-throughput gene sequencing program. To date, the Company has been issued a number of patents with respect to full-length gene sequences, and the Company has not been issued registered copyrights for its database-related software.

The patentability of partial gene sequences in general is highly uncertain, involves complex legal and factual questions and has recently been the subject of much controversy. No clear policy has emerged with respect to the breadth of claims allowable for partial gene fragments. There is significant uncertainty as to what claims, if any, will be allowed on partial gene sequences derived through high-throughput gene sequencing. Certain court decisions suggest that disclosure of a partial sequence may not be sufficient to support the patentability of a full-length sequence and that patent claims to a partial sequence may not cover a full-length sequence inclusive of that partial sequence. In 1996, the USPTO issued guidelines limiting the number of gene sequences that can be contained within a single patent application. Many of the Company's patent applications containing multiple partial sequences contain more sequences than the maximum number allowed under the new guidelines. The Company is reviewing its options, and it is possible that due to the resources needed to comply with the guidelines, the Company may decide to abandon seeking patent protection for some of its partial gene sequences. To date, no patent has issued under any of the Company's patent applications claiming partial gene sequences.

As the biotechnology industry expands, more patents are issued and other companies engage in the business of discovering genes through the use of high speed sequencers and other genomic-related businesses, the risk increases that the Company's potential products may be subject to claims that they infringe the patents of others. Further, the Company is aware of several issued patents in the field of microarray or gridding technology, which can be utilized in the generation of gene expression information. Certain of these patents are the subject of litigation. Therefore, the Company's operations may require it to obtain licenses under any such patents or proprietary rights, and no assurance can be given that such licenses would be made available on terms acceptable to the Company. Litigation may be necessary to defend against or assert claims of infringement, to enforce patents issued to the Company, to protect trade secrets or know-how owned by the Company, or to determine the scope and validity of the proprietary rights of others. The Company is aware that certain of its patent applications cover genes which are also contained in patent applications filed by others with potentially competing patent claims. Interference proceedings may be necessary to establish which party was the first to invent or the first to obtain a particular sequence for the purpose of patent protection. Such litigation or interference proceedings could result in substantial costs to and diversion of effort by the Company and may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, operating results and financial condition. In addition, there can be no assurance that such proceedings or litigation would be resolved in the Company's favor.

As a result, there can be no assurance that patent applications relating to the Company's products or processes will result in patents being issued, or that any issued patents will provide protection against competitors. Even if patents are issued on the basis of gene sequences, there may be uncertainty as to the scope of the coverage, enforceability or commercial protection provided by any such patents. See "Risk Factors -- Uncertainty of Protection of Patents and Proprietary Rights."

COMPETITION

There are a finite number of genes in the human genome, and competitors may seek to identify, sequence and determine in the shortest time possible the biological function of a large number of genes in order to obtain a proprietary position with respect to the largest number of new genes discovered. There are a number of companies, other institutions, and government-financed entities, including HGS, the NIH, the Department of Energy, Merck (in conjunction with Washington University) and TIGR, engaged in gene sequencing. Many of these companies, institutions and entities have greater financial and human resources than the Company. In addition, the Company is aware that HGS and at least one other company have developed genomics databases and are marketing their data to pharmaceutical companies. Merck and TIGR have each made the results of their sequencing efforts publicly available. The Company expects that additional competitors may attempt to establish gene sequence, gene expression or other genomic databases in the future.

In addition, competitors may discover and establish patent positions with respect to gene sequences in the Company's databases. Such patent positions or the public availability of gene sequences comprising substantial portions of the human genome or on microbial or plant genes could decrease the potential value of the Company's databases to the Company's collaborators and adversely affect the Company's ability to realize royalties or other revenue from commercialization of products based upon such genetic information. See "Risk Factors -- Uncertainty of Protection of Patents and Proprietary Rights."

The gene sequencing machines that are utilized in the Company's high-throughput computer-aided gene sequencing operations are commercially available and are currently being utilized by several competitors. Moreover, some of the Company's competitors or potential competitors are in the process of developing, and may successfully develop, proprietary sequencing technologies that may be more advanced than the technology used by the Company. Specifically, the Company is aware that there are a number of companies pursuing alternative methods for deriving gene expression information, including those developing microarray technologies. There can be no assurance that such advanced sequencing or gene expression technologies, if developed, will be commercially available for purchase or license by the Company on reasonable terms, or at all.

A number of companies have announced their intent to develop and market software to assist pharmaceutical companies and academic researchers in the management and analysis of their own genomic data, as well as the analysis of sequence data available in the public domain. Some of these entities have access to significantly greater resources than the Company and there can be no assurance that these products would not achieve greater market acceptance than the products offered by the Company.

The Company believes that the features and ease of use of its database software, its experience in high-throughput gene sequencing, the cumulative size of its database, the quality of the data, including the annotations in its database, and its experience with bioinformatics and database software are important aspects of the Company's competitive position.

The genomics industry is characterized by extensive research efforts and rapid technological progress. New developments are expected to continue and there can be no assurance that discoveries by others will not render the Company's services and potential products noncompetitive. In addition, significant levels of research in biotechnology and medicine occur in universities and other non-profit research institutions. These entities have become increasingly active in seeking patent protection and

licensing revenues for their research results. These entities also compete with the Company in recruiting talented scientists. See "Risk Factors -- Competition and Technological Changes."

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

Regulation by governmental authorities in the United States and other countries will be a significant factor in the production and marketing of any pharmaceutical products that may be developed by a licensee of the Company or by the Company. At the present time the Company does not intend to develop any pharmaceutical products itself. The Company will receive royalties from its database collaborators on any pharmaceutical products developed by such collaborators derived from information obtained from Incyte's genomic databases. Thus, the receipt and timing of regulatory approvals for the marketing of such products may have a significant effect in the future on the Company's revenues. Pharmaceutical products developed by licensees will require regulatory approval by governmental agencies prior to commercialization. In particular, human pharmaceutical therapeutic products are subject to rigorous preclinical and clinical testing and other approval procedures by the United States Food and Drug Administration in the United States and similar health authorities in foreign countries. Various federal and, in some cases, state statutes and regulations also govern or influence the manufacturing, safety, labeling, storage, recordkeeping and marketing of such pharmaceutical products, including the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of hazardous materials and certain waste products. The process of obtaining these approvals and the subsequent compliance with appropriate federal and foreign statutes and regulations require the expenditure of substantial resources over a significant period of time, and there can be no assurance that any approvals will be granted on a timely basis, if at all. Any such delay in obtaining or failure to obtain such approvals could adversely affect the Company's ability to earn milestone payments, royalties or other license-based fees. Additional governmental regulations that might arise from future legislation or administrative action cannot be predicted, and such regulations could delay or otherwise affect adversely regulatory approval of potential pharmaceutical products. See "Risk Factors -- Reliance on Pharmaceutical Industry; Uncertainty of Health Care Reform and Related Matters."

HUMAN RESOURCES

As of June 30, 1997, the Company had 515 full-time equivalent employees, including 146 in sequencing production, 138 in bioinformatics, 71 in research and technology development, 76 in marketing, sales and administrative positions and 84 in the Company's Genome Systems subsidiary. None of the Company's employees is covered by collective bargaining agreements, and management considers relations with its employees to be good. The Company's future success will depend in part on the continued service of its key scientific, software, bioinformatics and management personnel and its ability to identify, hire and retain additional personnel, including personnel in the customer service and marketing area. There is intense competition for qualified personnel in the areas of the Company's activities, especially with respect to experienced bioinformatics and software personnel, and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to continue to attract and retain such personnel necessary for the development of the Company's business. Failure to attract and retain key personnel could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results. See "Risk Factors -- Management of Growth" and "-- Dependence on Key Employees."

PROPERTIES

Incyte's headquarters are in Palo Alto, California, where its main research laboratories, sequencing facility, bioinformatics and administrative facilities are located. Incyte also operates facilities in St. Louis, Missouri, through its merger with Genome Systems and in Pasadena, California through its acquisition of Combion. As of June 30, 1997, Incyte had multiple sublease and lease agreements covering approximately 187,000 square feet that expire on various dates ranging from April 1998 to August 2006. In July 1997, the Company entered into a multi-year lease with respect to a 95,000 square foot building to be constructed adjacent to the Company's Palo Alto headquarters. The

Company is currently pursuing options to obtain temporary space suitable to meet current growth requirements until the Company can occupy the new Palo Alto building. There can be no assurance that suitable additional space will be available to the Company, when needed, on commercially reasonable terms. The Company's inability to obtain sufficient additional space, when needed, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The directors and executive officers of the Company and their ages as of July 15, 1997 are as follows:

NAME	AGE	POSITION
Roy A. Whitfield.....	43	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Randal W. Scott, Ph.D.	39	President and Chief Scientific Officer, Secretary and Director
Denise M. Gilbert, Ph.D.	39	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Jeffrey J. Collinson(1)(2).....	55	Chairman of the Board of Directors
Barry M. Bloom, Ph.D.(1)(2).....	68	Director
Frederick B. Craves, Ph.D.(1)(2).....	51	Director
Jon S. Saxe(1)(2).....	61	Director

(1) Member of Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

(2) Member of Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

Roy A. Whitfield has been Chief Executive Officer of the Company since June 1993 and a director since June 1991. Mr. Whitfield served as President of the Company from June 1991 until January 1997 and as Treasurer of the Company from April 1991 until October 1995. Previously, Mr. Whitfield served as the President of Ideon Corporation, which was a majority owned subsidiary of Invitron Corporation ("Invitron"), a biotechnology company, from October 1989 until April 1991. From 1984 to 1989, Mr. Whitfield held senior operating and business development positions with Technicon Instruments Corporation ("Technicon"), a medical instrumentation company, and its predecessor company, CooperBiomedical, Inc., a biotechnology and medical diagnostics company. Prior to his work at Technicon, Mr. Whitfield spent seven years with the Boston Consulting Group's international consulting practice. Mr. Whitfield received a B.S. with First Class Honors in mathematics from Oxford University, and an M.B.A. with Distinction from Stanford University.

Randal W. Scott, Ph.D., has been President of the Company since January 1997. He has served as Chief Scientific Officer of the Company since March 1995, a director since June 1991 and Secretary of the Company since April 1991. Dr. Scott served as Executive Vice President of the Company from March 1995 until January 1997 and as Vice President, Research and Development of the Company from April 1991 through February 1995. Dr. Scott was one of Invitron's founding scientists and was employed by Invitron from March 1985 to June 1991. In 1987, Dr. Scott started the Protein Biochemistry Department at Invitron's California Research Division and became Senior Director of Research in November 1988. Dr. Scott was responsible for developing Invitron's proprietary products and discovery programs and is an inventor of several of the Company's patents. Prior to joining Invitron, he was a Senior Scientist at Unigene Laboratories, a biotechnology company. Dr. Scott received his Ph.D. in Biochemistry from the University of Kansas.

Denise M. Gilbert, Ph.D., has been Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company since October 1995. From July 1993 to October 1995 Dr. Gilbert was Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Affymax N.V., a biopharmaceutical company. Prior to joining Affymax, Dr. Gilbert spent seven years as a Wall Street biotechnology analyst, serving as a Managing Director of Smith Barney from July 1991 to July 1993, Vice President at NatWest Securities from July 1990 to July 1991, and senior analyst at Montgomery Securities from July 1986 to July 1990. Dr. Gilbert received her B.A. in Biological Sciences from Cornell University and Ph.D. in Cell and Developmental Biology from Harvard University.

Jeffrey J. Collinson has been a director of the Company since inception and has served as Chairman of the Board of Directors since April 1991. Mr. Collinson has served as President of Collinson Howe Venture Partners Inc. (formerly named Schroder Venture Advisers, Inc.), a venture capital management firm, since 1990 and was President of Schroder Venture Managers, Inc., a venture capital firm, from 1983 to 1990. Mr. Collinson is also a director of Intensiva Healthcare Corporation, Neurogen Corporation and Spare, Kaplan, Bischel & Associates.

Barry M. Bloom, Ph.D., has been a director of the Company since October 1994. Dr. Bloom retired in 1993 from Pfizer Inc, where he was most recently Executive Vice President, Research and Development, and a member of the Board of Directors. Dr. Bloom began his career with Pfizer in 1952 as a research chemist. He was named president of Pfizer Central Research, and elected a corporate vice president in 1971, a member of the Board of Directors in 1973, and a member of the Corporate Management Committee in 1984. He was named senior vice president in 1990 and executive vice president in 1991. Dr. Bloom serves on the Boards of Directors of Cubist Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Neurogen Corporation, Southern New England Telecommunications Corporation, and Vertex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and is a scientific adviser to Philadelphia Ventures, Axiom Venture Partners and Virus Research Institute.

Frederick B. Craves, Ph.D., has been a director of the Company since July 1993. Since January 1, 1997, Dr. Craves has been Managing Director and Chairman of The Craves Group, a private merchant bank focused on life science. He also is a general partner of Burrill & Craves, a private merchant bank specializing in life science, which he co-founded in 1994. Dr. Craves has been an independent management consultant since May 1993 and in July 1993, he was appointed Chairman of the Board of NeoRx Corporation and of Epoch Pharmaceuticals, Inc., each of which is a biotechnology company. From January 1991 to May 1993, he was President and Chief Executive Officer of Berlex Biosciences, a biotechnology company that is a wholly owned subsidiary of Schering AG. Dr. Craves was Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of Codon, a biotechnology company, from 1982 until its acquisition by Schering AG in 1990.

Jon S. Saxe has been a director of the Company since July 1993. Since January 1995, he has been the President of Protein Design Labs, Inc., a biotechnology company. From April 1993 through December 1994, he was President of Saxe Associates, a consultancy. Mr. Saxe served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Synergen, Inc., a biotechnology company, from October 1989 to April 1993. Mr. Saxe served as Vice President, Licensing and Corporate Development, for Hoffmann-La Roche Inc., a pharmaceutical company, from August 1984 to September 1989, and as Head, Patent Law from September 1978 to September 1989. Mr. Saxe is also a director of Ribogene, Inc., ID Biomedical, Inc. and Protein Design Labs, Inc.

PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of the Common Stock at June 30, 1997, and as adjusted to reflect the sale by the Company of the shares offered hereby (assuming no exercise of the Underwriters' over-allotment option), by: (i) each person who is known by the Company to own beneficially more than 5% of the Common Stock, (ii) each of the Company's directors, (iii) each of the Company's executive officers, and (iv) all directors and executive officers of the Company as a group. Ownership information is based upon information furnished by the respective individuals or entities, as the case may be.

	SHARES BENEFICIALLY OWNED(1)	PERCENTAGE BENEFICIALLY OWNED(1)	
		BEFORE OFFERING	AFTER OFFERING
INVESCO PLC(2)..... 11 Devonshire Square London EC2M 4YR England	807,300	7.6%	7.0%
Pharmacia & Upjohn, Inc. The Pharmacia & Upjohn Centre 67 Alma Road Windsor, Berkshire SL4 3HD, United Kingdom	791,333	7.5	6.8
Pfizer Inc..... 235 East 42nd Street New York, NY 10017	710,000	6.7	6.1
Jeffrey J. Collinson(3).....	262,326	2.5	2.3
Roy A. Whitfield(4).....	356,280	3.3	3.1
Randal W. Scott(5).....	205,700	1.9	1.8
Denise M. Gilbert(6).....	117,500	1.1	1.0
Frederick B. Craves(7).....	48,800	*	*
Jon S. Saxe(8).....	41,000	*	*
Barry M. Bloom(9).....	21,750	*	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (7 persons)(10)...	1,053,356	9.6	8.8

- - - - -

* Less than 1%.

(1) To the Company's knowledge, the persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of Common Stock shown as beneficially owned by them, subject to community property laws where applicable and the information contained in the notes to this table.

(2) According to a Schedule 13G dated February 14, 1997 filed by INVESCO PLC, INVESCO PLC has shared voting power and shared dispositive power with INVESCO North American Group, Ltd., INVESCO, Inc., INVESCO North American Holdings, Inc. and INVESCO Funds Group, Inc. with respect to all shares listed in the table.

(3) Includes 100,000 shares held by Schroders Incorporated, 107,123 shares held by Schroder Ventures Limited Partnership, 27,877 shares held by Schroder Ventures U.S. Trust and 100 shares held by Collinson Howe Venture Partners, Inc. Mr. Collinson, a director of the Company, shares voting and investment power with respect to such shares. Mr. Collinson disclaims beneficial ownership of shares held by Schroders Incorporated, Schroder Ventures Limited Partnership and Schroder Ventures U.S. Trust, except to the extent of his proportionate interest therein. Mr. Collinson is the majority shareholder of Collinson Howe Venture Partners, Inc. and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of the shares held by that entity. Also includes 11,316 shares held by Indian Chase, Inc., over which Mr. Collinson has voting and investment power, and 902 shares held by

Mr. Collinson's minor child. Mr. Collinson disclaims beneficial ownership of shares held by Indian Chase, Inc. except to the extent of his proportionate interest therein and disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares held by his child.

- (4) Includes 86,200 shares subject to options exercisable within 60 days of June 30, 1997.
- (5) Includes 82,284 shares subject to options exercisable within 60 days of June 30, 1997.
- (6) Includes 117,500 shares subject to options exercisable within 60 days of June 30, 1997.
- (7) Includes 2,000 shares held by Burrill & Craves, a general partnership. Dr. Craves is a general partner of such partnership and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of the shares held by the partnership. Also includes 2,100 shares held by a trust for which Dr. Craves is a trustee, 3,700 shares held by Dr. Craves' spouse, and 41,000 shares subject to options exercisable within 60 days of June 30, 1997.
- (8) Includes 41,000 shares subject to options exercisable within 60 days of June 30, 1997.
- (9) Includes 21,750 shares subject to options exercisable within 60 days of June 30, 1997.
- (10) Includes shares included pursuant to notes (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) above.

UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Underwriting Agreement, the Underwriters named below have severally agreed to purchase from the Company the following number of shares of Common Stock:

NAME	NUMBER OF SHARES
Hambrecht & Quist LLC.....	
Alex. Brown & Sons Incorporated.....	
Vector Securities International, Inc.....	

Total.....	1,000,000 =====

The Underwriting Agreement provides that the obligations of the Underwriters are subject to certain conditions precedent, including the absence of any material adverse change in the Company's business and the receipt of certain certificates, opinions and letters from the Company and its counsel and independent auditors. The nature of the Underwriters' obligation is such that they are committed to purchase all shares of Common Stock offered hereby if any of such shares are purchased.

The Underwriters propose to offer shares of Common Stock directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus and to certain dealers at such price less a concession not in excess of \$ per share. The Underwriters may allow and such dealers may reallow a concession not in excess of \$ per share to certain other dealers. After the public offering of the shares, the offering price and other selling terms may be changed by the Underwriters.

The Company has granted the Underwriters an option, exercisable no later than 30 days after the date of this Prospectus, to purchase up to 150,000 additional shares of Common Stock at the public offering price, less the underwriting discount, set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus. To the extent that the Underwriters exercise this option, each of the Underwriters will have a firm commitment to purchase approximately the same percentage thereof which the number of shares of Common Stock to be purchased by it shown in the above table bears to the total number of shares of Common Stock offered hereby. The Company will be obligated, pursuant to the option, to sell such shares to the Underwriters to the extent the option is exercised. The Underwriters may exercise such option only to cover overallocments made in connection with the sale of shares of Common Stock offered hereby.

The offering of the shares is made for delivery when, as and if accepted by the Underwriters and subject to prior sale and to withdrawal, cancellation or modification of the offering without notice. The Underwriters reserve the right to reject an order for the purchase of shares in whole or in part.

The Company has agreed to indemnify the Underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and to contribute to payments the Underwriters may be required to make in respect thereof.

Certain stockholders of the Company, including the executive officers and directors who will own in the aggregate approximately 1,900,000 shares of Common Stock after the offering, have agreed that they will not, without the prior written consent of Hambrecht & Quist LLC acting alone or each of the Underwriters acting jointly, offer, sell or otherwise dispose of any shares of Common Stock or securities exchangeable for or convertible into or exercisable for or any rights to purchase or acquire Common Stock owned by them during the 90-day period following the date of this Prospectus. Hambrecht & Quist LLC may, in its sole discretion and at anytime without notice to the Company's stockholders or the public market release all or any part of the shares subject to the lock-up agreements. The Company has agreed that it will not, without the prior written consent of Hambrecht & Quist LLC, offer, sell or otherwise dispose of any shares of Common Stock, or securities exchangeable for or convertible into or exercisable for or any rights to purchase or acquire Common Stock during the 90-day period following the date of this Prospectus, except that the Company may,

pursuant to its stock plans, sell shares, grant additional options or issue shares upon the exercise of options granted prior to the date hereof.

In connection with the offering, certain Underwriters and selling group members (if any) or their respective affiliates who are qualified registered market makers on the Nasdaq National Market, may engage in passive market making transactions in the Common Stock on the Nasdaq National Market in accordance with Rule 103 under Regulation M. Such passive market makers must comply with applicable volume and price limitations and must be identified as such. In general, a passive market maker must display its bid at a price not in excess of the highest independent bid for such security; if all independent bids are lowered below the passive market maker's bid, however, such bid must then be lowered when certain purchase limits are exceeded.

In connection with this offering, certain Underwriters and selling group members (if any) and their respective affiliates may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the Common Stock. Such transactions may include stabilization transactions effected in accordance with Rule 104 of Regulation M, pursuant to which such persons may bid for or purchase Common Stock for the purpose of stabilizing its market price. The Underwriters also may create a short position for the account of the Underwriters by selling more Common Stock in connection with the offering than they are committed to purchase from the Company, and in such case may purchase Common Stock in the open market following completion of the offering to cover all or a portion of such short position. The Underwriters may also cover all or a portion of such short position, up to 150,000 shares of Common Stock, by exercising the Underwriters' over-allotment option referred to above. Any of the transactions described in this paragraph may result in the maintenance of the price of the Common Stock at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. None of the transactions described in this paragraph is required, and, if they are undertaken, they may be discontinued at any time.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to the validity of Common Stock offered hereby are being passed upon for the Company by Pillsbury Madison & Sutro LLP, San Francisco, California and for the Underwriters by Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati, Professional Corporation, Palo Alto, California.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at December 31, 1995 and 1996, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996, appearing in this Prospectus and Registration Statement and in Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996 incorporated herein by reference, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their report thereon appearing elsewhere herein and appearing in Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated financial statements are included and incorporated by reference in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

The Company is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and in accordance therewith files reports, proxy and information statements, and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). Such reports, proxy and information statements, and other information filed by the Company can be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities maintained by the Commission at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., as well as the regional offices of the Commission located at Citicorp Center, 500 West Madison Street, Suite 1400, Chicago, Illinois, and 7 World Trade Center, Suite 1300,

New York, New York. Copies of such material can be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the Commission at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. The Commission maintains a World Wide Web site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information that are filed through the Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval System. This Web site can be accessed at <http://www.sec.gov>.

The Company has filed with the Commission a Registration Statement on Form S-3 (together with all amendments and exhibits thereto, the "Registration Statement") under the Securities Act with respect to the Common Stock offered hereby. This Prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the Registration Statement and the exhibits and schedules thereto, certain parts of which are omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Commission. For further information with respect to the Company and the Common Stock, reference is made to the Registration Statement and the exhibits and schedules thereto. Statements contained in this Prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other document are not necessarily complete and, in each instance, reference is made to the copy of such contract or document filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, each such statement being qualified in all respects by such reference. Copies of the Registration Statement, including all exhibits thereto, may be obtained from the Commission's principal office in Washington, D.C. upon payment of the fees prescribed by the Commission, or may be examined without charge at the offices of the Commission described above.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents previously filed with the Commission are hereby incorporated by reference into this Prospectus: (i) the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996, (ii) the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1997, and (iii) the description of the Common Stock contained in the Company's Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed under the Exchange Act on January 5, 1996. All documents subsequently filed by the Company pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act prior to the termination of the offering to which this Prospectus relates shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus and to be part of this Prospectus from the date of filing thereof.

Any statement contained in a document incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this Prospectus and the Registration Statement of which it is a part to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed document which also is incorporated herein modifies or replaces such statement. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, in its unmodified form, to constitute a part of this Prospectus or such Registration Statement. The Company will provide without charge to each person to whom a copy of the Prospectus has been delivered, and who makes a written or oral request, a copy of any and all of the foregoing documents incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement (other than exhibits unless such exhibits are specifically incorporated by reference into such documents). Requests should be submitted in writing or by telephone to Investor Relations, Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 3174 Porter Drive, Palo Alto, California 94304, telephone (415) 845-4111.

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REPORT OF ERNST & YOUNG LLP, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders of Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., as of December 31, 1995 and 1996, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at December 31, 1995 and 1996, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Palo Alto, California
February 7, 1997

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT NUMBER OF SHARES AND PAR VALUE)

ASSETS

	DECEMBER 31,		MARCH 31,
	1995	1996	1997
			(UNAUDITED)
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 10,547	\$ 7,628	\$ 8,008
Marketable securities -- available-for-sale.....	30,634	30,622	30,539
Accounts receivable.....	7,643	2,469	8,678
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	756	2,456	2,597
	-----	-----	-----
Total current assets.....	49,580	43,175	49,822
Property and equipment, net.....	9,084	22,936	25,346
Long-term investments.....	--	313	3,313
Deposits and other assets.....	118	452	1,128
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 58,782	\$ 66,876	\$ 79,609
	=====	=====	=====

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable.....	2,344	\$ 4,670	\$ 3,953
Accrued expenses.....	714	1,121	2,469
Accrued compensation.....	187	386	454
Deferred revenue.....	7,268	14,878	25,946
Current portion of capital lease obligations and notes payable.....	84	73	49
	-----	-----	-----
Total current liabilities.....	10,597	21,128	32,871
Noncurrent portion of capital lease obligations and notes payable.....	147	37	28
Noncurrent portion of accrued rent.....	535	464	452
Commitments			
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at December 31, 1995, 1996 and March 31, 1997.....	--	--	--
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 9,995,783, 10,447,301 and 10,474,715 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 1995, 1996 and March 31, 1997, respectively.....	10	10	10
Additional paid-in capital.....	77,250	81,832	81,923
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities.....	33	(73)	(134)
Deferred compensation.....	(29)	--	--
Accumulated deficit.....	(29,761)	(36,522)	(35,541)
	-----	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity.....	47,503	45,247	46,258
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 58,782	\$ 66,876	\$ 79,609
	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,			THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	1994	1995	1996	1996	1997
				(UNAUDITED)	
Revenues (Notes 1 and 2).....	\$ 1,512	\$ 12,212	\$41,785	\$ 6,274	\$17,859
Costs and expenses:					
Research and development.....	11,169	19,212	40,864	7,745	14,730
Selling, general and administrative.....	2,328	3,927	6,792	1,245	2,574
Charge for purchase of in-process research and development.....	--	--	3,165	--	--
Total costs and expenses.....	13,497	23,139	50,821	8,990	17,304
Income (loss) from operations.....	(11,985)	(10,927)	(9,036)	(2,716)	555
Interest income.....	674	1,186	2,495	679	580
Interest and other expense, net.....	(164)	(196)	(220)	(1)	(102)
Income (loss) before income taxes.....	(11,475)	(9,937)	(6,761)	(2,038)	1,033
Provision for income taxes.....	--	--	--	--	(52)
Net income (loss).....	<u>\$ (11,475)</u>	<u>\$ (9,937)</u>	<u>\$ (6,761)</u>	<u>\$ (2,038)</u>	<u>\$ 981</u>
Net income (loss) per share.....	<u>\$ (1.63)</u>	<u>\$ (1.19)</u>	<u>\$ (0.67)</u>	<u>\$ (0.20)</u>	<u>\$ 0.09</u>
Shares used in computation of net income (loss) per share.....	<u>7,030</u>	<u>8,367</u>	<u>10,156</u>	<u>10,034</u>	<u>11,453</u>

See accompanying notes.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT NUMBER OF SHARES)

	COMMON STOCK	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	NOTES RECEIVABLE FROM STOCKHOLDERS	UNREALIZED GAIN/LOSS ON MARKETABLE SECURITIES	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
Balances at December 31, 1993.....	\$ 7	\$ 25,182	\$(34)	\$ --	\$ (355)	\$ (8,349)	\$ 16,451
Issuance of 29,044 shares of Common Stock upon exercise of stock options.....	--	28	--	--	--	--	28
Issuance of 1,501,333 shares of Common Stock to database collaborators.....	1	19,141	--	--	--	--	19,142
Payment of notes receivable from shareholders.....	--	--	34	--	--	--	34
Deferred compensation, Genome Systems.....	--	142	--	--	(142)	--	--
Amortization of deferred compensation.....	--	--	--	--	142	--	142
Net change in unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities.....	--	--	--	22	--	--	22
Net loss.....	--	--	--	--	--	(11,475)	(11,475)
Balances at December 31, 1994.....	8	44,493	--	22	(355)	(19,824)	24,344
Issuance of 28,815 shares of Common Stock upon exercise of stock options.....	--	88	--	--	--	--	88
Issuance of 1,837,000 shares of Common Stock, net of expenses and underwriters' fees of \$2,232.....	2	32,669	--	--	--	--	32,671
Amortization of deferred compensation.....	--	--	--	--	326	--	326
Net change in unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities.....	--	--	--	11	--	--	11
Net loss.....	--	--	--	--	--	(9,937)	(9,937)
Balances at December 31, 1995.....	10	77,250	--	33	(29)	(29,761)	47,503
Issuance of 228,648 shares of Common Stock upon exercise of stock options and 149,699 shares upon exercise of warrant.....	--	1,582	--	--	--	--	1,582
Issuance of 73,171 shares of Common Stock in exchange for shares of Combion, Inc.....	--	3,000	--	--	--	--	3,000
Amortization of deferred compensation.....	--	--	--	--	29	--	29
Net change in unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities.....	--	--	--	(106)	--	--	(106)
Net loss.....	--	--	--	--	--	(6,761)	(6,761)
Balances at December 31, 1996.....	10	81,832	--	(73)	--	(36,522)	45,247
Issuance of 19,947 shares of Common Stock upon exercise of stock options and 7,467 shares upon exercise of warrant (unaudited).....	--	91	--	--	--	--	91
Net change in unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities (unaudited).....	--	--	--	(61)	--	--	(61)
Net income (unaudited).....	--	--	--	--	--	981	981
Balances at March 31, 1997 (unaudited).....	\$ 10	\$ 81,923	\$ --	\$ (134)	\$ --	\$ (35,541)	\$ 46,258

See accompanying notes.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(IN THOUSANDS)

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,			THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	1994	1995	1996	1996	1997
	(UNAUDITED)				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income (loss).....	\$(11,475)	\$ (9,937)	\$ (6,761)	\$ (2,038)	\$ 981
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization.....	982	2,750	6,461	1,036	2,238
Expense for abandoned equipment.....	442	124	--	--	--
Noncash portion of purchase of in-process research and development.....	--	--	3,000	--	--
Changes in certain assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable.....	(69)	(7,439)	5,174	7,169	(6,209)
Prepaid expenses and other assets.....	(118)	(571)	(1,722)	(141)	(817)
Accounts payable.....	1,119	760	2,326	(24)	(717)
Deferred revenue.....	2,769	4,498	7,610	5,525	11,068
Accrued vacation and other expenses.....	241	1,014	535	735	1,404
Total adjustments.....	5,366	1,136	23,384	14,300	6,967
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities.....	(6,109)	(8,801)	16,623	12,262	7,948
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Long-term investments.....	--	--	(625)	(625)	(3,000)
Capital expenditures.....	(2,978)	(8,042)	(20,188)	(3,821)	(4,625)
Purchases of short-term investments.....	(26,206)	(74,037)	(16,526)	(11,180)	(4,511)
Sale of short-term investments.....	--	--	--	--	4,510
Maturities of short-term investments.....	7,920	61,722	16,336	5,078	--
Net cash (used in) investing activities.....	(21,264)	(20,357)	(21,003)	(10,548)	(7,626)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Net proceeds from issuances of common stock.....	19,370	32,759	1,582	394	91
Payment of notes receivable from stockholders.....	34	--	--	--	--
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable.....	87	69	--	--	--
Principal payments on capital lease obligations....	(709)	(72)	(121)	(20)	(33)
Net cash provided by financing activities.....	18,782	32,756	1,461	374	58
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents.....	(8,591)	3,598	(2,919)	2,088	380
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period.....	15,540	6,949	10,547	10,547	7,628
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period....	\$ 6,949	\$ 10,547	\$ 7,628	\$ 12,635	\$ 8,008
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION					
Interest paid.....	\$ 288	\$ 45	\$ 17	\$ 4	\$ 5
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Property and equipment acquired pursuant to capital lease obligations.....	\$ 606	\$ 69	--	--	--
Deferred compensation.....	\$ 142	\$ --	--	--	--
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities -- available-for-sale.....	\$ 22	\$ 11	\$ (106)	\$ (258)	\$ (148)

See accompanying notes.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Business

Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware in April 1991. The Company designs, develops, and markets genomic databases, software tools, and related genomic reagents and services. The Company's databases, available singly or in combination, integrate bioinformatics software with proprietary and, when appropriate, publicly available genetic information. Non-exclusive access to the Company's databases is offered to pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies worldwide for use in drug discovery and development of diagnostic and therapeutic products.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All material intercompany accounts, transactions, and profits have been eliminated in consolidation.

Interim Financial Information

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 1997 and for the three months ended March 31, 1996 and 1997 are unaudited but include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which the Company considers necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and operating results. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 1997 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities and trade receivables are financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk. The estimated fair value of financial instruments approximates the carrying value based on available market information. The Company primarily invests its excess available funds in notes and bills issued by the U.S. government and its agencies and, by policy, limits the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer and to any one type of investment, other than securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The Company has not experienced any credit losses to date and does not require collateral on receivables.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are held in U.S. banks or in custodial accounts with U.S. banks. Cash equivalents are defined as all liquid investments with maturity from date of purchase of 90 days or less that are readily convertible into cash and have insignificant interest rate risk. All other investments are reported as marketable securities.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

Marketable Securities Available-for-Sale

All marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale securities are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity. The amortized cost of debt securities in this category is adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretions of discounts to maturity. Such amortization is included in interest income. Realized gains and losses and declines in value judged to be other than temporary for available-for-sale securities are included in interest and other income.

The following is a summary of the Company's investment portfolio, including cash equivalents of \$2,173,000 and \$398,000 as of December 31, 1995 and 1996, respectively, and \$825,000 as of March 31, 1997:

	AMORTIZED COST	NET UNREALIZED (LOSSES) GAINS	ESTIMATED FAIR VALUE
	-----	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)		
DECEMBER 31, 1995			
U.S. Treasury notes and other U.S. government securities.....	\$31,779	\$ 32	\$31,811
Corporate debt securities.....	995	1	996
	-----	-----	-----
	\$32,774	\$ 33	\$32,807
	=====	=====	=====
DECEMBER 31, 1996			
U.S. Treasury notes and other U.S. government securities.....	\$30,695	\$ (73)	\$30,622
Corporate debt securities.....	398	--	398
	-----	-----	-----
	\$31,093	\$ (73)	\$31,020
	=====	=====	=====
MARCH 31, 1997			
U.S. Treasury notes and other U.S. government securities.....	\$27,075	\$ (220)	\$26,855
Corporate debt securities.....	4,510	(1)	4,509
	-----	-----	-----
	\$31,585	\$ (221)	\$31,364
	=====	=====	=====

All marketable securities -- available-for-sale mature within two years. At December 31, 1995 and 1996 and at March 31, 1997, all of the Company's investments are classified as short-term, as the Company may not hold its investments until maturity in order to take advantage of market conditions. Of the marketable securities held at December 31, 1996, \$23,148,000 had maturities under a year and \$7,872,000 had maturities over a year and of the marketable securities held at March 31, 1997, \$21,403,000 had maturities under a year and \$9,961,000 had maturities over a year. Unrealized gains were not material and have therefore been netted against unrealized losses.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets (generally two to five years). Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of estimated useful life of the assets or lease term. Property and equipment consists of the following:

	DECEMBER 31,		MARCH 31,
	1995	1996	1997
	(IN THOUSANDS)		
Office equipment.....	\$ 406	\$ 950	\$ 1,669
Laboratory equipment.....	6,825	12,982	13,449
Computer equipment.....	1,950	9,935	12,931
Leasehold improvements.....	3,179	8,679	9,123
	12,360	32,546	37,172
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization.....	(3,276)	(9,610)	(11,826)
	\$ 9,084	\$22,936	\$ 25,346

Depreciation expense was \$723,000, \$2,154,000, and \$5,230,000 for 1994, 1995, and 1996, respectively. Amortization was \$103,000, \$266,000, and \$1,061,000 for 1994, 1995, and 1996, respectively.

Certain laboratory and computer equipment used by the Company could be subject to technological obsolescence in the event that significant advancement is made in competing or developing equipment technologies. Management continually reviews the estimated useful lives of technologically sensitive equipment and believes that those estimates appropriately reflect the current useful life of its assets. In the event that a currently unknown significantly advanced technology became commercially available, the Company would re-evaluate the value and estimated useful lives of its existing equipment, possibly requiring a material effect to the financial statements.

Software Costs

In accordance with the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 86, "Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed," the Company has capitalized software development costs incurred in developing certain products once technological feasibility of the products has been determined. Capitalized software costs are amortized over three years and have been immaterial to date.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock option grants in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." The Company currently grants stock options for a fixed number of shares to employees and directors with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the shares at the date of grant, and therefore records no compensation expense.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue for database collaboration agreements evenly over the term of the agreement. Revenue is deferred for fees received before earned. Revenues from custom orders, such as satellite databases, are recognized upon shipment. Revenues from reagents and genomic

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

screening products are recognized when shipped, and revenues from genomic screening services are recognized upon completion.

Businesses Acquired

In July 1996, the Company issued 204,073 shares of its Common Stock in exchange for all of the outstanding shares of Genome Systems, Inc. ("Genome Systems"), a privately held genomics service company in St. Louis, Missouri. The transaction has been accounted for as a pooling of interests, and the consolidated financial statements discussed herein and all historical financial information have been restated to reflect the combined operations of both companies. Genome Systems has retained its name and operations, continuing to offer a range of customized genomic screening products and services used by scientists to assist in the identification and isolation of novel genes.

In August 1996, the Company acquired Combion, Inc. ("Combion"), a privately held microarray technology company located in Pasadena, California, for 73,171 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The acquisition of Combion has been accounted for as a purchase, and the consolidated financial statements discussed herein reflect the inclusion of the results of Combion from the date of acquisition, August 15, 1996.

See Note 6 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Net loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding. Common equivalent shares from stock options and warrants are excluded from the computation for periods prior to 1997, as their effect is antidilutive. For the three months ended March 31, 1997, common equivalent shares from stock options are included in the computation using the treasury stock method, as their effect is dilutive.

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 128, Earnings per Share, which is required to be adopted on December 31, 1997. At that time, the Company will be required to change the method currently used to compute earnings per share and to restate all prior periods. Under the new requirements for calculating primary earnings per share, the dilutive effect of stock options will be excluded. The Company expects that there will be no material impact on the earnings per share for the quarters ended March 31, 1997 and 1996.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications were made to the prior periods' balances to conform with the 1997 presentation.

2. COLLABORATIVE AGREEMENTS

As of December 31, 1996, the Company had entered into database collaboration agreements with eleven pharmaceutical companies and one agricultural company. Each collaborator has agreed to pay, during the term of the agreement, annual fees to receive non-exclusive access to selected modules of the Company's databases. In addition, if a partner develops certain products utilizing the Company's technology and database information, potential milestone and royalty payments could be received by the Company. If these agreements are not renewed and if the Company cannot sign a sufficient number of new database agreements, the loss of revenue could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and operating results. Certain companies also have satellite database agreements, whereby the Company provides custom sequencing services, which are billed for separately. Satellite

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
 (INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

database services are provided to the collaborator on an exclusive basis for a negotiated period of time. Over 90% of the revenues in 1996 are derived from ten collaborators, three of which individually contributed more than 10% of the total, or approximately 37% in the aggregate. In 1995, the majority of the revenues were derived from five collaborators, including three of which contributed more than 10% individually, or approximately 73% in the aggregate. In 1994, the Company recognized its first database collaboration revenues, primarily from one collaborator, which contributed more than 10% of the total.

As of March 31, 1997, the Company has entered into additional collaboration agreements under similar terms.

In addition to the database collaboration agreements, the Company has entered into a number of research and development alliances with companies and research institutions. These agreements provide for the funding of research activities by the Company and the possible payment of milestones, license fees, and, in some cases, royalties.

3. COMMITMENTS

At December 31, 1996, the Company had signed noncancelable operating leases on multiple facilities, including facilities in Palo Alto and Pasadena, California, and St. Louis, Missouri. The leases expire on various dates ranging from September 1997 to August 2006. Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 1994, 1995, and 1996 were approximately \$443,000, \$1,251,000, and \$1,645,000, respectively, and \$385,000 and \$514,000 for the three months ended March 31, 1996 and 1997, respectively.

The Company had laboratory equipment with a cost of approximately \$370,000 at December 31, 1995 and 1996, and related accumulated amortization of approximately \$194,000 and \$268,000 at December 31, 1995 and 1996, respectively, under capital leases. These leases are secured by the equipment leased thereunder.

At December 31, 1996, future noncancelable minimum payments under the operating and capital leases were as follows:

	OPERATING LEASES	CAPITAL LEASES AND NOTES PAYABLE
	----- (IN THOUSANDS) -----	
Year ended December 31:		
1997.....	\$ 2,228	\$ 78
1998.....	1,907	25
1999.....	1,580	14
2000.....	1,554	--
2001 and thereafter.....	2,666	--
	-----	-----
Total minimum lease payments.....	\$ 9,935	117
	=====	
Less amount representing interest.....		(7)

Present value of minimum lease payments.....		110
Less current portion.....		(73)

Noncurrent portion.....		\$ 37
		====

The Company has entered into a number of research and development alliances with companies and research institutions. The Company's commitments in aggregate and under any one of these

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

agreements do not represent a significant expenditure in relation to the Company's total research and development expense. See Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock

At December 31, 1996, the Company had reserved a total of 1,917,315 shares of its Common Stock for issuance upon exercise of outstanding warrants and stock options described below. On May 21, 1997, the Company's stockholders approved an increase in the number of shares of Common Stock authorized for issuance from 20,000,000 to 75,000,000.

Sales of Stock

In November 1995, the Company completed a follow-on public stock offering and issued 1,837,000 shares of Common Stock, including 137,000 shares issued on December 13, 1995 upon partial exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option, at \$19.00 per share before deducting the underwriting discount and offering expenses.

Warrants

As of December 31, 1996, the Company had outstanding a warrant to purchase 8,868 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$10.50 per share. The warrant was exercised in January 1997.

Stock Compensation Plans

The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25 and related Interpretations in accounting for its stock compensation plans. Accordingly, no compensation cost has been recognized for its fixed stock option plans. Had compensation cost for the Company's two stock-based compensation plans been determined consistent with FASB Statement No. 123, the Company's pro forma net loss and loss per share in 1995 and 1996 would have been increased to approximately \$10.6 million and \$10.5 million, or \$1.27 per share and \$1.03 per share, respectively. The fair value of the options granted during 1995 and 1996 are estimated at \$8.68 and \$18.88 per share, respectively, on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes multiple-option pricing model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%, volatility of 55%, risk-free interest rate with an average of 6.68% and 6.10% for 1995 and 1996, respectively, and an average expected life of 3.25 years.

The effects on pro forma disclosures of applying FASB 123 are not likely to be representative of the effects on pro forma disclosures of future years. As FASB 123 is only applicable to options granted after December 31, 1994, the pro forma effect will not be fully reflected until the year ending December 31, 1998.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected stock price volatility and option life. Because the Company's employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and because the Company has a relatively limited history with option behavior, in management's opinion the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee stock options.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

Summaries of stock option activity for the Company's two fixed stock option plans as of December 31, 1995 and 1996, and related information for the years ended December 31 are included in the plan descriptions below.

1991 Stock Plan

In November 1991, the Board of Directors adopted the 1991 Stock Plan, which was amended and restated in 1992, 1995, and 1996, for issuance of Common Stock to employees, consultants, and scientific advisors. Options issued under the plan shall, at the discretion of the compensation committee of the Board of Directors, be either incentive stock options or nonstatutory stock options. The exercise prices of incentive stock options granted under the plan are not less than the fair market value on the date of the grant, as determined by the Board of Directors. Options generally vest over approximately four years, pursuant to a formula determined by the Company's Board of Directors, and expire after ten years. At December 31, 1996, the Company had reserved 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock for issuance under the plan. On May 21, 1997, the Company's stockholders approved an increase in the number of shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance under the plan from 2,000,000 to 2,400,000.

Activity under the plan was as follows:

	SHARES AVAILABLE FOR GRANT	SHARES SUBJECT TO OUTSTANDING OPTIONS	
		SHARES	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
Balance at December 31, 1993.....	416,750	372,834	\$ 2.60
Options granted.....	(310,700)	310,700	\$13.28
Options exercised.....	--	(29,044)	\$ 0.97
Options canceled.....	2,782	(2,782)	\$ 5.67
Balance at December 31, 1994.....	108,832	651,708	\$ 7.71
Additional authorization.....	800,000	--	--
Options granted.....	(623,400)	623,400	\$18.28
Options exercised.....	--	(28,815)	\$ 3.06
Options canceled.....	9,959	(9,959)	\$13.02
Balance at December 31, 1995.....	295,391	1,236,334	\$13.12
Additional authorization.....	400,000	--	--
Options granted.....	(526,150)	526,150	\$39.49
Options exercised.....	--	(223,278)	\$ 7.08
Options canceled.....	70,163	(70,163)	\$16.76
Balance at December 31, 1996.....	239,404	1,469,043	\$23.26

Options to purchase a total of 1,161,137 and 1,457,298 shares at December 31, 1995 and 1996 respectively, were exercisable. Of the shares exercisable, 300,064 and 401,502 shares were vested at December 31, 1995 and 1996, respectively.

Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan

In August 1993, the Board of Directors approved the 1993 Directors' Stock Option Plan (the "Directors' Plan"), which was amended in 1995. The Directors' Plan provides for the automatic grant

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

of options to purchase shares of Common Stock to non-employee directors of the Company. The maximum number of shares issuable under the Directors' Plan is 200,000.

The Directors' Plan provides immediate issuance of options to purchase an initial 20,000 shares of Common Stock to each new non-employee director joining the Board. The initial options are exercisable in five equal annual installments. Additionally, members who continue to serve on the Board will receive annual option grants for 5,000 shares exercisable in full on the first anniversary of the date of the grant. All options are exercisable at the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant. Through December 31, 1996, the Company had granted options under the Directors' Plan to purchase 113,750 shares of Common Stock at exercise prices ranging from \$4.00 per share to \$34.625 per share (98,750 shares of Common Stock at exercise prices ranging from \$4.00 per share to \$15.13 per share at December 31, 1995); 70,750 shares are vested and exercisable at December 31, 1996 (43,750 shares were vested and exercisable at December 31, 1995).

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 1996, for both the 1991 Stock Plan and the 1993 Directors' Stock Option Plan.

RANGE OF EXERCISE PRICES	OPTIONS OUTSTANDING			OPTIONS EXERCISABLE	
	NUMBER OUTSTANDING	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	NUMBER EXERCISABLE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
\$0.30-2.00.....	141,594	6.02	\$ 1.53	129,849	\$ 1.49
\$4.00-10.63.....	130,017	7.00	\$ 6.26	102,017	\$ 6.54
\$10.88-15.13.....	247,273	8.01	\$14.44	247,273	\$14.44
\$16.88-22.50.....	530,509	8.78	\$18.41	530,509	\$18.41
\$30.25-46.75.....	533,400	9.68	\$39.42	518,400	\$39.56
\$0.30-46.75.....	1,582,793	8.57	\$22.36	1,528,048	\$22.71

In July 1996, in connection with the Genome Systems transaction described in Note 6 below, the Company issued, in exchange for an option to purchase capital stock of Genome Systems, an option to purchase 10,741 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.047 per share. The option was not issued under the provisions of either plan described above. The option has been exercised with respect to 5,370 shares as of December 31, 1996.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

On May 21, 1997, the Company's stockholders adopted the 1997 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"). The Company has authorized 200,000 shares of Common Stock for issuance under the ESPP. Each regular full-time and part-time employee is eligible to participate after one year of employment. The initial offering period commences August 1, 1997 and ends November 1, 1999.

5. INCOME TAXES

As of December 31, 1996, the Company had federal net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$29,800,000. The net operating loss carryforwards will expire at various dates, beginning on 2006, through 2011 if not utilized.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets are as follows:

	DECEMBER 31,	
	1995	1996
(IN THOUSANDS)		
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforwards.....	\$ 9,700	\$ 10,100
Research credits.....	900	1,500
Capitalized research and development.....	1,400	1,600
Other, net.....	100	1,500
	-----	-----
Deferred tax assets.....	12,100	14,700
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets....	(12,100)	(14,700)
	-----	-----
Net deferred tax asset.....	\$ --	\$ --
	=====	=====

The valuation allowance for deferred tax assets increased by approximately \$4.6 million and \$4.1 million during the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, respectively.

Utilization of the net operating losses and credits may be subject to an annual limitation, due to the ownership change limitations provided by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

The estimated effective annual income tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 1997 is 5%, which represents the provision for federal and state alternative minimum taxes after utilization of net operating loss carryforwards.

6. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

In July 1996, the Company issued 204,073 shares of Common Stock in exchange for all of the capital stock of Genome Systems, a privately held genomics company located in St. Louis, Missouri. Genome Systems provides genomic research products and technical support services to scientists to assist them in the identification and isolation of novel genes. The merger has been accounted for as a pooling of interests and, accordingly, the Company's financial statements and financial data have been restated to include the accounts and operations of Genome Systems since inception.

The table below presents the separate results of operations for Incyte and Genome Systems for the periods prior to the merger. Incyte's results of operations include Genome Systems since the transaction:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		
	1994	1995	1996

Revenue:			
Incyte.....	\$ 243	\$ 9,908	\$40,051
Genome Systems.....	1,269	2,304	1,734
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 1,512	\$ 12,212	\$41,785
	=====	=====	=====
Net income (loss):			
Incyte.....	\$(11,500)	\$(10,142)	\$(6,724)
Genome Systems.....	25	205	106
Merger related expenses.....	--	--	(143)
	-----	-----	-----
	\$(11,475)	\$ (9,937)	\$(6,761)
	=====	=====	=====

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

In August 1996, the Company acquired all the common stock of Combion, Inc., a microarray technology company in Pasadena, California, in a stock-for-stock exchange, issuing 73,171 shares of its Common Stock valued at \$3 million. The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase transaction and, accordingly, the purchase price was allocated to assets and liabilities based on the estimated fair value as of the date of acquisition. The excess of the consideration paid over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired has been recorded as the purchase of in-process research and development. Combion's results of operations have been included in the consolidated results of operations since the date of acquisition. Pro forma results of operations have not been presented because the effect of this acquisition was not material to the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial position.

GRAPHIC ON INSIDE FRONT COVER

Computer screen displays of seven of the Company's databases -- LifeSeq database screen display in center - six screens surrounding center from upper left hand corner: LifeSeq FL, ZooSeq, PhytoSeq, PathoSeq, LifeSeq Gene Album and LifeSeq Atlas.

CHART ON PAGE 27-INCYTE'S PRODUCTS

1995	1996	1997
LifeSeq	LifeSeq	LifeSeq
Satellites----->	Satellites	Satellites
	LifeSeq FL	LifeSeq FL
	PathoSeq	PathoSeq
	LifeSeq Atlas	LifeSeq Atlas
	GeneAlbum	GeneAlbum
	Life Tools----->	Life Tools
		Life Tools 3D
		ZooSeq

DIAGRAM ON PAGE 30 UNDER THE CAPTION THE "LIFESEQ DATABASE DATA FLOW"

Arrow from cDNA sequencing production line and public-domain databases (Wash. U/Merck, GenBank, TIGR) into automated bioanalysis system arrow into LifeSeq Expression database.

Arrow from LifeSeq Expression database to Sequence database and Sequence database to/from Search tools (Smith-Waterman, BLAST, GCG, FASTA, etc.)

Arrows from LifeSeq Expression database (HTML interface on client Macs, PCs, or Unix machines) to Library Information, Clone Information, Electronic Northern, Transcript Imaging, Library Comparisons, Protein Function

Telephone poles as links between Public-domain databases (Gen Bank, Blocks, Citation Indices, Swiss Prot, etc.) and UNIX-based server (Sybase or Oracle RDBMS)

NO DEALER, SALESPERSON OR OTHER PERSON HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS AND, IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH INFORMATION OR REPRESENTATIONS MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE COMPANY OR THE UNDERWRITERS. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY TO ANY PERSON IN ANY JURISDICTION IN WHICH SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION WOULD BE UNLAWFUL OR TO ANY PERSON TO WHOM IT IS UNLAWFUL. NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS PROSPECTUS NOR ANY OFFER OR SALE MADE HEREUNDER SHALL, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY OR THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS CORRECT AS OF ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE HEREOF.

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=====

1,000,000 SHARES

INCYTE

COMMON STOCK

PROSPECTUS

HAMBRECHT & QUIST

ALEX. BROWN & SONS
INCORPORATED

VECTOR SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL,
INC.
, 1997

=====

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

ITEM 14. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

The following table sets forth the various expenses payable by the Registrant in connection with the sale and distribution of the securities being registered hereby, other than underwriting discounts and commissions. All amounts are estimated except the Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. filing fee.

SEC registration fee.....	\$ 21,694
National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. filing fee.....	7,659
Nasdaq Stock Market additional listing fee.....	17,500
Blue Sky fees and expenses.....	5,000
Accounting fees and expenses.....	45,000
Legal fees and expenses.....	75,000
Printing and engraving expenses.....	80,000
Registrar and Transfer Agent's fees.....	5,000
Miscellaneous fees and expenses.....	3,147

Total.....	\$260,000
	=====

ITEM 15. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law provides for the indemnification of officers, directors, and other corporate agents in terms sufficiently broad to indemnify such persons under certain circumstances for liabilities (including reimbursement for expenses incurred) arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"). Article VII of the Registrant's Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended (Exhibit 4.1), and Article V of the Registrant's Bylaws (Exhibit 4.2) provide for indemnification of the Registrant's directors, officers, employees and other agents to the extent and under the circumstances permitted by the Delaware General Corporation Law. The Registrant has also entered into agreements with its directors and officers that will require the Registrant, among other things, to indemnify them against certain liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service as directors or officers to the fullest extent not prohibited by law.

The Underwriting Agreement (Exhibit 1.1) provides for indemnification by the Underwriters of the Registrant, its directors and officers, and by the Registrant of the Underwriters, for certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Act, and affords certain rights of contribution with respect thereto.

ITEM 16. EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF DOCUMENT
-----	-----
1.1	Form of Underwriting Agreement
4.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, of the Company
4.2	Bylaws, as amended, of the Company
5.1	Opinion of Pillsbury Madison & Sutro LLP
23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Auditors
23.2	Consent of Pillsbury Madison & Sutro LLP (included in its opinion filed as Exhibit 5.1 to this Registration Statement).
24.1	Power of Attorney (see page II-3)

ITEM 17. UNDERTAKINGS

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes that:

(1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the Registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.

(2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Act, each filing of the Registrant's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act that is incorporated by reference in this Registration Statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered herein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3, and has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Palo Alto, State of California, on July 14, 1997.

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: /s/ ROY A. WHITFIELD

Roy A. Whitfield
Chief Executive Officer

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Roy A. Whitfield, Randal W. Scott and Denise M. Gilbert, and each of them, his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, each with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments, including post-effective amendments, to this Registration Statement, and any registration statement relating to the offering covered by this Registration Statement and filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, and to file the same, with exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that each of said attorneys-in-fact and agents or their substitute or substitutes may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

NAME	TITLE	DATE
/s/ ROY A. WHITFIELD ----- Roy A. Whitfield	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director	July 14, 1997
/s/ DENISE M. GILBERT ----- Denise M. Gilbert	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)	July 14, 1997
/s/ JANET L. NIBEL ----- Janet L. Nibel	Director, Finance and Administration (Principal Accounting Officer)	July 14, 1997
/s/ JEFFREY J. COLLINSON ----- Jeffrey J. Collinson	Chairman of the Board	July 14, 1997
/s/ BARRY M. BLOOM ----- Barry M. Bloom	Director	July 14, 1997
/s/ FREDERICK B. CRAVES ----- Frederick B. Craves	Director	July 14, 1997
/s/ JON S. SAXE ----- Jon S. Saxe	Director	July 14, 1997
/s/ RANDAL W. SCOTT ----- Randal W. Scott	Director	July 14, 1997

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF DOCUMENT	SEQUENTIALLY NUMBERED PAGE
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23.2	Consent of Pillsbury Madison & Sutro LLP (included in its opinion filed as Exhibit 5.1 to this Registration Statement).....	
24.1	Power of Attorney (see page II-3).....	

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

_____ Shares(1)

Common Stock

UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT

July __, 1997

HAMBRECHT & QUIST LLC
 ALEX. BROWN & SONS INCORPORATED
 VECTOR SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL, INC.
 c/o Hambrecht & Quist LLC
 One Bush Street
 San Francisco, CA 94104

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Delaware corporation (herein called the Company), proposes to issue and sell _____ shares of its authorized but unissued Common Stock, \$.001 par value (herein called the Common Stock) (said _____ shares of Common Stock being herein called the Underwritten Stock). The Company proposes to grant to the Underwriters (as hereinafter defined) an option to purchase up to _____ additional shares of Common Stock (herein called the Option Stock and with the Underwritten Stock herein collectively called the Stock). The Common Stock is more fully described in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus hereinafter mentioned.

The Company hereby confirms the agreements made with respect to the purchase of the Stock by the several underwriters, for whom you are acting, named in Schedule I hereto (herein collectively called the Underwriters, which term shall also include any underwriter purchasing Stock pursuant to Section 3(b) hereof). You represent and warrant that you have been authorized by each of the other Underwriters to enter into this Agreement on its behalf and to act for it in the manner herein provided.

1. REGISTRATION STATEMENT. The Company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (herein called the Commission) a registration statement on Form S-3 (No. 333-____), including the related preliminary prospectus, for the registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (herein called the Securities Act) of the Stock. Copies of such registration statement and of each amendment thereto, if any, including the related preliminary prospectus (meeting the requirements

- - - - -
 (1) Plus an option to purchase from the Company up to _____ additional shares to cover over allotments.

of Rule 430A of the rules and regulations of the Commission) heretofore filed by the Company with the Commission have been delivered to you.

The term Registration Statement as used in this agreement shall mean such registration statement, including all documents incorporated by reference therein, all exhibits and financial statements, all information omitted therefrom in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in the Prospectus referred to below, in the form in which it became effective, and any registration statement filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) of the rules and regulations of the Commission with respect to the Stock (herein called a Rule 462(b) registration statement), and, in the event of any amendment thereto after the effective date of such registration statement (herein called the Effective Date), shall also mean (from and after the effectiveness of such amendment) such registration statement as so amended (including any Rule 462(b) registration statement). The term Prospectus as used in this Agreement shall mean the prospectus, including the documents incorporated by reference therein, relating to the Stock first filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) and Rule 430A (or if no such filing is required, as included in the Registration Statement) and, in the event of any supplement or amendment to such prospectus after the Effective Date, shall also mean (from and after the filing with the Commission of such supplement or the effectiveness of such amendment) such prospectus as so supplemented or amended. The term Preliminary Prospectus as used in this Agreement shall mean each preliminary prospectus, including the documents incorporated by reference therein, included in such registration statement prior to the time it becomes effective.

The Registration Statement has been declared effective under the Securities Act, and no post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement has been filed as of the date of this Agreement. The Company has caused to be delivered to you copies of each Preliminary Prospectus and has consented to the use of such copies for the purposes permitted by the Securities Act.

2. Representations and Warranties of the Company. The Company hereby represents and warrants as follows:

(i) Each of the Company and its subsidiaries has been duly incorporated and is validly existing as a corporation in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation, has full corporate power and authority to own or lease its properties and conduct its business as described in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus and as being conducted, and is duly qualified as a foreign corporation and in good standing in all jurisdictions in which the character of the property owned or leased or the nature of the business transacted by it makes qualification necessary (except where the failure to be so qualified would not have a material adverse effect on the business, properties, condition (financial or otherwise), earnings, operations, business or business prospects of the Company); the Company is in possession of and operating in compliance with all authorizations, licenses, certificates, consents, orders and permits from state, federal and other regulatory authorities which are material to the conduct of its business, all of which are valid and in full force and effect; the Company is not in violation of its charter or bylaws or in default in the performance or observance of any material obligation, agreement, covenant or condition contained in any material bond, debenture, note or other evidence of indebtedness or in any material contract, indenture, mortgage, loan agreement, joint venture

or other agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound or in material violation of any law, order, rule, regulation, writ, injunction or decree of any government, government instrumentality or court, domestic or foreign, of which it has knowledge; and the Company does not own or control, directly or indirectly, any corporation, association or other entity.

(ii) The Company has full legal right, power and authority to enter into this Agreement and perform the transactions contemplated hereby. This Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company and is a valid and binding agreement on the part of the Company, enforceable in accordance with its terms, except as rights to indemnity and contribution hereunder may be limited by applicable law and public policy considerations and except as the enforcement hereof may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, and by general equitable principles of general applicability; the performance of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions herein contemplated will not result in a breach or violation of any of the terms and provisions of or constitute a default under, (A) any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, bond, debenture, note agreement or other evidence of indebtedness, or any lease, contract or other agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or by which the property of the Company is bound, (B) the charter or bylaws of the Company, or (C) any law, order, rule, regulation, writ, injunction, judgment or decree of any court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over the Company or over the properties of the Company; and no consent, approval, authorization or order of any court or governmental agency or body is required for the consummation by the Company of the transactions herein contemplated, except such as may be required under the Act, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (herein called the Exchange Act), or under state or other securities or Blue Sky laws.

(iii) Since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus, there has not been any materially adverse change in the business, properties, condition (financial or otherwise), earnings, operations, business or business prospects of the Company, whether or not arising from transactions in the ordinary course of business, other than as set forth in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus, and since such dates, except in the ordinary course of business, the Company has not entered into any material transaction not referred to in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus.

(iv) The Registration Statement and the Prospectus comply, and on the Closing Date (as hereinafter defined) and any later date on which Option Stock is to be purchased, the Prospectus will comply, in all material respects, with the provisions of the Securities Act and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (herein called the Exchange Act) and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder; on the Effective Date, the Registration Statement did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact and did not omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein not misleading; and, on the Effective Date, the Prospectus did not and, on the Closing Date and any later date on which Option Stock is to be purchased, will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not

misleading; provided, however, that none of the representations and warranties in this subparagraph (iv) shall apply to statements in, or omissions from, the Registration Statement or the Prospectus made in reliance upon and in conformity with information herein or otherwise furnished in writing to the Company by or on behalf of the Underwriters for use in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus.

(v) Prior to the Closing Date, the Underwritten Stock and Option Stock to be issued by the Company will be authorized for listing by the Nasdaq National Market upon official notice of issuance.

(vi) All outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company have been duly authorized and validly issued and are fully paid and nonassessable, have been issued in compliance with all federal securities laws, were not issued in violation of or subject to any preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe for or purchase securities, and the authorized and outstanding capital stock of the Company conforms in all material respects to the statements relating thereto contained in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus (and such statements correctly state the substance of the instruments defining the capitalization of the Company); the shares of Stock to be purchased from the Company hereunder have been duly authorized for issuance and sale to the Underwriters pursuant to this Agreement and, when issued and delivered by the Company against payment therefor in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, will be duly and validly issued and fully paid and nonassessable; and no preemptive right, co-sale right, registration right, right of first refusal or other similar right of stockholders exists with respect to any of the Stock or the issuance and sale thereof other than those that have been expressly waived prior to the date hereof and those that will automatically expire upon the consummation of the transactions contemplated on the Closing Date. No further approval or authorization of any stockholder, the Board of Directors or others is required for the issuance and sale of the Stock by the Company except as may be required under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act or under state or other securities or Blue Sky laws. Except as disclosed in or contemplated by the Prospectus, the Company has no outstanding options to purchase, or any preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe for or to purchase, any securities or obligations convertible into, or any contracts of commitments to issue or sell, shares of its capital stock or any such options, rights, convertible securities or obligations. The description of the Company's stock option, stock bonus and other stock plans or arrangements, and the options or other rights granted and exercised thereunder, incorporated by reference in the Prospectus accurately and fairly presents the information required to be shown with respect to such plans, arrangements, options and rights.

(vii) The Company has not distributed any offering material in connection with the offering and sale of the Stock other than the Prospectus, the Registration Statement and the other materials permitted by the Securities Act.

(viii) The Company has filed all necessary federal and state income and franchise tax returns and has paid all taxes shown thereon as due or has duly requested extensions thereof, and there is no tax deficiency that has been or, to the Company's knowledge, might be asserted against the

Company that might have a material adverse effect on the condition (financial or otherwise), earnings, operations, business or business prospects of the Company, and all tax liabilities are adequately provided for on the books of the Company.

(ix) Except as set forth in the Prospectus, (A) the Company has good and marketable title to all material properties and assets described in the Prospectus as owned by it, free and clear of any pledge, lien, security interest, encumbrance, claim or equitable interest other than such as are not material to the business of the Company, and (B) the agreements to which the Company is a party described in the Prospectus or attached as Exhibits to the Registration Statement are valid agreements, enforceable by the Company (as applicable), except as the enforcement thereof may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and by general equitable principles of general applicability and, to their knowledge, the other contracting party or parties thereto are not in material breach or material default under any of such agreements.

(x) To the best of Company's knowledge, no labor disturbance by the employees of the Company exists or is imminent; and the Company has no actual knowledge of any existing or imminent labor disturbance by the employees of any of its principal suppliers, subassemblers, or distributors that might be expected to result in any material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise), earnings, operations, business or business prospects of the Company. No collective bargaining agreement exists with any of the Company's employees and, to the Company's knowledge, no such agreement is imminent.

(xi) Except as otherwise disclosed in the Prospectus or reasonably contemplated thereby, the Company owns, possesses or can acquire on reasonable terms, all trademarks, trade names and other rights to inventions, know-how, patents, copyrights, confidential information and other intellectual property (collectively, "intellectual property rights") necessary to conduct the business now operated by it, or presently used by it, and has not received any notice of infringement of or conflict with asserted rights of others with respect to any intellectual property rights that, if determined adversely to the Company, would individually or in the aggregate have a material adverse effect on the Company.

(xii) The Company has not received any notice of any pending or threatened action, suit, claim or proceeding against the Company or any of its respective officers or any of its properties, assets or rights before any court or governmental agency or body, which (A) might result in any material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise), earnings, operations, business or business prospects of the Company, or (B) might prevent consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

(xiii) The Company is not, and upon receipt and upon application of the net proceeds from the sale of the Stock to be sold by the Company in the manner described in the Prospectus, will

not be, an "investment company" or "controlled" by an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder.

(xiv) To the best of the Company's knowledge, each current and former employee and each consultant of the Company has executed a confidentiality agreement and all such agreements are presently in effect and, to the Company's knowledge, are enforceable. To the best of the Company's knowledge, each of the Company's customers who has access to proprietary information is subject to confidentiality agreements and all such agreements are presently in effect and are enforceable.

(xv) The Company maintains insurance in such amounts generally as are prudent and customary in the business in which it is engaged, including, but not limited to, insurance covering real and personal property owned or leased by the Company against theft, damage, destruction, acts of vandalism and all other risks customarily insured against, all of which insurance is in full force and effect.

3. PURCHASE OF THE STOCK BY THE UNDERWRITERS.

(a) On the basis of the representations and warranties and subject to the terms and conditions herein set forth, the Company agrees to issue and sell _____ shares of the Underwritten Stock to the several Underwriters and each of the Underwriters agrees to purchase from the Company the aggregate number of shares of Underwritten Stock set forth opposite its name in Schedule I. The price at which such shares of Underwritten Stock shall be sold by the Company and purchased by the several Underwriters shall be \$_____ per share. The obligation of each Underwriter to the Company shall be to purchase from the Company that number of shares of the Underwritten Stock which represents the same proportion of the total number of shares of the Underwritten Stock to be sold by the Company pursuant to this Agreement as the number of shares of the Underwritten Stock set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto represents of the total number of shares of the Underwritten Stock to be purchased by all Underwriters pursuant to this Agreement, as adjusted by you in such manner as you deem advisable to avoid fractional shares. In making this Agreement, each Underwriter is contracting severally and not jointly; except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section 3, the agreement of each Underwriter is to purchase only the respective number of shares of the Underwritten Stock specified in Schedule I.

(b) If for any reason one or more of the Underwriters shall fail or refuse (otherwise than for a reason sufficient to justify the termination of this Agreement under the provisions of Section 8

or 9 hereof) to purchase and pay for the number of shares of the Stock agreed to be purchased by such Underwriter or Underwriters, the Company shall immediately give notice thereof to you, and the non-defaulting Underwriters shall have the right within 24 hours after the receipt by you of such notice to purchase, or procure one or more other Underwriters to purchase, in such proportions as may be agreed upon between you and such purchasing Underwriter or Underwriters and upon the terms herein set forth, all or any part of the shares of the Stock which such defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed to purchase. If the non-defaulting Underwriters fail so to make such arrangements with respect to all such shares and portion, the number of shares of the Stock which each non-defaulting Underwriter is otherwise obligated to purchase under this Agreement shall be automatically increased on a pro rata basis to absorb the remaining shares and portion which the defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed to purchase; provided, however, that the non-defaulting Underwriters shall not be obligated to purchase the shares and portion which the defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed to purchase if the aggregate number of such shares of the Stock exceeds 10% of the total number of shares of the Stock which all Underwriters agreed to purchase hereunder. If the total number of shares of the Stock which the defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed to purchase shall not be purchased or absorbed in accordance with the two preceding sentences, the Company shall have the right, within 24 hours next succeeding the 24-hour period above referred to, to make arrangements with other underwriters or purchasers satisfactory to you for purchase of such shares and portion on the terms herein set forth. In any such case, either you or the Company shall have the right to postpone the Closing Date determined as provided in Section 5 hereof for not more than seven business days after the date originally fixed as the Closing Date pursuant to said Section 5 in order that any necessary changes in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus or any other documents or arrangements may be made. If neither the non-defaulting Underwriters nor the Company shall make arrangements within the 24-hour periods stated above for the purchase of all the shares of the Stock which the defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed to purchase hereunder, this Agreement shall be terminated without further act or deed and without any liability on the part of the Company to any non-defaulting Underwriter and without any liability on the part of any non-defaulting Underwriter to the Company. Nothing in this paragraph (b), and no action taken hereunder, shall relieve any defaulting Underwriter from liability in respect of any default of such Underwriter under this Agreement.

(c) On the basis of the representations, warranties and covenants herein contained, and subject to the terms and conditions herein set forth, the Company grants an option to the several Underwriters to purchase, severally and not jointly, up to _____ shares in the aggregate of the Option Stock from the Company at the same price per share as the Underwriters shall pay for the Underwritten Stock. Said option may be exercised only to cover over-allotments in the sale of the Underwritten Stock by the Underwriters and may be exercised in whole or in part at any time (but not more than once) on or before the thirtieth day after the date of this Agreement upon written or telegraphic notice by you to the Company setting forth the aggregate number of shares of the Option Stock as to which the several Underwriters are exercising the option. Delivery of certificates for the shares of Option Stock, and payment therefor, shall be made as provided in Section 5 hereof. The number of shares of the Option Stock to be purchased by each Underwriter shall be the same percentage of the total number of shares of the Option Stock to be purchased by the several Underwriters as such Underwriter is purchasing of

the Underwritten Stock, as adjusted by you in such manner as you deem advisable to avoid fractional shares.

4. OFFERING BY UNDERWRITERS.

(a) The terms of the public offering by the Underwriters of the Stock to be purchased by them shall be as set forth in the Prospectus. The Underwriters may from time to time change the public offering price after the closing of the public offering and increase or decrease the concessions and discounts to dealers as they may determine.

(b) The information set forth in the last paragraph on the front cover page and under the caption "Underwriting" in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus relating to the Stock filed by the Company (insofar as such information relates to the Underwriters) constitutes the only information furnished by the Underwriters to the Company for inclusion in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, and you on behalf of the respective Underwriters represent and warrant to the Company that the statements made therein are correct.

5. DELIVERY OF AND PAYMENT FOR THE STOCK.

(a) Delivery of certificates for the shares of the Underwritten Stock and the Option Stock (if the option granted by Section 3(c) hereof shall have been exercised not later than 7:00 a.m. California time, on the date two business days preceding the Closing Date), and payment therefor, shall be made at the office of Pillsbury Madison & Sutro LLP, 235 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, CA 94104 at 7:00 a.m., California time, on the third business day after the date of this Agreement, or at such time on such other day, not later than the fourth business day after the date of this Agreement, as shall be agreed upon in writing by the Company and you. The date and hour of such delivery and payment (which may be postponed as provided in Section 3(b) hereof) are herein called the Closing Date.

(b) If the option granted by Section 3(c) hereof shall be exercised after 7:00 a.m., California time, on the date two business days preceding the Closing Date, delivery of certificates for the shares of Option Stock, and payment therefor, shall be made at the office of Pillsbury Madison & Sutro LLP, 235 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, CA 94104 at 7:00 a.m., California time, on the third business day after the exercise of such option.

(c) Payment for the Stock purchased from the Company shall be made to the Company or its order by wire transfer in immediately available funds. Such payment shall be made upon delivery of certificates for the Stock to you for the respective accounts of the several Underwriters against receipt therefor signed by you. Certificates for the Stock to be delivered to you shall be registered in such name or names and shall be in such denominations as you may request at least one business day before the Closing Date, in the case of Underwritten Stock, and at least one business day prior to the purchase thereof, in the case

of the Option Stock. Such certificates will be made available to the Underwriters for inspection, checking and packaging at the offices of Lewco Securities Corporation, 2 Broadway, New York, New York 10004, on the business day prior to the Closing Date or, in the case of the Option Stock, by 3:00 p.m., New York time, on the business day preceding the date of purchase.

It is understood that you, individually and not on behalf of the Underwriters, may (but shall not be obligated to) make payment to the Company for shares to be purchased by any Underwriter whose check shall not have been received by you on the Closing Date or any later date on which Option Stock is purchased for the account of such Underwriter. Any such payment by you shall not relieve such Underwriter from any of its obligations hereunder.

6. FURTHER AGREEMENTS OF THE COMPANY. The Company covenants and agrees as follows:

(a) The Company will (i) prepare and timely file with the Commission under Rule 424(b) a Prospectus containing information previously omitted at the time of effectiveness of the Registration Statement in reliance on Rule 430A and (ii) not file any amendment to the Registration Statement or supplement to the Prospectus of which you shall not previously have been advised and furnished with a copy or to which you shall have reasonably objected in writing or which is not in compliance with the Securities Act or the rules and regulations of the Commission.

(b) The Company will promptly notify each Underwriter in the event of (i) the request by the Commission for amendment of the Registration Statement or for supplement to the Prospectus or for any additional information, (ii) the issuance by the Commission of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, (iii) the institution or notice of intended institution of any action or proceeding for that purpose, (iv) the receipt by the Company of any notification with respect to the suspension of the qualification of the Stock for sale in any jurisdiction, or (v) the receipt by it of notice of the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose. The Company will make every reasonable effort to prevent the issuance of such a stop order and, if such an order shall at any time be issued, to obtain the withdrawal thereof at the earliest possible moment.

(c) The Company will (i) on or before the Closing Date, deliver to you a signed copy of the Registration Statement as originally filed and of each amendment thereto filed prior to the time the Registration Statement becomes effective and, promptly upon the filing thereof, a signed copy of each post-effective amendment, if any, to the Registration Statement (together with, in each case, all exhibits thereto unless previously furnished to you) and will also deliver to you, for distribution to the Underwriters, a sufficient number of additional conformed copies of each of the foregoing (but without exhibits) so that one copy of each may be distributed to each Underwriter, (ii) as promptly as possible deliver to you and send to the several Underwriters, at such office or offices as you may designate, as many copies of the Prospectus as you may reasonably request, and (iii) thereafter from time to time during the period in which a prospectus is required by law to be delivered by an Underwriter or dealer, likewise send to the Underwriters as many additional copies of the Prospectus and as many copies of any supplement to the Prospectus and of any amended prospectus, filed by the Company with the Commission, as you may reasonably request for the purposes contemplated by the Securities Act.

(d) If at any time during the period in which a prospectus is required by law to be delivered by an Underwriter or dealer any event relating to or affecting the Company, or of which the Company shall be advised in writing by you, shall occur as a result of which it is necessary, in the opinion of counsel for the Company or of counsel for the Underwriters, to supplement or amend the Prospectus in order to make the Prospectus not misleading in the light of the circumstances existing at the time it is delivered to a purchaser of the Stock, the Company will forthwith prepare and file with the Commission a supplement to the Prospectus or an amended prospectus so that the Prospectus as so supplemented or amended will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing at the time such Prospectus is delivered to such purchaser, not misleading. If, after the initial public offering of the Stock by the Underwriters and during such period, the Underwriters shall propose to vary the terms of offering thereof by reason of changes in general market conditions or otherwise, you will advise the Company in writing of the proposed variation, and, if in the opinion either of counsel for the Company or of counsel for the Underwriters such proposed variation requires that the Prospectus be supplemented or amended, the Company will forthwith prepare and file with the Commission a supplement to the Prospectus or an amended prospectus setting forth such variation. The Company authorizes the Underwriters and all dealers to whom any of the Stock may be sold by the several Underwriters to use the Prospectus, as from time to time amended or supplemented, in connection with the sale of the Stock in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Securities Act and the applicable rules and regulations thereunder for such period.

(e) Prior to the filing thereof with the Commission, the Company will submit to you, for your information, a copy of any post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement and any supplement to the Prospectus or any amended prospectus proposed to be filed.

(f) The Company will cooperate, when and as requested by you, in the qualification of the Stock for offer and sale under the securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions as you may designate and, during the period in which a prospectus is required by law to be delivered by an Underwriter or dealer, in keeping such qualifications in good standing under said securities or blue sky laws; provided, however, that the Company shall not be obligated to file any general consent to service of process or to qualify as a foreign corporation in any jurisdiction in which it is not so qualified. The Company will, from time to time, prepare and file such statements, reports, and other documents as are or may be required to continue such qualifications in effect for so long a period as you may reasonably request for distribution of the Stock.

(g) During a period of five years commencing with the date hereof, the Company will furnish to you, and to each Underwriter who may so request in writing, copies of all periodic and special reports furnished to stockholders of the Company and of all information, documents and reports filed with the Commission.

(h) Not later than the 45th day following the end of the fiscal quarter first occurring after the first anniversary of the Effective Date, the Company will make generally available to its

security holders an earnings statement in accordance with Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and Rule 158 thereunder.

(i) The Company agrees to pay all costs and expenses incident to the performance of its obligations under this Agreement, including all costs and expenses incident to (i) the preparation, printing and filing with the Commission and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") of the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, (ii) the furnishing to the Underwriters of copies of any Preliminary Prospectus and of the several documents required by paragraph (c) of this Section 6 to be so furnished, (iii) the printing of this Agreement and related documents delivered to the Underwriters, (iv) the preparation, printing and filing of all supplements and amendments to the Prospectus referred to in paragraph (d) of this Section 6, (v) the furnishing to you and the Underwriters of the reports and information referred to in paragraph (g) of this Section 6 and (vi) the printing and issuance of stock certificates, including the transfer agent's fees.

(j) The Company agrees to reimburse you, for the account of the several Underwriters, for blue sky fees and related disbursements (including counsel fees and disbursements and cost of printing memoranda for the Underwriters) paid by or for the account of the Underwriters or their counsel in qualifying the Stock under state securities or blue sky laws and in the review of the offering by the NASD.

(k) The Company hereby agrees that, without the prior written consent of Hambrecht & Quist LLC on behalf of the Underwriters, the Company will not, for a period of 90 days following the commencement of the public offering of the Stock by the Underwriters, directly or indirectly, (i) sell, offer, contract to sell, make any short sale, pledge, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase or otherwise transfer or dispose of any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for or any rights to purchase or acquire Common Stock or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences or ownership of Common Stock, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise. The foregoing sentence shall not apply to (A) the Stock to be sold to the Underwriters pursuant to this Agreement, (B) shares of Common Stock issued by the Company upon the exercise of options granted under the Company's 1991 Stock Plan, the 1993 Director's Stock Option Plan and the Company's Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plans"), all as described in footnote (1) to the table under the caption "Capitalization" in the Preliminary Prospectus, and (C) options to purchase Common Stock granted under the Plans.

(l) The Company agrees to use its best efforts to cause all directors and executive officers to agree that, without the prior written consent of Hambrecht & Quist LLC on behalf of the Underwriters, such person will not, for a period of 90 days following the commencement of the public offering of the Stock by the Underwriters, directly or indirectly, (i) sell, offer, contract to sell, make any short sale, pledge, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase or otherwise transfer or dispose of any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into or

exchangeable or exercisable for or any rights to purchase or acquire Common Stock or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences or ownership of Common Stock, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise.

7. INDEMNIFICATION AND CONTRIBUTION.

(a) The Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter and each person (including each partner or officer thereof) who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act from and against any and all losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which such indemnified parties or any of them may become subject under the Securities Act, or the common law or otherwise, and the Company agrees to reimburse each such Underwriter and controlling person for any legal or other expenses (including, except as otherwise hereinafter provided, reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel) incurred by the respective indemnified parties in connection with defending against any such losses, claims, damages or liabilities or in connection with any investigation or inquiry of, or other proceeding which may be brought against, the respective indemnified parties, in each case arising out of or based upon (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement (including the Prospectus as part thereof and any Rule 462(b) registration statement) or any post-effective amendment thereto (including any Rule 462(b) registration statement), or the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, or (ii) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any Preliminary Prospectus or the Prospectus (as amended or as supplemented if the Company shall have filed with the Commission any amendment thereof or supplement thereto) or the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that (1) the indemnity agreements of the Company contained in this paragraph (a) shall not apply to any such losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses if such statement or omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished as herein stated to the Company by or on behalf of any Underwriter for use in any Preliminary Prospectus or the Registration Statement or the Prospectus or any such amendment thereof or supplement thereto, (2) the indemnity agreement contained in this paragraph (a) with respect to any Preliminary Prospectus shall not inure to the benefit of any Underwriter from whom the person asserting any such losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses purchased the Stock which is the subject thereof (or to the benefit of any person controlling such Underwriter) if at or prior to the written confirmation of the sale of such Stock a copy of the Prospectus (or the Prospectus as amended or supplemented) was not sent or delivered to such person and the untrue statement or omission of a material fact contained in such Preliminary Prospectus was corrected in the Prospectus (or the Prospectus as amended or supplemented) unless the failure is the result of noncompliance by the Company with paragraph (c) of Section 6 hereof.

The indemnity agreement of the Company contained in this paragraph (a) and the representations and warranties of the Company contained in Section 2 hereof shall remain operative and in full force and

effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of any indemnified party and shall survive the delivery of and payment for the Stock.

(b) Each Underwriter severally agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Company, each of its officers who signs the Registration Statement on his own behalf or pursuant to a power of attorney, each of its directors, each other Underwriter and each person (including each partner or officer thereof) who controls the Company or any such other Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act from and against any and all losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which such indemnified parties or any of them may become subject under the Securities Act, or the common law or otherwise and to reimburse each of them for any legal or other expenses (including, except as otherwise hereinafter provided, reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel) incurred by the respective indemnified parties in connection with defending against any such losses, claims, damages or liabilities or in connection with any investigation or inquiry of, or other proceeding which may be brought against, the respective indemnified parties, in each case arising out of or based upon (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement (including the Prospectus as part thereof and any Rule 462(b) registration statement) or any post-effective amendment thereto (including any Rule 462(b) registration statement) or the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading or (ii) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Prospectus (as amended or as supplemented if the Company shall have filed with the Commission any amendment thereof or supplement thereto) or the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, if such statement or omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished as herein stated for use in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus or any such amendment thereof or supplement thereto. The indemnity agreement of each Underwriter contained in this paragraph (b) shall remain operative and in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of any indemnified party and shall survive the delivery of and payment for the Stock.

(c) Each party indemnified under the provision of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Section 7 agrees that, upon the service of a summons or other initial legal process upon it in any action or suit instituted against it or upon its receipt of written notification of the commencement of any investigation or inquiry of, or proceeding against, it in respect of which indemnity may be sought on account of any indemnity agreement contained in such paragraphs, it will promptly give written notice (herein called the Notice) of such service or notification to the party or parties from whom indemnification may be sought hereunder. No indemnification provided for in such paragraphs shall be available to any party who shall fail so to give the Notice if the party to whom such Notice was not given was unaware of the action, suit, investigation, inquiry or proceeding to which the Notice would have related and was prejudiced by the failure to give the Notice, but the omission so to notify such indemnifying party or parties of any such service or notification shall not relieve such indemnifying party or parties from any liability which it or they may have to the indemnified party for contribution or otherwise than on account of such indemnity agreement. Any indemnifying party shall be entitled at its own expense to participate in the defense of any action, suit or proceeding against, or investigation

or inquiry of, an indemnified party. Any indemnifying party shall be entitled, if it so elects within a reasonable time after receipt of the Notice by giving written notice (herein called the Notice of Defense) to the indemnified party, to assume (alone or in conjunction with any other indemnifying party or parties) the entire defense of such action, suit, investigation, inquiry or proceeding, in which event such defense shall be conducted, at the expense of the indemnifying party or parties, by counsel chosen by such indemnifying party or parties and reasonably satisfactory to the indemnified party or parties; provided, however, that (i) if the indemnified party or parties reasonably determine that there may be a conflict between the positions of the indemnifying party or parties and of the indemnified party or parties in conducting the defense of such action, suit, investigation, inquiry or proceeding or that there may be legal defenses available to such indemnified party or parties different from or in addition to those available to the indemnifying party or parties, then counsel for the indemnified party or parties shall be entitled to conduct the defense to the extent reasonably determined by such counsel to be necessary to protect the interests of the indemnified party or parties and (ii) in any event, the indemnified party or parties shall be entitled to have counsel chosen by such indemnified party or parties participate in, but not conduct, the defense. If, within a reasonable time after receipt of the Notice, an indemnifying party gives a Notice of Defense and the counsel chosen by the indemnifying party or parties is reasonably satisfactory to the indemnified party or parties, the indemnifying party or parties will not be liable under paragraphs (a) through (c) of this Section 7 for any legal or other expenses subsequently incurred by the indemnified party or parties in connection with the defense of the action, suit, investigation, inquiry or proceeding, except that (A) the indemnifying party or parties shall bear the legal and other expenses incurred in connection with the conduct of the defense as referred to in clause (i) of the proviso to the preceding sentence and (B) the indemnifying party or parties shall bear such other expenses as it or they have authorized to be incurred by the indemnified party or parties. If, within a reasonable time after receipt of the Notice, no Notice of Defense has been given, the indemnifying party or parties shall be responsible for any legal or other expenses incurred by the indemnified party or parties in connection with the defense of the action, suit, investigation, inquiry or proceeding.

(d) If the indemnification provided for in this Section 7 is unavailable or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party under paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section 7, then each indemnifying party, in lieu of indemnifying such indemnified party, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of the losses, claims, damages or liabilities referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section 7 (i) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by each indemnifying party from the offering of the Stock or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause (i) above is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause (i) above but also the relative fault of each indemnifying party in connection with the statements or omissions that resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities, or actions in respect thereof, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the Company and the Underwriters shall be deemed to be in the same respective proportions as the total net proceeds from the offering of the Stock received by the Company and the total underwriting discount received by the Underwriters, as set forth in the table on the cover page of the Prospectus, bear to the aggregate public offering price of the Stock. Relative fault shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to

information supplied by each indemnifying party and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such untrue statement or omission.

The parties agree that it would not be just and equitable if contributions pursuant to this paragraph (d) were to be determined by pro rata allocation (even if the Underwriters were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation which does not take into account the equitable considerations referred to in the first sentence of this paragraph (d). The amount paid by an indemnified party as a result of the losses, claims, damages or liabilities, or actions in respect thereof, referred to in the first sentence of this paragraph (d) shall be deemed to include any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigation, preparing to defend or defending against any action or claim which is the subject of this paragraph (d). Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph (d), no Underwriter shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the underwriting discount applicable to the Stock purchased by such Underwriter. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. The Underwriters' obligations in this paragraph (d) to contribute are several in proportion to their respective underwriting obligations and not joint.

Each party entitled to contribution agrees that upon the service of a summons or other initial legal process upon it in any action instituted against it in respect of which contribution may be sought, it will promptly give written notice of such service to the party or parties from whom contribution may be sought, but the omission so to notify such party or parties of any such service shall not relieve the party from whom contribution may be sought from any obligation it may have hereunder or otherwise (except as specifically provided in paragraph (c) of this Section 7).

(e) The Company will not, without the prior written consent of each Underwriter, settle or compromise or consent to the entry of any judgment in any pending or threatened claim, action, suit or proceeding in respect of which indemnification may be sought hereunder (whether or not such Underwriter or any person who controls such Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act is a party to such claim, action, suit or proceeding) unless such settlement, compromise or consent includes an unconditional release of such Underwriter and each such controlling person from all liability arising out of such claim, action, suit or proceeding.

8. TERMINATION. This Agreement may be terminated by you at any time prior to the Closing Date by giving written notice to the Company if after the date of this Agreement trading in the Common Stock shall have been suspended, or if there shall have occurred (i) the engagement in hostilities or an escalation of major hostilities by the United States or the declaration of war or a national emergency by the United States on or after the date hereof, (ii) any outbreak of hostilities or other national or international calamity or crisis or change in economic or political conditions if the effect of such outbreak, calamity, crisis or change in economic or political conditions in the financial markets of the United States would, in the Underwriters' reasonable judgment, make the offering or delivery of the Stock impracticable, (iii) suspension of trading in securities generally or a material adverse decline in value of securities generally on the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, or The

Nasdaq Stock Market, or limitations on prices (other than limitations on hours or numbers of days of trading) for securities on either such exchange or system, (iv) the enactment, publication, decree or other promulgation of any federal or state statute, regulation, rule or order of, or commencement of any proceeding or investigation by, any court, legislative body, agency or other governmental authority which in the Underwriters' reasonable opinion materially and adversely affects or will materially or adversely affect the business or operations of the Company, (v) declaration of a banking moratorium by either federal or New York State authorities or (vi) the taking of any action by any federal, state or local government or agency in respect of its monetary or fiscal affairs which in the Underwriters' reasonable opinion has a material adverse effect on the securities markets in the United States. If this Agreement shall be terminated pursuant to this Section 8, there shall be no liability of the Company to the Underwriters and no liability of the Underwriters to the Company; provided, however, that in the event of any such termination the Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Underwriters from all costs or expenses incident to the performance of the obligations of the Company under this Agreement, including all costs and expenses referred to in paragraphs (i) and (j) of Section 6 hereof.

9. CONDITIONS OF UNDERWRITERS' OBLIGATIONS. The obligations of the several Underwriters to purchase and pay for the Stock shall be subject to the performance by the Company of all its obligations to be performed hereunder at or prior to the Closing Date or any later date on which Option Stock is to be purchased, as the case may be, and to the following further conditions:

(a) The Registration Statement shall have become effective; and no stop order suspending the effectiveness thereof shall have been issued and no proceedings therefor shall be pending or threatened by the Commission.

(b) The legality and sufficiency of the sale of the Stock hereunder and the validity and form of the certificates representing the Stock, all corporate proceedings and other legal matters incident to the foregoing, and the form of the Registration Statement and of the Prospectus (except as to the financial statements contained therein), shall have been approved at or prior to the Closing Date by Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati, Professional Corporation, counsel for the Underwriters.

(c) You shall have received from Pillsbury Madison & Sutro LLP, counsel for the Company, an opinion addressed to the Underwriters and dated the Closing Date, covering the matters set forth in Annex A hereto, and if Option Stock is purchased at any date after the Closing Date, additional opinions from such counsel, addressed to the Underwriters and dated such later date, confirming that the statements expressed as of the Closing Date in such opinions remain valid as of such later date.

(d) You shall have received from the Company's in-house patent counsel an opinion addressed to the Underwriters and dated the Closing Date, covering the matters set forth in Annex B hereto, and if Option Stock is purchased at any date after the Closing Date, additional opinions from such counsel, addressed to the Underwriters and dated such later date, confirming that the statements expressed as of the Closing Date in such opinions remain valid as of such later date.

(e) You shall be satisfied that (i) as of the Effective Date, the statements made in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus were true and correct and neither the Registration Statement nor the Prospectus omitted to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, respectively, not misleading, (ii) since the Effective Date, no event has occurred which should have been set forth in a supplement or amendment to the Prospectus which has not been set forth in such a supplement or amendment, (iii) since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement in the form in which it originally became effective and the Prospectus contained therein, there has not been any material adverse change or any development involving a prospective material adverse change in or affecting the condition (financial or otherwise), earnings, operations, business or business prospects of the Company, whether or not arising from transactions in the ordinary course of business, and, since such dates, except in the ordinary course of business, the Company has not entered into any material transaction not referred to in the Registration Statement in the form in which it originally became effective and the Prospectus contained therein, (iv) the Company has no material contingent obligations which are not disclosed in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus, (v) there are not any pending or known threatened legal proceedings to which the Company is a party or of which property of the Company is the subject which are material and which are not disclosed in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus, (vi) there are not any franchises, contracts, leases or other documents which are required to be filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement which have not been filed as required, (vii) the representations and warranties of the Company herein are true and correct in all material respects as of the Closing Date or any later date on which Option Stock is to be purchased, as the case may be, and (viii) there has not been any material change in the market for securities in general or in political, financial or economic conditions from those reasonably foreseeable as to render it impracticable in your reasonable judgment to make a public offering of the Stock, or a material adverse change in market levels for securities in general (or those of companies in particular) or financial or economic conditions which render it inadvisable to proceed.

(f) You shall have received on the Closing Date and on any later date on which Option Stock is purchased a certificate, dated the Closing Date or such later date, as the case may be, and signed by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, stating that the respective signers of said certificate have carefully examined the Registration Statement in the form in which it originally became effective and the Prospectus contained therein and any supplements or amendments thereto, and that the statements included in clauses (i) through (vii) of paragraph (f) of this Section 9 are true and correct.

(g) You shall have received from Ernst & Young LLP, a letter or letters, addressed to the Underwriters and dated the Closing Date and any later date on which Option Stock is purchased, confirming that they are independent public accountants with respect to the Company within the meaning of the Securities Act and the applicable published rules and regulations thereunder and based upon the procedures described in their letter delivered to you concurrently with the execution of this Agreement (herein called the Original Letter), but carried out to a date not more than three business days prior to the Closing Date or such later date on which Option Stock is purchased (i) confirming, to the extent true, that the statements and conclusions set forth in the Original Letter are accurate as of the

Closing Date or such later date, as the case may be, and (ii) setting forth any revisions and additions to the statements and conclusions set forth in the Original Letter which are necessary to reflect any changes in the facts described in the Original Letter since the date of the Original Letter or to reflect the availability of more recent financial statements, data or information. The letters shall not disclose any change, or any development involving a prospective change, in or affecting the business or properties of the Company or any of its subsidiaries which, in your sole judgment, makes it impractical or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering of the Stock or the purchase of the Option Stock as contemplated by the Prospectus.

(h) You shall have been furnished evidence in usual written or telegraphic form from the appropriate authorities of the several jurisdictions, or other evidence satisfactory to you, of the qualification referred to in paragraph (f) of Section 6 hereof.

(i) Prior to the Closing Date, the Stock to be issued and sold by the Company shall have been duly authorized for listing on the Nasdaq National Market upon official notice of issuance.

(j) On or prior to the Closing Date, you shall have received from all directors and executive officers of the Company, in a form reasonably satisfactory to Hambrecht & Quist LLC, stating that without the prior written consent of Hambrecht & Quist LLC on behalf of the Underwriters, such person or entity will not, for a period of 90 days following the commencement of the public offering of the Stock by the Underwriters, directly or indirectly, (i) sell, offer, contract to sell, make any short sale, pledge, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase or otherwise transfer or dispose of any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for or any rights to purchase or acquire Common Stock or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences or ownership of Common Stock, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise.

All the agreements, opinions, certificates and letters mentioned above or elsewhere in this Agreement shall be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions hereof only if Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati, Professional Corporation, counsel for the Underwriters, shall be satisfied that they comply in form and scope.

In case any of the conditions specified in this Section 9 shall not be fulfilled, this Agreement may be terminated by you by giving notice to the Company. Any such termination shall be without liability of the Company to the Underwriters and without liability of the Underwriters to the Company; provided, however, that (i) in the event of such termination, the Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Underwriters from all costs or expenses incident to the performance of the obligations of the Company under this Agreement, including all costs and expenses referred to in paragraphs (i) and (j) of Section 6 hereof, and (ii) if this Agreement is terminated by you because of any refusal, inability or failure on the part of the Company to perform any agreement herein, to fulfill any of the conditions herein, or to comply with any provision hereof other than by reason of a default by any of the

Underwriters, the Company will reimburse the Underwriters severally upon demand for all out-of-pocket expenses (including reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel) that shall have been incurred by them in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby.

10. CONDITIONS OF THE OBLIGATION OF THE COMPANY. The obligation of the Company to deliver the Stock shall be subject to the conditions that (a) the Registration Statement shall have become effective and (b) no stop order suspending the effectiveness thereof shall be in effect and no proceedings therefor shall be pending or threatened by the Commission.

In case either of the conditions specified in this Section 10 shall not be fulfilled, this Agreement may be terminated by the Company by giving notice to you. Any such termination shall be without liability of the Company to the Underwriters and without liability of the Underwriters to the Company; provided, however, that in the event of any such termination the Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Underwriters from all costs or expenses incident to the performance of the obligations of the Company under this Agreement, including all costs and expenses referred to in paragraphs (i) and (j) of Section 6 hereof.

11. REIMBURSEMENT OF CERTAIN EXPENSES. In addition to its other obligations under Section 7 of this Agreement, the Company hereby agrees to reimburse on a quarterly basis the Underwriters for all reasonable legal and other expenses incurred in connection with investigating or defending any claim, action, investigation, inquiry or other proceeding arising out of or based upon any statement or omission, or any alleged statement or omission, described in paragraph (a) of Section 7 of this Agreement, notwithstanding the absence of a judicial determination as to the propriety and enforceability of the obligations under this Section 11 and the possibility that such payments might later be held to be improper; provided, however, that (i) to the extent any such payment is ultimately held to be improper, the persons receiving such payments shall promptly refund them and (ii) such persons shall provide to the Company, upon request, reasonable assurances of their ability to effect any refund, when and if due.

12. PERSONS ENTITLED TO BENEFIT OF AGREEMENT. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the Company and the several Underwriters and, with respect to the provisions of Section 7 hereof, the several parties (in addition to the Company and the several Underwriters) indemnified under the provisions of said Section 7, and their respective personal representatives, successors and assigns. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or shall be construed to give to any other person, firm or corporation any legal or equitable remedy or claim under or in respect of this Agreement or any provision herein contained. The term "successors and assigns" as herein used shall not include any purchaser, as such purchaser, of any of the Stock from any of the several Underwriters.

13. NOTICES. Except as otherwise provided herein, all communications hereunder shall be in writing or by telegraph and, if to the Underwriters, shall be mailed, telegraphed or delivered to Hambrecht & Quist LLC, One Bush Street, San Francisco, California 94104; and if to the Company, shall be mailed, telegraphed or delivered to it at its office, 3174 Porter Drive, Palo Alto, California

94304, Attention: Roy A. Whitfield. All notices given by telegraph shall be promptly confirmed by letter.

14. MISCELLANEOUS. The reimbursement, indemnification and contribution agreements contained in this Agreement and the representations, warranties and covenants in this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect regardless of (a) any termination of this Agreement, (b) any investigation made by or on behalf of any Underwriter or controlling person thereof, or by or on behalf of the Company or the respective directors or officers, and (c) delivery and payment for the Stock under this Agreement; provided, however, that if this Agreement is terminated prior to the Closing Date, the provisions of paragraphs (k), and (l) of Section 6 hereof shall be of no further force or effect.

This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of California.

Please sign and return to the Company in care of the Company the enclosed duplicates of this letter, whereupon this letter will become a binding agreement between the Company and the several Underwriters in accordance with its terms.

Very truly yours,

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By -----
Roy A. Whitfield
President and Chief Executive Officer

The foregoing Agreement is hereby confirmed and accepted as of the date first above written.

HAMBRECHT & QUIST LLC
ALEX. BROWN & SONS INCORPORATED
VECTOR SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL, INC.
By Hambrecht & Quist LLC

By -----
Managing Director

Acting on behalf of the several Underwriters, including themselves, named in Schedule I hereto.

SCHEDULE I
UNDERWRITERS

NUMBER
OF
UNDERWRITER
SHARES
TO BE
PURCHASED

Hambrecht & Quist LLC.....
Alex. Brown & Sons Incorporated
Vector Securities International, Inc.....

Total.....

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ANNEX A

MATTERS TO BE COVERED IN THE OPINION OF
PILLSBURY MADISON & SUTRO LLP
COUNSEL FOR THE COMPANY

(i) The Company has been duly incorporated and is validly existing as a corporation in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation, is duly qualified as a foreign corporation and in good standing in each state of the United States of America in which its ownership or leasing of property requires such qualification (except where the failure to be so qualified would not have a material adverse effect on the business, properties, financial condition or results of operations of the Company, and has full corporate power and authority to own or lease its properties and conduct its business as described in the Registration Statement;

(ii) The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 5,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, \$.001 par value, of which there are no outstanding shares, and 75,000,000 shares of Common Stock, \$.001 par value, of which as of July ____, 1997, there are outstanding _____ shares (including the Underwritten Stock plus the number of shares of Option Stock issued on the date hereof); proper corporate proceedings have been taken validly to authorize such authorized capital stock, all of the outstanding shares of such capital stock (including the Underwritten Stock and the shares of Option Stock issued, if any) have been duly and validly issued and are fully paid and nonassessable; any Option Stock purchased after the Closing Date, when issued and delivered to and paid for by the Underwriters as provided in the Underwriting Agreement, will have been duly and validly issued and be fully paid and nonassessable; and no preemptive rights of, or rights of refusal in favor of, stockholders exist with respect to the Stock, or the issue and sale thereof, pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws of the Company and, to the knowledge of such counsel, there are no contractual preemptive rights that have not been waived, rights of first refusal or rights of co-sale which exist with respect to the issue and sale of the Stock;

(iii) the Registration Statement has become effective under the Securities Act and, to such counsel's knowledge, no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or suspending or preventing the use of the Prospectus is in effect and no proceedings for that purpose have been instituted or are pending or contemplated by the Commission;

(iv) the Registration Statement and the Prospectus (except as to the financial statements and schedules and other financial data contained therein, as to which such counsel need express no opinion) comply as to form in all material respects with the requirements of the Securities Act and with the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder;

(v) the information required to be set forth in the Registration Statement in answer to Items 9 and 10 (insofar as it relates to such counsel) of Form S-3 is to the best of such counsel's knowledge accurately and adequately set forth therein in all material respects or no response is required with respect to such Items;

(vi) such counsel do not know of any franchises, contracts, leases, documents or legal proceedings, pending or threatened, which in the opinion of such counsel are of a character required to be described in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus or to be filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement, which are not described and filed as required;

(vii) the Underwriting Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company;

(viii) the issue and sale by the Company of the shares of Stock sold by the Company as contemplated by the Underwriting Agreement will not conflict with, or result in a breach of, the Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws of the Company or any agreement or instrument known to such counsel to which the Company is a party or any applicable law or regulation, or so far as is known to such counsel, any order, writ, injunction or decree, of any jurisdiction, court or government instrumentality;

(ix) all holders of securities of the Company having rights to the registration of shares of Common Stock, or other securities, because of the filing of the Registration Statement by the Company have waived such rights or such rights have expired by reason of lapse of time following notification of the Company's intent to file the Registration Statement or such rights have been satisfied;

Counsel rendering the foregoing opinion may rely as to questions of law not involving the laws of the United States or of the State of upon opinions of local counsel satisfactory in form and scope to counsel for the Underwriters. Copies of any opinions so relied upon shall be delivered to the representatives and to counsel for the underwriters and the foregoing opinion shall also state that counsel knows of no reason the Underwriters are not needed to rely upon the opinions of such local counsel.

In addition to the matters set forth above, counsel rendered the foregoing opinion shall also include a statement to the effect that nothing has come to the attention of such counsel that leads them to believe that the Registration Statement (except as to the financial statements and schedules and other financial data contained or incorporated by reference therein, as to which such counsel need not express any opinion or belief) at the Effective Date contained any untrue statement of a material fact or opinion to state a material fact required to be stated thereon or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, that the Prospectus (except as to the financial statements and schedules and other financial data contained or incorporated by reference therein, as to which such counsel need not express any opinion or belief) as of its date or at the Closing Date (or any later date on which Option Stock is purchased), contained or contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements thereon, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

ANNEX B

MATTERS TO BE COVERED IN THE OPINION OF
IN-HOUSE PATENT COUNSEL FOR THE COMPANY

1. To the best of our knowledge, there are no judicial proceedings pending relating to patents or proprietary information to which the Company is a party, and to the best of our knowledge, except as set forth in the Final Prospectus, no such judicial proceedings are threatened by any person.

2. To the best of our knowledge, each of the Company's currently pending U.S. and foreign patent applications (other than the BPI-related applications) has been properly prepared and filed by or on behalf of the Company; and, to the best of our knowledge, each of such applications is held by the Company and no other entity or individual has any right or claim in any of such applications or any patent to be issued therefrom, by virtue of any contract, license or other agreement, known to us, entered into between such entity and the Company, except for those applications listed on Schedule I hereto with respect to which certain of the Company's collaborators have certain rights as co-inventors.

3. With respect to issued patents or patents being prosecuted by or on behalf of the Company, no patent rights are scheduled to expire during the five-year period following the date hereof which expiration would materially and adversely affect the financial or business condition, business, operations or business prospects of the Company.

4. To the best of our knowledge, the Company has not received any notice of infringement of or conflict with asserted rights of others with respect to any patents which, singly or in the aggregate, if the subject of an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding, would materially adversely affect the condition (financial or other) business, results of operations or prospects of the Company, except with respect to [claims], with respect to which the Company believes it has meritorious defenses.

In addition, we have considered the statements contained in the sections of the Prospectus entitled "Risk Factors -- Uncertainty of Protection of Patents and Proprietary Rights" and "Business -- Patents and Proprietary Technology" (collectively, the "Intellectual Property Paragraphs"), although we have not independently verified the accuracy, completeness or fairness of such statements. Based upon and subject to the foregoing, nothing has come to our attention that leads us to believe that the Intellectual Property Paragraphs, at the time the Registration Statement became effective and as of the date hereof, contained or contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading or that the Intellectual Property Paragraphs, as of the date hereof, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

For purposes of the foregoing opinions, the term "the Company" shall refer also to Combion, Inc. and Genome Systems, Inc., its consolidated subsidiaries.

RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

OF

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
(as amended as of 7/2/97)

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, hereby certifies as follows:

FIRST: The name of the corporation is Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

SECOND: The original Certificate of Incorporation of the corporation was filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on April 8, 1991 and the original name of the corporation was INCYTE Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

THIRD: Pursuant to Sections 242 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, this Restated Certificate of Incorporation restates, integrates and further amends the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of this corporation.

FOURTH: The text of the Restated Certificate of Incorporation as heretofore amended or supplemented is hereby restated and amended to read in its entirety as follows:

ARTICLE I

The name of the corporation is Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

ARTICLE II

The address of its registered office in the State of Delaware is Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, Delaware 19801. The name of its registered agent at such address is The Corporation Trust Company.

ARTICLE III

The nature of the business or purposes to be conducted or promoted is to engage in any lawful act or

activity for which corporations may be organized under the General Corporation Law of Delaware.

ARTICLE IV

A. Classes of Stock. The total number of shares of all classes of capital stock which the corporation shall have authority to issue is eighty million (80,000,000), of which seventy-five million (75,000,000) shares of the par value of one-tenth of one cent (\$.001) each shall be Common Stock (the "Common Stock") and five million (5,000,000) shares of the par value of one-tenth of one cent (\$.001) each shall be Preferred Stock (the "Preferred Stock"). The number of authorized shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the then outstanding shares of Common Stock, without a vote of the holders of the Preferred Stock, or of any series thereof, unless a vote of any such Preferred Stock holders is required pursuant to the provisions established by the Board of Directors of this Corporation (the "Board of Directors") in the resolution or resolutions providing for the issue of such Preferred Stock, and if such holders of such Preferred Stock are so entitled to vote thereon, then, except as may otherwise be set forth in this Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the only stockholder approval required shall be the affirmative vote of a majority of the combined voting power of the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock so entitled to vote.

B. Preferred Stock. The Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The Board of Directors is expressly authorized to provide for the issue, in one or more series, of all or any of the remaining shares of Preferred Stock and, in the resolution or resolutions providing for such issue, to establish for each such series the number of its shares, the voting powers, full or limited, of the shares of such series, or that such shares shall have no voting powers, and the designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of the shares of such series, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof. The Board of Directors is also expressly authorized (unless forbidden in the resolution or resolutions providing for such issue) to increase or decrease (but not below the number of shares of the series then outstanding) the number of shares of any series subsequent to the issuance of shares of that series. In case the number of shares of any such series shall be so decreased, the shares constituting such decrease shall resume the status that they had prior to the adoption of the resolution originally fixing the number of shares of such series.

C. Common Stock.

1. Relative Rights of Preferred Stock and Common Stock. All preferences, voting powers, relative, participating optional or other special rights and privileges, and qualifications, limitations, or restrictions of the Common Stock are expressly made subject and subordinate to those that may be fixed with respect to any shares of the Preferred Stock.

2. Voting Rights. Except as otherwise required by law or this restated certificate of incorporation, each holder of Common Stock shall have one vote in respect of each share of stock held by him of record on the books of the corporation for the election of directors and on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders of the corporation.

3. Dividends. Subject to the preferential rights of the Preferred Stock, holders of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive, when and if declared by the board of directors, out of the assets of the corporation which are by law available therefor, dividends payable either in cash, in property or in shares of capital stock.

4. Dissolution, Liquidation or Winding Up. In the event of any dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the corporation, after distribution in full of the preferential amounts, if any, to be distributed to the holders of shares of the Preferred Stock, holders of Common Stock shall be entitled, unless otherwise provided by law or this Restated Certificate of Incorporation, to receive all of the remaining assets of the corporation of whatever kind available for distribution to stockholders ratably in proportion to the number of shares of Common Stock held by them respectively.

ARTICLE V

The corporation is to have perpetual existence.

ARTICLE VI

In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred by the laws of the State of Delaware:

A. The Board of Directors is expressly authorized to adopt, amend or repeal the by-laws of the corporation; provided, however, that the by-laws may only be amended in accordance with the provisions thereof.

B. Elections of directors need not be by written ballot unless the by-laws of the corporation shall so provide.

C. The books of the corporation may be kept at such place within or without the State of Delaware as the by-laws of the corporation may provide or as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE VII

A. A director of the corporation shall not be personally liable to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation and its stockholders; (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or knowing violations of law; (iii) under Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law; or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

B. Each person who is or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (hereinafter a "proceeding"), by reason of the fact that he or she, or a person of whom he or she is the legal representative, is or was a director or officer of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including service with respect to employee benefit plans, whether the basis of such proceeding is alleged action in an official capacity as a director, officer, employee or agent or in any other capacity while serving as a director, officer, employee or agent, shall be indemnified and held harmless by the corporation to the fullest extent authorized by the Delaware General Corporation Law, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the corporation to provide prior to such amendment), against all expense, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, ERISA excise taxes or penalties and amounts paid or to be paid in settlement) reasonably incurred or suffered by such person in connection therewith and such indemnification shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of his or her heirs, executors and administrators; provided, however, that, except as provided in the second paragraph hereof, the corporation shall indemnify any such person seeking indemni-

fication in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such person only if such proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized by the Board of Directors of the corporation. The right to indemnification conferred in this section shall be a contract right and shall include the right to be paid by the corporation any expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition; provided, however, that, if the Delaware General Corporation Law requires, the payment of such expenses incurred by a director or officer in his or her capacity as a director or officer (and not in any other capacity in which service was or is rendered by such person while a director or officer, including, without limitation, service to an employee benefit plan) in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding, shall be made only upon delivery to the corporation of an undertaking, by or on behalf of such director or officer, to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such director or officer is not entitled to be indemnified under this section or otherwise. The corporation may, by action of its Board of Directors, provide indemnification to employees and agents of the corporation with the same scope and effect as the foregoing indemnification of directors and officers.

If a claim under the first paragraph of this section is not paid in full by the corporation within thirty (30) days after a written claim has been received by the corporation, the claimant may at any time thereafter bring suit against the corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim and, if successful in whole or in part, the claimant shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting such claim. It shall be a defense to any such action (other than an action brought to enforce a claim for expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition where the required undertaking, if any is required, has been tendered to the corporation) that the claimant has not met the standards of conduct which make it permissible under the Delaware General Corporation Law for the corporation to indemnify the claimant for the amount claimed, but the burden of proving such defense shall be on the corporation. Neither the failure of the corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel, or its stockholders) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such action that indemnification of the claimant is proper in the circumstances because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the Delaware General Corporation Law, nor an actual determination by the corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel, or its stockholders) that the claimant has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that the claimant has not met the applicable standard of conduct.

The right to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition conferred in this section shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of the Restated Certificate of Incorporation, by-law, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

C. The corporation may maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation or another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any such expense, liability or loss, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such expense, liability or loss under the Delaware General Corporation Law.

D. Any repeal or modification of the foregoing provisions of this Article VII shall not adversely affect any right or protection of any director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation existing at the time of such repeal or modification.

E. The amendment or repeal of this Article VII shall require the approval of the holders of shares representing at least sixty six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the shares of the corporation entitled to vote in the election of directors, voting as one class.

ARTICLE VIII

The corporation reserves the right to amend or repeal any provision contained in this restated certificate of incorporation, in the manner now or hereafter prescribed by statute, and all rights conferred upon a stockholder herein are granted subject to this reservation.

FIFTH: This Restated Certificate of Incorporation was duly adopted by the Board of Directors of this corporation.

SIXTH: This Restated Certificate of Incorporation was duly adopted by written consent of the stockholders in accordance with Sections 228, 245 and 242 of the General

Corporation Law of the State of Delaware and written notice of such action has been given as provided in Section 228.

BYLAWS

OF

INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
(amended as of 05/21/97)

ARTICLE I

MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS

Section 1. Place of Meetings. All meetings of the stockholders shall be held at such place within or without the State of Delaware as may be fixed from time to time by the board of directors or the chief executive officer, or if not so designated, at the registered office of the corporation.

Section 2. Annual Meeting. Annual meetings of stockholders shall be held at such date and time as shall be designated from time to time by the board of directors or the chief executive officer and stated in the notice of meeting. At the annual meeting the stockholders shall elect by a plurality vote a board of directors and shall transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

To be properly brought before the annual meeting, business must be either (a) specified in the notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the board of directors or the chief executive officer, (b) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the board of directors or the chief executive officer, or (c) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by a stockholder of record. In addition to any other applicable requirements, for business to be properly brought before the annual meeting by a stockholder, the stockholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the secretary of the corporation. To be timely, a stockholder's notice must be delivered by a nationally recognized courier service or mailed by first class United States mail, postage or delivery charges prepaid, and received at the principal executive offices of the corporation, addressed to the attention of the secretary of the corporation, not less than 60 days nor more than 90 days prior to the scheduled date of the meeting (regardless of any postponements, deferrals or adjournments of that meeting to a later date); provided, however, that in the event that less than 70 days' notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the scheduled meeting is given or made to stockholders, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be so received not later than the earlier of (a) the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the scheduled annual meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made, whichever first occurs, and (b) two days prior to the date of the scheduled meeting. A stockholder's notice to the secretary shall set forth as to each matter the stockholder proposes to

bring before the annual meeting (i) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the annual meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting, (ii) the name and record address of the stockholder proposing such business, (iii) the class, series and number of shares of the corporation that are owned beneficially by the stockholder, and (iv) any material interest of the stockholder in such business. Notwithstanding anything in these bylaws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at the annual meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section; provided, however, that nothing in this Section shall be deemed to preclude discussion by any stockholder of any business properly brought before the annual meeting.

The chairman of the board of the corporation (or such other person presiding at the meeting in accordance with these bylaws) shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that business was not properly brought before the meeting in accordance with the provisions of this Section, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting and any such business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted.

Section 3. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the stockholders, for any purpose or purposes, may, unless otherwise prescribed by statute or by the certificate of incorporation, be called only by the board of directors or the chief executive officer and shall be called by the chief executive officer or secretary at the request in writing of a majority of the board of directors. Such request shall state the purpose or purposes of the proposed meeting. Business transacted at any special meeting shall be limited to matters relating to the purpose or purposes stated in the notice of meeting.

Section 4. Notice of Meetings. Except as otherwise provided by law, written notice of each meeting of stockholders, annual or special, stating the place, date and hour of the meeting and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be given not less than ten nor more than sixty days before the date of the meeting, to each stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting.

Section 5. Voting List. The officer who has charge of the stock ledger of the corporation shall prepare and make, at least ten days before every meeting of stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours, for a period of at least ten days prior to the meeting, either at a place within the city or town where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of the meeting, or, if not so specified,

at the place where the meeting is to be held. The list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present.

Section 6. Quorum. The holders of a majority of the stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote thereat, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the stockholders for the transaction of business, except as otherwise provided by statute, the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws.

Section 7. Adjournments. Any meeting of stockholders may be adjourned from time to time to any other time and to any other place at which a meeting of stockholders may be held under these bylaws, which time and place shall be announced at the meeting, by a majority of the stockholders present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote, though less than a quorum, or, if no stockholder is present or represented by proxy, by any officer entitled to preside at or to act as secretary of such meeting, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present or represented. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the original meeting. If the adjournment is for more than thirty days, or if after the adjournment a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting.

Section 8. Action at Meetings. When a quorum is present at any meeting, the vote of the holders of a majority of the stock present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the question shall decide any question brought before such meeting, unless the question is one upon which by express provision of law, the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws, a different vote is required, in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question.

Section 9. Voting and Proxies. Unless otherwise provided in the certificate of incorporation, each stockholder shall at every meeting of the stockholders be entitled to one vote for each share of capital stock having voting power held of record by such stockholder. Each stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders, or to express consent or dissent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, may authorize another person or persons to act for him by proxy, but no such proxy shall be voted or acted upon after three years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period.

Section 10. Action Without Meeting. Any action required to be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders, or any action which may be taken at any annual or

special meeting of such stockholders, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted. Prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those stockholders who have not consented in writing.

ARTICLE II

DIRECTORS

Section 1. Number, Election, Tenure and Qualification. The number of directors which shall constitute the whole board of directors shall not be less than one (1) nor more than seven (7). Within such limit, the number of directors which shall constitute the whole board of directors shall be fixed from time to time by resolution of the board of directors. The directors shall be elected at the annual meeting or at any special meeting of the stockholders, except as provided in Section 3 of this Article, and each director elected shall hold office until his successor is elected and qualified, unless sooner displaced. Directors need not be stockholders.

Only persons who are nominated in accordance with the following procedures shall be eligible for election as directors. Nominations of persons for election to the board of directors at the annual meeting, by or at the direction of the board of directors, may be made by any nominating committee or person appointed by the board of directors; nominations may also be made by any stockholder of record of the corporation entitled to vote for the election of directors at the meeting who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section. Such nominations, other than those made by or at the direction of the board of directors, shall be made pursuant to timely notice in writing to the secretary of the corporation. To be timely, a stockholder's notice shall be delivered by a nationally recognized courier service or mailed by first class United States mail, postage or delivery charges prepaid, and received at the principal executive offices of the corporation addressed to the attention of the secretary of the corporation not less than 60 days nor more than 90 days prior to the scheduled date of the meeting (regardless of any postponements, deferrals or adjournments of that meeting to a later date); provided, however, that, in the case of an annual meeting and in the event that less than 70 days' notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the scheduled meeting is given or made to stockholders, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be so received not later than the earlier of (a) the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the scheduled meeting was mailed or such public

disclosure was made, whichever first occurs, or (b) two days prior to the date of the scheduled meeting. Such stockholder's notice to the secretary shall set forth (a) as to each person whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or reelection as a director, (i) the name, age, business address and residence address of the person, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of the person, (iii) the class, series and number of shares of capital stock of the corporation that are owned beneficially by the person, (iv) a statement as to the person's citizenship, and (v) any other information relating to the person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations for proxies for election of directors pursuant to Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; and (b) as to the stockholder giving the notice, (i) the name and record address of the stockholder and (ii) the class, series and number of shares of capital stock of the corporation that are owned beneficially by the stockholder. The corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as may reasonably be required by the corporation to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as director of the corporation. No person shall be eligible for election as a director of the corporation unless nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth herein.

In connection with any annual meeting, the chairman of the board of directors (or such other person presiding at such meeting in accordance with these by-laws) shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a nomination was not made in accordance with the foregoing procedure, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting and the defective nomination shall be disregarded.

Section 2. Enlargement. The number of the board of directors may be increased at any time by vote of a majority of the directors then in office.

Section 3. Vacancies. Vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, and the directors so chosen shall hold office until the next annual election and until their successors are duly elected and shall qualify, unless sooner displaced. If there are no directors in office, then an election of directors may be held in the manner provided by statute. In the event of a vacancy in the board of directors, the remaining directors, except as otherwise provided by law or these bylaws, may exercise the powers of the full board until the vacancy is filled.

Section 4. Resignation and Removal. Any director may resign at any time upon written notice to the corporation at its principal place of business or to the chief executive officer or

the secretary. Such resignation shall be effective upon receipt unless it is specified to be effective at some other time or upon the happening of some other event. Any director or the entire board of directors may be removed, with or without cause, by the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors, unless otherwise specified by law or the certificate of incorporation.

Section 5. General Powers. The business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed by its board of directors, which may exercise all powers of the corporation and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by statute or by the certificate of incorporation or by these bylaws directed or required to be exercised or done by the stockholders.

Section 6. Chairman of the Board. If the board of directors appoints a chairman of the board, he shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the stockholders and the board of directors. He shall perform such duties and possess such powers as are customarily vested in the office of the chairman of the board or as may be vested in him by the board of directors.

Section 7. Place of Meetings. The board of directors may hold meetings, both regular and special, either within or without the State of Delaware.

Section 8. Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the board of directors may be held without notice at such time and at such place as shall from time to time be determined by the board; provided that any director who is absent when such a determination is made shall be given prompt notice of such determination. A regular meeting of the board of directors may be held without notice immediately after and at the same place as the annual meeting of stockholders.

Section 9. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the board may be called by the chief executive officer, secretary, or on the written request of two or more directors, or by one director in the event that there is only one director in office. Two days notice to each director, either personally or by telegram, cable, telecopy, commercial delivery service, telex or similar means sent to his business or home address, or three days notice by written notice deposited in the mail, shall be given to each director by the secretary or by the officer or one of the directors calling the meeting. A notice or waiver of notice of a meeting of the board of directors need not specify the purposes of the meeting.

Section 10. Quorum, Action at Meeting, Adjournments. At all meetings of the board, a majority of directors then in office, but in no event less than one third of the entire board, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and the act of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at

which there is a quorum shall be the act of the board of directors, except as may be otherwise specifically provided by law or by the certificate of incorporation. For purposes of this section, the term "entire board" shall mean the number of directors last fixed by the stockholders or directors, as the case may be, in accordance with law and these bylaws; provided, however, that if less than all the number so fixed of directors were elected, the "entire board" shall mean the greatest number of directors so elected to hold office at any one time pursuant to such authorization. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the board of directors, a majority of the directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

Section 11. Action by Consent. Unless otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws, any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the board of directors or of any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the board or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in writing, and the writing or writings are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the board or committee.

Section 12. Telephonic Meetings. Unless otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws, members of the board of directors or of any committee thereof may participate in a meeting of the board of directors or of any committee, as the case may be, by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and such participation in a meeting shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

Section 13. Committees. The board of directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole board, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the directors of the corporation. The board may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. Any such committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the board of directors, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the board of directors in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation, and may authorize the seal of the corporation to be affixed to all papers which may require it; but no such committee shall have the power or authority in reference to amending the certificate of incorporation, adopting an agreement of merger or consolidation, recommending to the stockholders the sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all of the corporation's property and assets, recommending to the stockholders a dissolution of the corporation or a revocation of a dissolution, or amending the bylaws of the corporation; and, unless the resolution designating such committee or the

certificate of incorporation expressly so provide, no such committee shall have the power or authority to declare a dividend or to authorize the issuance of stock. Such committee or committees shall have such name or names as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by the board of directors. Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its meetings and make such reports to the board of directors as the board of directors may request. Except as the board of directors may otherwise determine, any committee may make rules for the conduct of its business, but unless otherwise provided by the directors or in such rules, its business shall be conducted as nearly as possible in the same manner as is provided in these bylaws for the conduct of its business by the board of directors.

Section 14. Compensation. Unless otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws, the board of directors shall have the authority to fix from time to time the compensation of directors. The directors may be paid their expenses, if any, of attendance at each meeting of the board of directors and the performance of their responsibilities as directors and may be paid a fixed sum for attendance at each meeting of the board of directors and/or a stated salary as director. No such payment shall preclude any director from serving the corporation or its parent or subsidiary corporations in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefor. The board of directors may also allow compensation for members of special or standing committees for service on such committees.

ARTICLE III

OFFICERS

Section 1. Enumeration. The officers of the corporation shall be chosen by the board of directors and shall be a president, a secretary and a treasurer and such other officers with such titles, terms of office and duties as the board of directors may from time to time determine, including a chairman of the board, one or more vice-presidents, and one or more assistant secretaries and assistant treasurers. If authorized by resolution of the board of directors, the chief executive officer may be empowered to appoint from time to time assistant secretaries and assistant treasurers. Any number of offices may be held by the same person, unless the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws otherwise provide.

Section 2. Election. The board of directors at its first meeting after each annual meeting of stockholders shall choose a president, a secretary and a treasurer. Other officers may be appointed by the board of directors at such meeting, at any other meeting, or by written consent.

Section 3. Tenure. The officers of the corporation shall hold office until their successors are chosen and qualify, unless a different term is specified in the vote choosing or appointing him, or until his earlier death, resignation or removal. Any officer elected or appointed by the board of directors or by the chief executive officer may be removed at any time by the affirmative vote of a majority of the board of directors or a committee duly authorized to do so, except that any officer appointed by the chief executive officer may also be removed at any time by the chief executive officer. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the corporation may be filled by the board of directors, at its discretion. Any officer may resign by delivering his written resignation to the corporation at its principal place of business or to the chief executive officer or the secretary. Such resignation shall be effective upon receipt unless it is specified to be effective at some other time or upon the happening of some other event.

Section 4. President. The president shall be the chief operating officer of the corporation. He shall also be the chief executive officer unless the board of directors otherwise provides. The president shall, unless the board of directors provides otherwise in a specific instance or generally, preside at all meetings of the stockholders and the board of directors, have general and active management of the business of the corporation and see that all orders and resolutions of the board of directors are carried into effect. The president shall execute bonds, mortgages, and other contracts requiring a seal, under the seal of the corporation, except where required or permitted by law to be otherwise signed and executed and except where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the board of directors to some other officer or agent of the corporation.

Section 5. Vice-Presidents. In the absence of the president or in the event of his inability or refusal to act, the vice-president, or if there be more than one vice-president, the vice-presidents in the order designated by the board of directors or the chief executive officer (or in the absence of any designation, then in the order determined by their tenure in office) shall perform the duties of the president, and when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the president. The vice-presidents shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the board of directors or the chief executive officer may from time to time prescribe.

Section 6. Secretary. The secretary shall have such powers and perform such duties as are incident to the office of secretary. He shall maintain a stock ledger and prepare lists of stockholders and their addresses as required and shall be the custodian of corporate records. The secretary shall attend all meetings of the board of directors and all meetings of the stockholders and record all the proceedings of the meetings of

the corporation and of the board of directors in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall perform like duties for the standing committees when required. He shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the stockholders and special meetings of the board of directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be from time to time prescribed by the board of directors or chief executive officer, under whose supervision he shall be. He shall have custody of the corporate seal of the corporation and he, or an assistant secretary, shall have authority to affix the same to any instrument requiring it and when so affixed, it may be attested by his signature or by the signature of such assistant secretary. The board of directors may give general authority to any other officer to affix the seal of the corporation and to attest the affixing by his signature.

Section 7. Assistant Secretaries. The assistant secretary, or if there be more than one, the assistant secretaries in the order determined by the board of directors, the chief executive officer or the secretary (or if there be no such determination, then in the order determined by their tenure in office), shall, in the absence of the secretary or in the event of his inability or refusal to act, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the secretary and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the board of directors, the chief executive officer or the secretary may from time to time prescribe. In the absence of the secretary or any assistant secretary at any meeting of stockholders or directors, the person presiding at the meeting shall designate a temporary or acting secretary to keep a record of the meeting.

Section 8. Treasurer. The treasurer shall perform such duties and shall have such powers as may be assigned to him by the board of directors or the chief executive officer. In addition, the treasurer shall perform such duties and have such powers as are incident to the office of treasurer. The treasurer shall have the custody of the corporate funds and securities and shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the corporation and shall deposit all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the corporation in such depositories as may be designated by the board of directors. He shall disburse the funds of the corporation as may be ordered by the board of directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the chief executive officer and the board of directors, when the chief executive officer or board of directors so requires, an account of all his transactions as treasurer and of the financial condition of the corporation.

Section 9. Assistant Treasurers. The assistant treasurer, or if there shall be more than one, the assistant treasurers in the order determined by the board of directors, the chief executive officer or the treasurer (or if there be no such determination, then in the order determined by their tenure

in office), shall, in the absence of the treasurer or in the event of his inability or refusal to act, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the treasurer and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the board of directors, the chief executive officer or the treasurer may from time to time prescribe.

Section 10. Bond. If required by the board of directors, any officer shall give the corporation a bond in such sum and with such surety or sureties and upon such terms and conditions as shall be satisfactory to the board of directors, including without limitation a bond for the faithful performance of the duties of his office and for the restoration to the corporation of all books, papers, vouchers, money and other property of whatever kind in his possession or under his control and belonging to the corporation.

ARTICLE IV

NOTICES

Section 1. Delivery. Whenever, under the provisions of law, or of the certificate of incorporation or these bylaws, written notice is required to be given to any director or stockholder, such notice may be given by mail, addressed to such director or stockholder, at his address as it appears on the records of the corporation, with postage thereon prepaid, and such notice shall be deemed to be given at the time when the same shall be deposited in the United States mail. Unless written notice by mail is required by law, written notice may also be given by telegram, cable, teletype, commercial delivery service, telex or similar means, addressed to such director or stockholder at his address as it appears on the records of the corporation, in which case such notice shall be deemed to be given when delivered into the control of the persons charged with effecting such transmission, the transmission charge to be paid by the corporation or the person sending such notice and not by the addressee. Oral notice or other in-hand delivery (in person or by telephone) shall be deemed given at the time it is actually given.

Section 2. Waiver of Notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given under the provisions of law or of the certificate of incorporation or of these bylaws, a waiver thereof in writing, signed by the person or persons entitled to said notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent thereto.

ARTICLE V

INDEMNIFICATION

Section 1. Actions Other than by or in the Right of the Corporation. Subject to Section 4 of this Article V, the

corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation) by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceedings, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

Section 2. Actions by or in the Right of the Corporation.

Subject to Section 4 of this Article V, the corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation; except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or such other court shall deem proper.

Section 3. Success on the Merits. To the extent that any person described in Section 1 or 2 of this Article V has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any

action, suit or proceeding referred to in said Sections, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, he shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection therewith.

Section 4. Specific Authorization. Any indemnification under Section 1 or 2 of this Article V (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in Section 1 or 2, as the case may be, of this Article V. Such determination shall be made (1) by the board of directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to such action, suit or proceeding, or (2) if such a quorum is not obtainable, or, even if obtainable a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or (3) by the stockholders of the corporation.

Section 5. Advance Payment. Expenses incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding as authorized by the board of directors in the manner provided for in Section 4 of this Article V upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of any person described in said Section to repay such amount unless it shall ultimately be determined that he is entitled to indemnification by the corporation as authorized in this Article V.

Section 6. Non-Exclusivity. The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by this Article V shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in his official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person; provided, however, that any repeal or amendment of any of the provisions of this Article V shall not adversely affect any right or protection of any indemnitee existing at the time of such repeal or amendment.

Section 7. Insurance. The board of directors may authorize, by a vote of the majority of the full board, the corporation to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his

status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under the provisions of this Article V.

Section 8. Severability. If any word, clause or provision of this Article V or any award made hereunder shall for any reason be determined to be invalid, the provisions hereof shall not otherwise be affected thereby but shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 9. Intent of Article. The intent of this Article V is to provide for indemnification to the fullest extent not prohibited by section 145 of the General Corporation Law of Delaware. To the extent that such Section or any successor section may be amended or supplemented from time to time, this Article V shall be amended automatically and construed so as to permit indemnification to the fullest extent from time to time not prohibited by law.

ARTICLE VI

CAPITAL STOCK

Section 1. Certificates of Stock. Every holder of stock in the corporation shall be entitled to have a certificate, signed by, or in the name of the corporation by, the chairman or vice-chairman of the board of directors, or the president or a vice-president and the treasurer or an assistant treasurer, or the secretary or an assistant secretary of the corporation, certifying the number of shares owned by him in the corporation. Any or all of the signatures on the certificate may be a facsimile. In case any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate shall have ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if he were such officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue. Certificates may be issued for partly paid shares and in such case upon the face or back of the certificates issued to represent any such partly paid shares, the total amount of the consideration to be paid therefor, and the amount paid thereon shall be specified.

Section 2. Lost Certificates. The board of directors may direct a new certificate or certificates to be issued in place of any certificate or certificates theretofore issued by the corporation alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed. When authorizing such issue of a new certificate or certificates, the board of directors may, in its discretion and as a condition precedent to the issuance thereof, require the owner of such lost, stolen or destroyed certificate or certificates, or his legal representative, to give reasonable evidence of such loss, theft or destruction, to advertise the same in such manner as it shall require and/or to give the

corporation a bond in such sum as it may direct as indemnity against any claim that may be made against the corporation with respect to the certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed or the issuance of such new certificate.

Section 3. Transfer of Stock. Upon surrender to the corporation or the transfer agent of the corporation of a certificate for shares, duly endorsed or accompanied by proper evidence of succession, assignment or authority to transfer, and proper evidence of compliance with other conditions to rightful transfer, it shall be the duty of the corporation to issue a new certificate to the person entitled thereto, cancel the old certificate and record the transaction upon its books.

Section 4. Record Date. In order that the corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of stockholders or any adjournment thereof, or to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights, or entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the board of directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty days nor less than ten days before the date of such meeting, nor more than sixty days prior to any other action to which such record date relates. A determination of stockholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; provided, however, that the board of directors may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting. If no record date is fixed, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be at the close of business on the day before the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day before the day on which the meeting is held. The record date for determining stockholders entitled to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, when no prior action by the board of directors is necessary, shall be the day on which the first written consent is expressed. The record date for determining stockholders for any other purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the board of directors adopts the resolution relating to such purpose.

Section 5. Registered Stockholders. The corporation shall be entitled to recognize the exclusive right of a person registered on its books as the owner of shares to receive dividends, and to vote as such owner, and to hold liable for calls and assessments a person registered on its books as the owner of shares, and shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such share or shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by the laws of Delaware.

ARTICLE VII

CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS

Section 1. Transactions with Interested Parties. No contract or transaction between the corporation and one or more of its directors or officers, or between the corporation and any other corporation, partnership, association or other organization in which one or more of its directors or officers are directors or have a financial interest, shall be void or voidable solely for this reason, or solely because the director or officer is present at or participates in the meeting of the board or committee thereof which authorizes the contract or transaction or solely because his or their votes are counted for such purpose, if:

(a) the material facts as to his relationship or interest and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the board of directors or the committee, and the board or committee in good faith authorizes the contract or transaction by the affirmative votes of a majority of the disinterested directors, even though the disinterested directors be less than a quorum; or

(b) The material facts as to his relationship or interest and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the stockholders entitled to vote thereon, and the contract or transaction is specifically approved in good faith by vote of the stockholders; or

(c) The contract or transaction is fair as to the corporation as of the time it is authorized, approved or ratified, by the board of directors, a committee thereof, or the stockholders.

Section 2. Quorum. Common or interested directors may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at a meeting of the board of directors or of a committee which authorizes the contract or transaction.

ARTICLE VIII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. Dividends. Dividends upon the capital stock of the corporation, if any, may be declared by the board of directors at any regular or special meeting or by written consent, pursuant to law. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property, or in shares of the capital stock, subject to the provisions of the certificate of incorporation.

Section 2. Reserves. The directors may set apart out of any funds of the corporation available for dividends a reserve or reserves for any proper purpose and may abolish any such reserve.

Section 3. Checks. All checks or demands for money and notes of the corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers or such other person or persons as the board of directors may from time to time designate.

Section 4. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the corporation shall be fixed by resolution of the board of directors.

Section 5. Seal. The board of directors may, by resolution, adopt a corporate seal. The corporate seal shall have inscribed thereon the name of the corporation, the year of its organization and the word "Delaware." The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or otherwise reproduced. The seal may be altered from time to time by the board of directors.

ARTICLE IX

AMENDMENTS

These bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed or new bylaws may be adopted by the stockholders or by the board of directors, when such power is conferred upon the board of directors by the certificate of incorporation, at any regular meeting of the stockholders or of the board of directors or at any special meeting of the stockholders or of the board of directors provided, however, that in the case of a regular or special meeting of stockholders, notice of such alteration, amendment, repeal or adoption of new bylaws be contained in the notice of such meeting.

July 14, 1997

Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
3174 Porter Drive
Palo Alto, California 94304

Re: Registration Statement on Form S-3

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are acting as counsel for Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with the registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of 1,150,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), of the Company, all of which are authorized but heretofore unissued shares are to be offered and sold by the Company (including 150,000 shares subject to the underwriters' over-allotment option). In this regard we have participated in the preparation of a Registration Statement on Form S-3 relating to such 1,150,000 shares of Common Stock. (Such Registration Statement, as amended, and including any registration statement related thereto and filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act (a "Rule 462(b) registration statement") is herein referred to as the "Registration Statement.")

We are of the opinion that the shares of Common Stock to be offered and sold by the Company (including any shares of Common Stock registered pursuant to a Rule 462(b) registration statement) have been duly authorized and, when issued and sold by the company in the manner described in the Registration Statement and in accordance with the resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company, will be legally issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as Exhibit 5.1 to the Registration Statement and to the use of our name under the caption "Legal Matters" in the Registration Statement and in the Prospectus included therein.

Very truly yours,

/s/ PILLSBURY MADISON & SUTRO LLP

CONSENT OF ERNST & YOUNG LLP, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

We consent to the reference to our firm under the captions "Selected Financial Data" and "Experts" in the Registration Statement (Form S-3) and related Prospectus of Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc. for the registration of shares of its common stock and to the incorporation by reference therein of our report dated February 7, 1997, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Inc. included in its Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 1996, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Palo Alto, California
July 14, 1997