

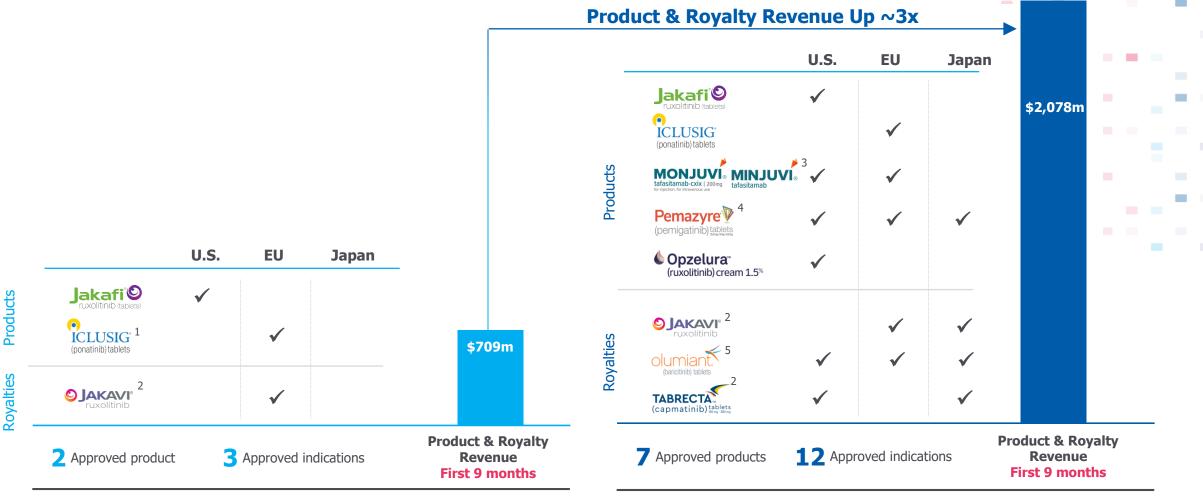
Forward-looking statements

Except for the historical information set forth herein, the matters set forth in this presentation contain predictions, estimates, and other forward-looking statements, including without limitation statements regarding: our expectations regarding 2022 newsflow items; expectations regarding Opzelura; the potential opportunities offered by Incyte's multiple dermatology programs and expectations regarding the timing of clinical trials for same; the potential for improvement in treatment of patients with MF and opportunities offered by the LIMBER program; the potential for targeted combinations and new molecules for MPNs and GVHD; the opportunities for continued growth in treatments for MPNs/GVHD and expectations regarding the timing of clinical trials and regulatory submissions for same; the opportunities for growth offered by tafasitamab; expectations for other assets in development, including parsaclisib in warm autoimmune hemolytic anemia and programs in oral PD-L1, adenosine, and LAG-3; the transformational growth potential of Incyte's portfolio, including expectations regarding continued growth from Jakafi and the opportunities presented by once-a-day ruxolitinib and by axatilimab in GVHD, expectations regarding the commercialization of Monjuvi/Minjuvi and Pemazyre, as well as potential future commercial opportunities presented by parsaclisib and Incyte's oral PD-L1 and adenosine programs, expectations for Opzelura in atopic dermatitis and vitiligo, ruxolitimab cream in other indications, and INCB54707, and the potential for growth in royalties from new indications and new geographies.

These forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially, including unanticipated developments in and risks related to: unanticipated delays; the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and measures to address the pandemic on our clinical trials, supply chain and other third-party providers, sales and marketing efforts, and business, development, and discovery operations, as well as on regulatory agencies such as the FDA; further research and development and the results of clinical trials possibly being unsuccessful or insufficient to meet applicable regulatory standards or warrant continued development; the ability to enroll sufficient numbers of subjects in clinical trials and the ability to enroll subjects in accordance with planned schedules; determinations made by the FDA and regulatory agencies outside of the United States; our dependence on relationships with and changes in the plans and expenditures of our collaboration partners; the efficacy or safety of our products and the products of our collaboration partners; the acceptance of our products and the products of our collaboration partners in the marketplace; market competition; unexpected variations in the demand for our products and the products of our collaboration partners; the effects of announced or unexpected price regulation or limitations on reimbursement or coverage for our products and the products of our collaboration partners; sales, marketing, manufacturing, and distribution requirements, including our and our collaboration partners' ability to successfully commercialize and build commercial infrastructure for newly approved products and any additional new products that become approved; and other risks detailed from time to time in our reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, including our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2021. We disclaim any intent or obligation to update these for



<u>5yrs of significant portfolio expansion and revenue growth</u>





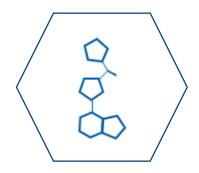
2016

2021

1. Iclusig (ponatinib) is a registered trademark of ARIAD. 2.Jakavi (ruxolitinib) licensed to Novartis ex-US, Tabrecta (capmatinib) licensed to Novartis worldwide; these brands are trademarks of Novartis. 3. Monjuvi (tafasitamab-cxix) is a registered trademark of MorphoSys; Monjuvi revenues recognized by MorphoSys and included in our collaboration loss sharing line item on our condensed consolidated statement of operations in our third quarter 2021 financial results. 4. Pemazyre approved in the U.S. and in Europe for cholangiocarcinoma; Pemazyre is approved in Japan for biliary tract carcinoma. 5. Olumiant (baricitinib) licensed to Lilly worldwide; this brands is a trademarks of Lilly; Olumiant approved in Europe and Japan for atopic dermatitis, not the U.S.

What drives our success?

Transformative medicines + commercial execution



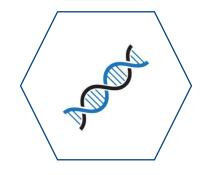
Unique ability to develop highly selective small molecules

Ruxolitinib Baricitinib

Ruxolitinib cream A2A/A2B

Pemigatinib Oral PD-L1

Capmatinib



Development in areas of high unmet medical need

First JAKi in MF, PV, GVHD

First targeted therapy in CCA

First topical JAKi in atopic dermatitis

First topical JAKi in vitiligo (pending regulatory approval)



Successful commercialization

Jakafi: Market leader with >\$1.9bn in FY'20 net sales (26% 5-yr CAGR)

Pemazyre: Market leader in CCA

Opzelura: >15,500¹ new patient starts in first 10 weeks of launch



Agenda

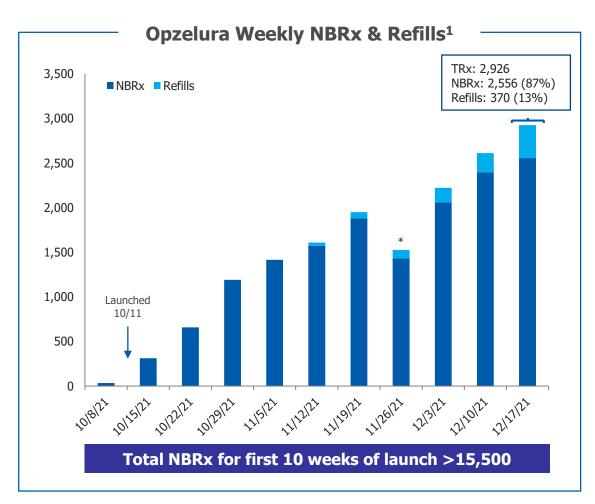
- □ Dermatology
- ☐ MPNs/GVHD
- **□** Other Program Highlights

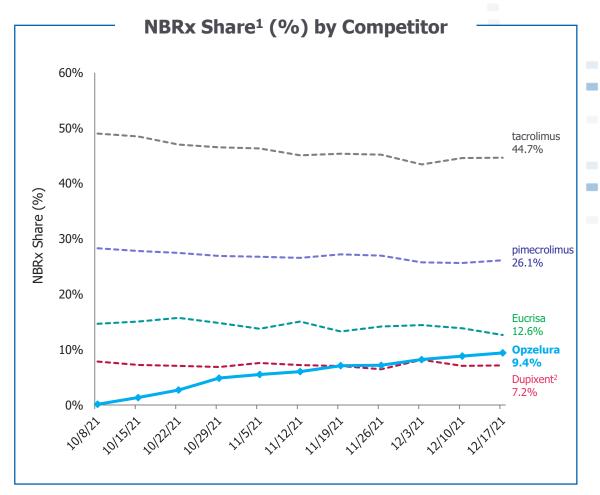






Strong week over week new-to-brand (NBRx) growth







*Holiday week

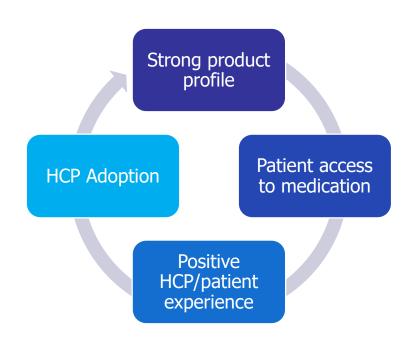
NBRx = new-to-brand prescription; TRx = total prescription

^{1.} IQVIA data week ending 12/17/2021

[.] Dupixent excludes scripts written by Pulmonologists, Otolaryngologists, and 50% of scripts written by Allergists



Positive HCP and patient experiences driving strong launch



Feedback from HCPs who have already prescribed Opzelura for their AD patients¹:

- Highlight efficacy including rapid onset, itch reduction and skin clearance in a safe topical as reason to prescribe
- View Opzelura as safe and the boxed warning is attributable to oral JAKs
- Expect to primarily use as a monotherapy following TCS (50%) or TCI/Eucrisa (50%) failures in mild and moderate atopic dermatitis patients
- Report positive patient experience

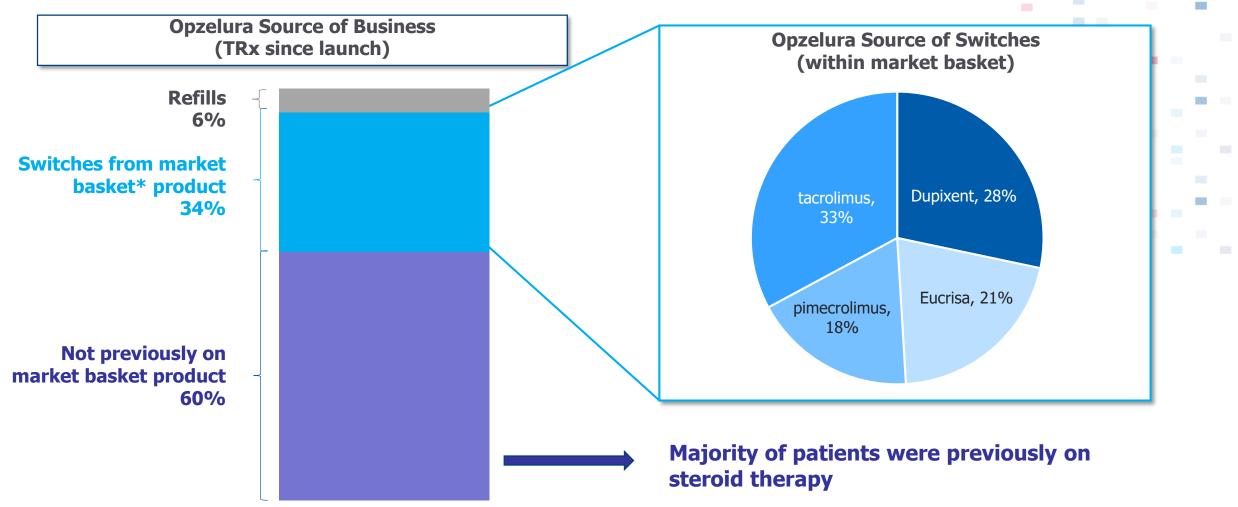
"A new mechanism, totally. It's topical and for all intents and purposes it's safe... That's why we're all excited, including myself, about this arrival." -Dermatologist



1. Source: Market Pulse Survey, December 2021



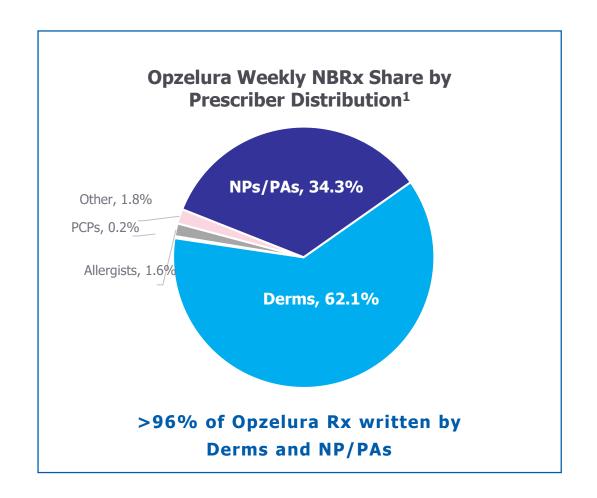
Broad-based switches highlight the unmet need in patients







Strong uptake among Dermatologists and NP/PAs



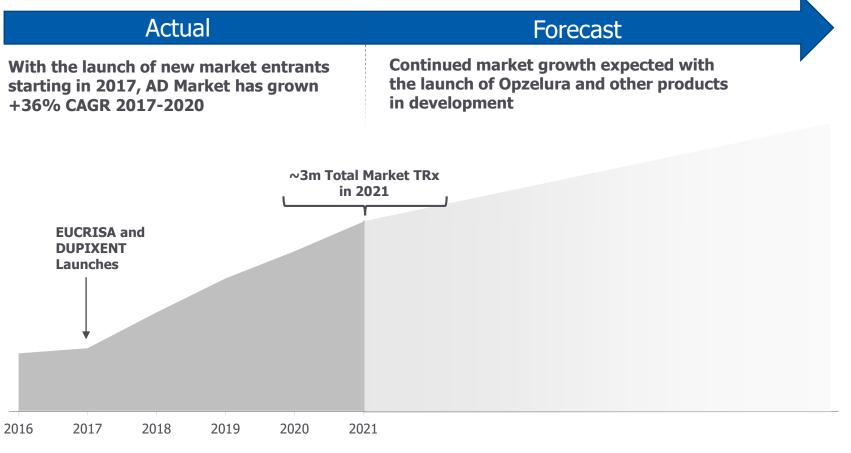
>2 million atopic dermatitis patients being treated by Dermatologists and NP/PAs

78% of market prescriptions* are written by top 20% of Derms, NP/PAs and allergists





Market opportunity post-steroids



Opzelura™ (ruxolitinib) cream 1.5%

3 to 4

TUBES / YEAR
Per Patient

\$1.5+ BILLION

PEAK SALES ESTIMATE FOR AD IN THE US





Advancing multiple programs in dermatology

| | Ruxolitinib Cream | | | | INCB54707 | |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------|
| Indication | Atopic Dermatitis | Chronic Hand Eczema | Vitil | igo | Hidradenitis Suppurativa | Prurigo Nodularis |
| Patients | Pediatric | TBD | BSA≤10% | BSA≥8% | Draining fistula count <u><</u> 20 | ≥ 20 nodules |
| Clinical Trials | TRuE-AD3 Max Use (>2 to <12) | Starting in H1'2022 | TRuE-V1 TRuE-V2 | Phase 2 | Phase 2 | Phase 2 |
| Epidemiology in the U.S. | 2-3 Million pediatric patients ¹ | 4% of population ² | >1.5 M | illion ³ | 0.1% ⁴ of population | >200,0005 |

^{1.} DRG; Silverberg JI. Dermatol Clin. 2017;35(3):283-289

Incyte

^{2.} Quaade AS, Simonsen AB, Halling AS, Thyssen JP, Johansen JD. Prevalence, incidence, and severity of hand eczema in the general population - A systematic review and meta-analysis. Contact Dermatitis. 2021 Jun;84(6):361-374. doi: 10.1111/cod.13804. Epub 2021 Feb 23. PMID: 33548072.

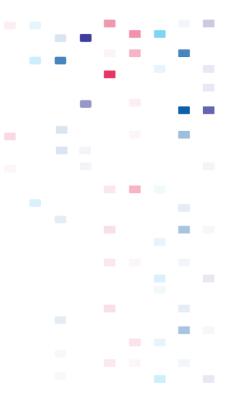
^{3.} Bergqvist C, Ezzedine K. Vitiligo: A Review. Dermatology 2020;236:571-592. doi: 10.1159/000506103

^{4.} Garg A, Kirby JS, Lavian J, Lin G, Strunk A. Sex- and Age-Adjusted Population Analysis of Prevalence Estimates for Hidradenitis Suppurativa in the United States. JAMA Dermatol. 2017 Aug 1;153(8):760-764. doi: 10.1001/jamadermatol.2017.0201. PMID: 28492923; PMCID: PMC5710402.

https://www.uptodate.com/contents/prurigo-nodularis

Agenda

- **□ Dermatology**
- ☐ MPNs/GVHD
- **□** Other Program Highlights





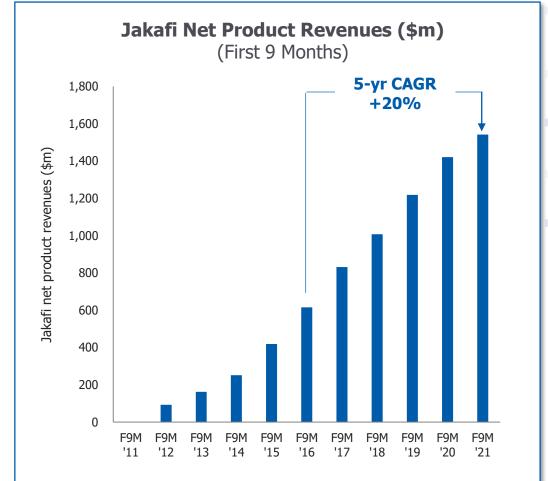


Sustained leadership across MPNs and GVHD

Drivers of Jakafi success (F9M'21 \$1.5b)

- Best-in-class and first-in-class molecule
- Approved in markets with high unmet need
- Supported by long-term safety and efficacy data
- Excellence in medical and commercial education
- Expansion into new indications



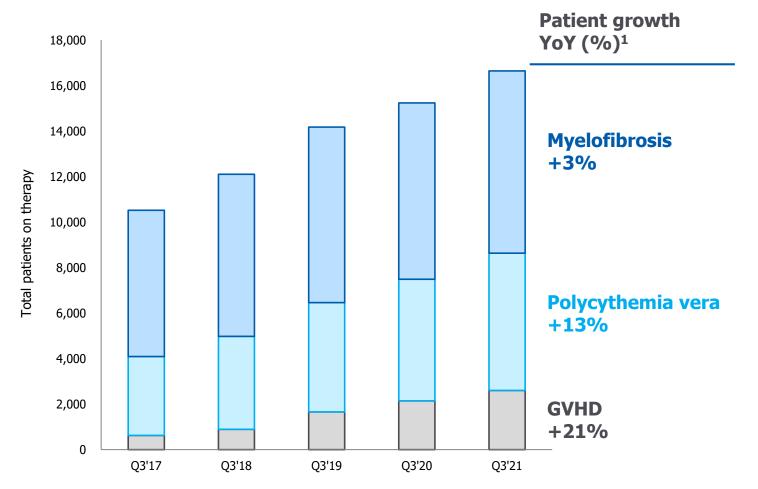




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Continued growth across all indications





- New patient growth across all indications
- Approval in chronic GVHD at end of September 2021





MF: Improvement potential for JAK-treated patients

~16,000 patients eligible for Jakafi

Opportunities for LIMBER program

LIMBER strategy

~55% MF patients are on Jakafi

~25% of patients on Jakafi have a **suboptimal response** to single agent JAK inhibition^{1,2}

~25% of patients on Jakafi are on **sub-therapeutic dose** because of anemia and could benefit from JAK dose intensity³

QD rux + (PI3K, BET)

Novel targets

QD rux + ALK2

Novel targets

~20% patients previously on Jakafi

~25% patients not yet on therapy; recently diagnosed Top 3 reasons for **discontinuation** on Jakafi are anemia, thrombocytopenia and disease progression³

QD rux + (PI3K, BET, ALK2)

Novel targets





¹ Verstovsek et al. NE1M 2012

. U.S. market audit O2-2020

^{25%} of patients have suboptimal response to single agent JAK inhibition at therapeutic dose



GVHD: Development across multiple lines of therapy

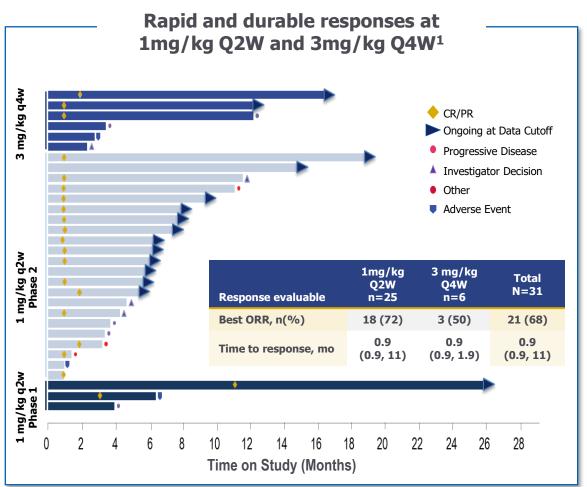
1st Line 2nd Line 3rd Line **Acute** akafi® **GVHD** 50% progress on corticosteroids ~3,000 ruxolitinib (tablets) U.S. prevalence Jakafi® **GRAVITAS**-309 Chronic ruxolitinib (tablets) itacitinib + corticosteroids **GVHD** axatilimab vs. corticosteroids ~14,000 monotherapy U.S. prevalence Potential for Potential for axatilimab + JAK inhibition axatilimab + JAK inhibition

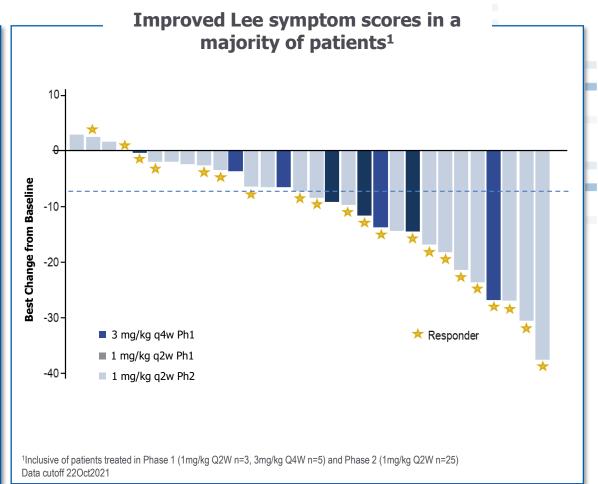






GVHD: Updated data for axatilimab monotherapy at ASH'21







MPNs/GVHD: Opportunities for continued growth

| | Asset | Status | Upcoming Data |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| MF, PV GVHD | QD ruxolitinib | Stability testing | NDA submission early 2022 |
| | + parsaclisib | Phase 3 (inadequate responders & 1L) | Top-line results in 2023 |
| ME | + BET | PoC | Initial results in 2022 |
| MF | + ALK2 | PoC | Initial results in 2022 |
| | CK0804 ¹ (Cellenkos) | PoC | |
| | Novel targets | Preclinical | |
| PV | Novel targets | Preclinical | |
| GVHD | itacitinib | Dose-ranging (SN chronic GVHD) | Results from Part 1 (dose-finding) in 2022 |
| | axatilimab ² | Phase 2 (3L chronic GVHD) | Top-line results in 2023 |



SN = steroid naïve; PoC = proof-of-concept

^{1.} Development of CK0804 plus ruxolitinib in collaboration with Cellenkos.

^{2.} Development of axatilimab in collaboration with Syndax Pharmaceuticals.

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Multiple opportunities for growth with tafasitamab

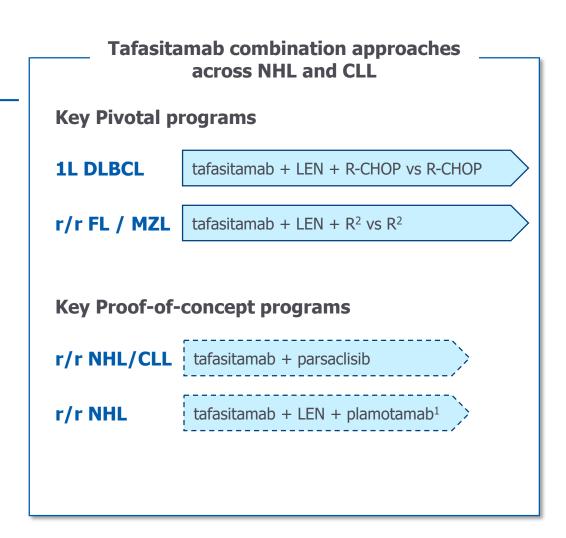
Increasing penetration in 2L+ DLBCL

United States

- Monjuvi approved in 2L+ DLBCL (Jul'20)
- Usage shifting into earlier lines of treatment (2L DLBCL)
- Persistency of patients on Monjuvi steadily increasing

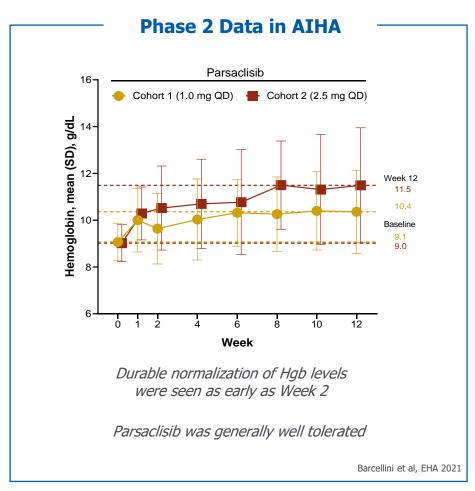
Europe

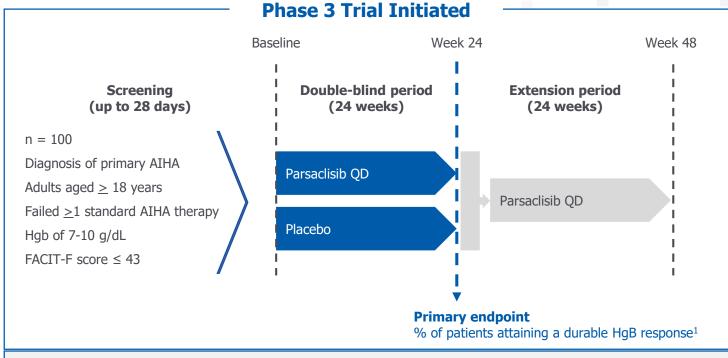
- Minjuvi approved in 2L+ DLBCL (Aug'21)
- Launch ongoing in Germany
- Securing reimbursement in other EU countries





Parsaclisib in warm autoimmune hemolytic anemia





Prevalence: 1 in 8,000 living with wAIHA²

Treatable population: ~30%

No approved therapies for wAIHA



- 1. Defined as hemoglobin ≥ 10 g/dL with an increase from baseline of ≥ 2 g/dL not attributed to rescue therapy at ≥ 3 of the 4 available visits at Week 12 and/or later during the 24-week double-blind treatment period.
- https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/warm-autoimmune-hemolytic-anemia/

Early Development Highlights

Oral PD-L1

INCB86550 Dose schedule optimization; Phase 2 currently enrolling I/O-naïve

INCB99280 Dose escalation

INCB99318 Dose escalation

Adenosine Program

INCB106385 (A_2A/A_2B)

Phase 1: mono or combo with PD-1

INCA00186 (CD73)

Phase 1: mono or combo with PD-1 and/or A_2A/A_2B

LAG-3

INCAGN23851

Phase 1/2: LAG-3+TIM-3 with and without PD-1

2022 planned updates:

- Data readout
- Selection of lead program(s)
- Indications for development based on clinical profile

Data readout

- Advance to stage 2 in melanoma by EOY
- Initiate POC studies



Oral PD-L1 program progressing with 3 candidates

Three oral PD-L1s in clinical development

INCB86550

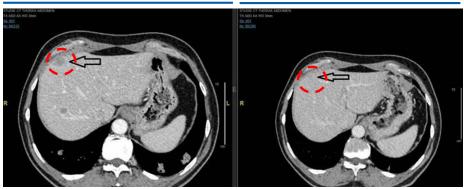
- Efficacy seen in tumor types known to be responsive to anti-PD-(L)1 mAb therapy
- Grade 2 or 3 TEAEs of peripheral neuropathy resolved or improved
- Phase 2 ongoing; dosing schedule optimization underway

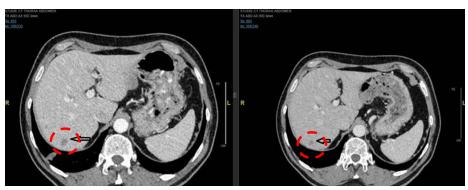
INCB99280 & INCB99318

- Tumor shrinkage observed
- No evidence of immune-related peripheral neuropathy to date
- Dose escalation ongoing

43% reduction in measurable disease in a patient after 8 weeks of treatment with INCB99280

Baseline Week 8

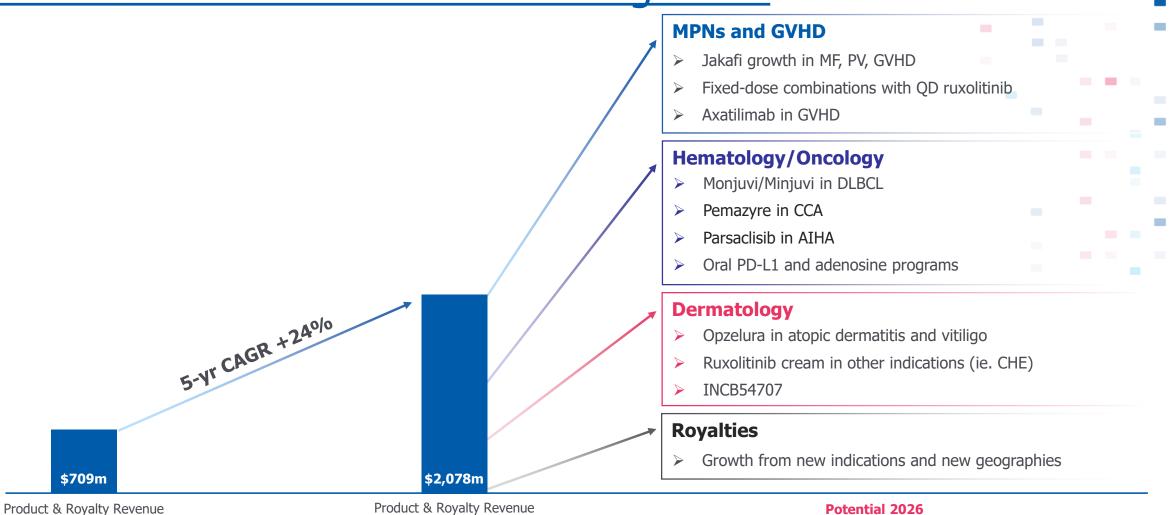




Subject 202-009: 55 year old male with microsatellite stable metastatic colon cancer; I/O naïve at baseline



Positioned for transformational growth



First 9 Months 2016 Incyte

First 9 Months 2021

Growth Drivers

